

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII] No 14 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,	Doors,
Lath,	Sash,
Shingles,	Blinds,
Cedar Posts and Stakes,	Mouldings,
Patent Roofing,	Verandah Columns,
Hardwood Flooring.	Stairs and Brackets,
	and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

WALLPAPER

Our Wallpaper Opening last week was in every way a grand success. Our friends were delighted with the mammoth display, and the beautiful designs, and very reasonable prices. Many large orders were given and this week we have been very busy filling orders.

It is a good time now to make your selections, in fact to do your papering. Our stock is complete. Paper hangers are not so busy as they will be later, and as it gets later you will have other pressing duties to perform, so in Wallpapering take my advice and

DO IT NOW!

REMEMBER—We can supply you with Paint, Kalsomine, Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Room Mouldings, Picture Framing, and all House Cleaning Supplies.

A New Departure--- We have placed in stock a complete line of the celebrated McKinley Edition of Music and will give you your choice of any sheet in the list

For Only 10 Cents.

Ask for Free Catalogue.

A. E. PAUL,

The Wallpaper Man.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

The New Grocery.

Call and see our goods, all Fresh and new—A full line of Groceries—Call and get a sample of our 25c Tea, the best in town—it doesn't need a

GOOD SALARIES

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best mercantile, banking and professional offices in the Dominion. Catalog and beautiful Xmas calendar sent free on request.

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1929.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

Coming By-and-Bye.

BY J. SMILLIE.

When winter nights are long and dull,
And sunny days are shy,
There's joy when birds begin to bring,
Some tidings of the balmy spring,
That's coming by-and-by.

It won't be long with laugh and song,
Though clouds are in the sky,
Till welcome spring new charms will bring,
When coming by-and-by.

When nature freshens with its glow,
The lustre of the eye,
The annual rise of sap will flow,
And in the ways of long ago,
Is coming by-and-by.

It won't be long with laugh and song,
Though clouds are in the sky,
Till welcome spring new charms will bring,
When coming by-and-by.

When snow will melt and slip away,
And fields look warm and dry,
The splendour of the sun and showers,
Will linger in the glorious flowers,
Then coming by-and-by.

It won't be long with laugh and song,
Though clouds are in the sky,
Till welcome spring new charms will bring,
When coming by-and-by.

When loveliness is over all,
And hopes are bright and high,
Then every girl should have a beau,
For better men as many know,
Are coming by-and-by.

It won't be long with laugh and song,
Though clouds are in the sky,
Till welcome spring new charms will bring,
When coming by-and-by.

When all the trees are green again,
And bloom is on the rye,
And picnic parties gaily shout,
We'll quite forget to think about,
What's coming by-and-by.

It won't be long with laugh and song,
Though clouds are in the sky,
Till welcome spring new charms will bring,
When coming by-and-by.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
March 15th, 1929.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor T. W. Simpson presiding.

Present—Reeve Ruttan and Councillors Bogart, Alexander, Steacy, Burrows, Kimmerly and Gibbard.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from the Electric Light Commissioners asking the council to pay an account of \$129.00 for meters, and charge the same against capital account. They were particularly anxious to have the account paid as they had some heavy indebtedness to meet in the near future.

Laid on the table until later in the evening.

Reeve Ruttan, chairman of the Finance Committee reported as follows:

1. In reference to the account from the House of Providence. He had written asking that the account be sent to the County Council, as part of it belonged to the county, and then the matter could be adjusted between the town and county.

introduced a motion to reduce the covered bridge item from \$1200 to \$900. Carried.

Reeve Ruttan and Councillor Bogart introduced a motion to reduce the Contingent Fund by two mills, or an amount of \$2415.30. The motion was lost on the following division.

Yeas—Bogart, Ruttan, Kimmerly, Nays—Alexander, Burrows, Gibbard, Simpson, Steacy.

Reeve Ruttan and Bogart then introduced a motion to reduce the Contingent fund by one mill, \$1207.65. Lost.

A motion that the committee rise and report progress and beg leave to sit again was also lost.

The by-law was then given its second reading in committee of the whole.

When the by-law came up for its third reading Reeve Ruttan and Coun. Bogart introduced a motion to refer the by-law back to the Finance Committee to have the estimates re-arranged so that the rate might be struck at seventeen mills on the dollar. Lost.

The by-law was then given its final reading, signed, sealed, numbered and passed.

Instructions were given the Finance Committee, together with the clerk, to draft a by-law providing for the collection

The New Grocery.

Call and see our goods, all Fresh and new—A full line of Groceries—Call and get a sample of our 25c Tea, the best in town—it doesn't need a magnifying glass to see that we are doing the business in Fruit and Groceries—Full supply of Macaroni imported from Italy—Eggs and Butter wanted, Highest Price Paid.

M. PIZZARIELLO,
Opposite Campbell House.

JUST RECEIVED!

The largest and best display of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts ever shown in Napanee

Collapsible Go-Carts,
with Top,
\$8.50

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

CRACKING

We have installed the latest and best machinery procurable for

CRACKING GRAIN

and would solicit a share of your patronage.

You will find our rates reasonable.

D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

Steady Employment.

for a reliable Local Salesman representing

Canada's Oldest and Greatest Nurseries

in Napanee and adjoining country. You will find there is a good demand for Nursery Stock on account of the high prices that growers have realized on their fruit this season.

Our salesmen are turning in big business to us this year. By one of them and earn good wages through the winter months. Territory reserved. Pay weekly. Free sample outfit, etc. Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON.
Fonthill Nurseries—830 acres
TORONTO, ONT. 11-4f

Cordwood and Slabs for sale. "Star" and "Lehigh" brands portland cement. Silo Mould for rental.

M. S. MADOLE.

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1909.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

ALBERT COLLEGE, BELLEVILLE, ONT. SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.

\$34.00 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all bus books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario and for Commercial Specialists.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Education, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.

For Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.

Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOMESEEEKERS'

EXCURSIONS

TO

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Trainleave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on

MAY 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 15, 29

JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets on Ontario stations to principal

Northwest points at

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

Winnipeg and return \$32.00; Edmonton and return

\$42.50, and to other points in proportion. Tickets

good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped

with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through

local agent.

Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEEKERS' PAMPHLET

containing rates and full information.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson,

Dist. Man. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

E. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Napanee

EMERALD.

Mr. Reid and Mr. Bell, Kingston, and Mr. Baker, of Bath, are moving to the island.

Allan Hutchins attended court in Napanee last week as jurymen.

A young daughter has arrived at the home of E. Tugwell.

H. McCarty was here on business for A. A. Connolly, of Yarker.

P. Howard spent a day in Napanee last week.

W. Herbert Downie, who claimed he was robbed of about one thousand dollars in his employer's office, was found guilty at St. John, N. B., of the robbery.

A few prices at WALLACE'S Drug Store, Napanee: 2 bottles Carter's pills 25cts, 2 bottles Dr. Thomas' Electric oil 25cts, Chase's K and L pills 15cts, Dodd's Kidney pills, 35c, genuine Dr. Williams' Pink pills, 30c, Nyaf's Kidney pills, 25c, 6lbs pure linseed meal (containing all the oil) 25c, 6 lbs. best cow salts, 25c, 6 lbs. pure sulphur 25c, 10 lbs. ordinary sulphur 25c, 3 tins Gillett's Lye 25c, 6 cakes crapple soap 25c, Wells and Richardson's butter color 12c, Fruitatives 30c. Everything fresh and good at the Red Cross Drug Store.

Laid on the table until later in the evening.

Reeve Rutlan, chairman of the Finance Committee reported as follows:

1. In reference to the account from the House of Providence. He had written asking that the account be sent to the County Council, as part of it belonged to the county, and then the matter could be adjusted between the town and county.

2. Your Finance Committee, to whom was referred the account of the Napanee Water Works Company, amounting to \$540.00 for a special supply of water for 1908 report as follows:—

That this account is furnished to the Town of Napanee for water for sprinkling streets, schools, public buildings &c. Under the expired contract with the Town of Napanee, which is the only contract, that has ever been made between the Napanee Water Works Company and the Town of Napanee, and which expired in the year 1899, clause 22 reads as follows:— "The Contractors hereby agree with the corporation that they will put in, and during the whole time this contract is in force, furnish water free of charge for the use of the council's rooms, and town offices in the town buildings and for the fire department buildings, also for the public schools situate on the line of main, also for a public fountain at such place as the town council may select, at which horses and cattle may drink, with self closing faucets, and that they will also set up four stand pipes for sprinkling the streets at such places as the corporation may indicate and will furnish water for the same for watering the streets, all of which things in this clause above mentioned, shall be put in, done and provided without extra charge, the corporation making due provision for the safety and proper use of the plant necessarily used in giving such supply as aforesaid, and to be responsible for any improper waste of water." To that there can be no claim or debt due from the town to the company for water supplied for the purposes named in the account.

We also draw the attention of the council to the fact that on the Ninth of November, A. D. 1892, a contract was entered into between the Napanee Water Works Company and the Town of Napanee, under which the Napanee Water Works Company agreed to pay to the Town of Napanee one-third of all the rentals actually received by the said Company for the use of water in water-closets hereafter connected with the line of sewers hereafter constructed or any extensions hereafter made, to the extent of seven per cent yearly on one-third of the actual cost of such main sewer and extensions for the distance along which the Company's water mains are laid or any extensions of such water mains hereafter made upon which hydrant rental is allowed by the town, said payments to be made as soon as the Company receives the rental for closets along said line of sewers and to commence from the time of the completion of the same and the receipt by the Company of a verified statement of the cost of each as hereinafter provided.

Under this contract, the town has a claim extending over sixteen years against the Napanee Water Works Company for rentals, which have never been paid.

Your Committee therefore recommend that the said account of the Napanee Water Works Company be not paid. Report adopted.

The Street Committee reported that they had made the repairs to the covered bridge by having cables placed under it, and felt satisfied a certain degree of stability had been attained.

The Town Property Committee reported that they had examined the roof on the Public Library and had found that the leakage had been caused by the expansion and contraction of the roof, which caused the opening of the seams. The work of repairing was being proceeded with.

A by-law was passed appointing Mr. E. B. Perry a constable of the town of Napanee. His salary is to be \$300 per annum, payable monthly, and his hours of duty are to be from ten o'clock in the evening to seven o'clock in the morning.

The by-law for striking the rate for 1909 was taken up and passed, the rate being struck at eighteen mills on the dollar. The figures which appeared in the report of the last council proceeding are the same with the exception of the following changes: \$500 was deducted from the contingent fund and added to the Fire Water and Light Committee appropriation.

Reeve Rutlan introduced a motion to strike out the grant to the public library, the band and the poultry show, but failed to get it carried.

Reeve Rutlan and Councillor Bogart in-

duced a motion to refer the by-law back to the Finance Committee to have the estimates re-arranged so that the rate might be struck at seventeen mills on the dollar. Lost.

The by-law was then given its final reading, signed, sealed, numbered and passed.

Instructions were given the Finance Committee, together with the clerk, to draft a by-law providing for the collection of taxes and the appointment of a Collector, and present the same at the next meeting of council.

Clause five and six of the Finance Committee's report, which were laid on the table at the last meeting of council, was taken up and discussed.

Clause five was adopted. The substance of this clause is "that the treasurer will have to give further and better bonds to the satisfaction of the council."

Clause six was lost.

The substance of this clause is "that a suitable safe be purchased for the treasurer's office in the town hall, so that the business may be done in the town hall."

The following communication was read by the clerk:

Napanee, March 8th.

Mr. F. H. PERRY,
Collector.

Dear Sir—Yours of the 5th inst., to hand and note contents. In regard to the taxes for the year 1909. The rate has been illegally struck, and I do not propose paying it, and you can so inform the council.

Yours truly,

R. C. CARTWRIGHT.

Referred to the town solicitor for his opinion as to the legality of the by-law.

Mayor Simpson reported that the East street sewer had been causing trouble. It did not seem to carry off the water, and in consequence several cellars along this street were flooded.

The question will be looked into.

Mayor Simpson also reported that several citizens had spoken to him about the safety of the building occupied by the Wonderland on Dundas street. The place was considered unsafe because of there not being sufficient exits in case of fire, also it was unsanitary because of there being no ventilation.

SOMETHING NEW IN PAINT

Anyone can do their own grain-
ing (the new way). Ask about it

—at—

Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store

P. S. We are selling an extra good Varnish (that won't turn white with water) for Floors and Linoleums.

Moved by Coun. Burrows, seconded by Coun. Alexander, that the Committee on By-Laws be instructed to draft a suitable by-law regulating all public buildings. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Rutlan, seconded by Coun. Alexander, that the Mayor prepare an address of welcome to be presented to the Grand Orange Lodge of Eastern Ontario, which meet in convention in Napanee this week, and that the Mayor and council attend in a body and present the said address. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Burrows, seconded by Coun. Kimmery, the clerk be instructed to advertise for tenders for the necessary supplies for street, for teams for the two sprinklers, for a caretaker for the Harvey Warner park, and for a price for constructing granolithic walks. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered paid: Gutta Percha Rubber Co., supplies for fire brigade, \$44.72; F. E. Vanliven, coal for town buildings, \$28.00; Wm Templeton, printing, \$25.00; Express Office, printing, \$29.15; Thos. Smith, snow shovelling, \$1.13; J. L. Boyes, tickets for poor, \$1.90; Electric Light Commissioners, for meters, \$129.00; W. R. Pringle, balast, \$8.80.

Council adjourned.

Some actors who claim to be wedded to their art have good grounds for a divorce.

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NANANEE EXPRESS.

NANANEE—FRIDAY, MARCH 19th, 1909

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

Men's Colored Shirts

You'll need some new Shirts for Spring. Why not buy where you have the best Shirts made to select from? We control the Shirts made by W. G. & R. They are acknowledged the best makers in Canada, and their Shirts are perfect fitters.

Prices from
75c to \$2.00

Our \$1.00 and \$1.25 Shirts
are beauties this spring.

Come and see what we can show
you.

J. L. BOYES,

TAMWORTH.

Willie Gilmour and wife and Nathaniel Hinobey left on Monday night with their car load of stock and household effects for the North West.

Mrs. Joyner, of Yarker, is visiting at Mrs. D. E. Rose's.

The Methodist will hold a grand celebration in Tamworth, July 1st, 1909.

The G. F. C., will hold their meeting the first week in April, at the home of Mrs. Thomas.

The blind preacher, preached a grand sermon on Sunday night last in the Methodist church.

The snow storm of last Tuesday made the sleighing good once more.

Jacob Anderson died on Tuesday last, aged 87 years.

Spring hats for men and boys just arrived at Floyd & Co's.

CENTREVILLE.

The farmers are making preparations for sugar making.

E. W. Lochhead is busily engaged drawing timber, lumber, sand, etc., to his farm, where he will erect a new set of buildings the coming season.

John Kavanaugh and family, Newburgh, are moving on the Whelan farm.

Bell Bros., who have resided near Nananee the past couple of years, are moving on the Reid farm, now owned by Alfred Milligan.

Quite a number of Orangemen from this part have been attending Grand Lodge held in Nananee during the past week.

Our good sleighing of the past week or so has almost vanished.

Patrick Shannon has removed to the village and will follow up the business of well-drilling.

There has been very little sickness around this part this winter.

Our merchants are doing a rushing

Orange Grand Lodge.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East met at Nananee Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, being its fiftieth annual session. The attendance was the largest in the history of the order. Grand Master Geo. Boyce occupied the chair, and the prominent members of the order present were:—Dr. Sproule, M. P., Grand Master and Sovereign; Lieut-Col. Belcher, Grand Master of the Grand Black Chapter of Ontario West; D. Munroe, Past Grand Master of Ontario East; T. B. Collins, Past Grand Master; Rev. Ralph Fulcher, Grand Organizer for the L. T. B. Association; Robt. Birmingham, Grand Organizer for Ontario West, and many others.

The address of the Grand Master was an interesting review of the past year.

The Grand Secretary's report showed that substantial progress had been made, both in membership and lodge property, and the order generally was never in a more flourishing condition.

The Grand Treasurer showed a very satisfactory surplus on hand.

During the afternoon an address of welcome was presented by the Mayor and corporation of the town of Nananee, also by the County and District Orange Lodge of Lennox and Addington, and suitably replied to by the Grand Master.

Following is the address from the Corporation of the Town of Nananee:

TO THE RIGHT WORSHIPFUL THE GRAND MASTER AND DELEGATES OF THE GRAND ORANGE LODGE OF EASTERN ONTARIO.

R. W. SIR AND BROTHER,—It is with great pleasure that the Mayor and Municipal Council of the Town of Nananee extend a cordial welcome to your Loyal and honourable lodge on the occasion of its Jubilee meeting and extend our congratulations on your having attained the half century work. Seventeen years have elapsed since you last assembled here and we venture to hope that your next meeting may not be so long postponed as the present one was. In conclusion let us hope that your stay among us may be mutually pleasant and profitable that one and all will carry away with them only pleasant recollections of their visit to our town.

Wednesday's proceedings closed with a public meeting in the opera house, addressed by Grand Master Sproule, Col. Belcher and other prominent members.

The following officers were installed for the ensuing year by Col. Belcher, Grand Master of Ontario West: Grand Master, S. Grant, Tweed; Deputy Grand Master, J. M. Thompson, Kemptville; Junior Deputy Grand Master, Jas. Batten, Peterboro; Chaplain, Rev. S. F. Dixon, Tamworth; Registrar, John Kelly, Lindsay; Deputy Registrar, A. W. Gray, Westport; Treasurer, T. C. McConnell, Springbrook; Deputy Treasurer, T. H. Thompson, Madoc; Lecturers, Jas. White and C. J. Smith, Madoc; Censors, T. H. Montgomery and W. E. Morrow, Stirling; Standard Bearers, T. E. Godkin, Oakleaf, and J. W. Elliott, Lindsay; Pur., J. J. Porritt, Tweed.

NEWS NOTES.

The crossing to Cape Vincent from Kingston is reported to be still in excellent con-

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement, Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

A BEAUTIFUL GASOLINE LAUNCH
22 ft long by 4 ft. 3 in. h. p. engine. Very suitable for the back lakes, and can be had at a bargain—must be sold soon. A. F. CHINNECK, Nananee.

HOUSE TO LET—On corner of Robert and Graham Streets. Nine rooms, furnace, bath, waterworks. Apply to DR. EDWARDS, Centre Street.

LONDON LANCASHIRE LIFE will appoint General Agent for Nananee and vicinity. Renewals attached. Experience unnecessary. Reply Manager, 125 Yonge Street, Toronto.

WANTED—A General Blacksmith in a good locality, the Township of Adolphustown. House and shop free of rent for one year. Apply to EDWARD GALLAGHER, Dorland, P. O.

HORSES WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT horses on Piano or Organ deals. If you wish to do business, call or write. J. C. CONNOLLY, Yarker.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Nananee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate Opposite Royal Hotel, Nananee.

Strawberry Plants!

We have a good stock of Plants for sale at the following prices:—

THE ISLAND KING, \$5.00 per Thousand
SENATOR DUNLAP, \$3.00 per Thousand
CRESCENT, \$3.00 per Thousand

J. W. & R. B. THOMPSON,
NANANEE.

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE real estate, by public auction.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in two certain Mortgages, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale on Monday, March 22nd, A. D. 1909, at the Court House in the Town of Nananee, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands:

ALL AND SINGULAR those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Frederickburg in the County of Lennox and Addington, being composed of all that part of the East half of

DOXSEE & CO.

ANNUAL SPRING

MILLINERY OPENING

SATURDAY, MARCH 27th

and following days.

Where you will have the pleasure of selecting the newest creations in Millinery. The styles and designs of our hats are unequalled.

The 1909 Rust-proof Directoire Model Corsets are here. Call and see them.

NEW COLLARS, NEW BELTS,
NEW BLOUSES,
NEW LISLE THREAD KID GLOVES,
in Black, White, Tan, Grey.

No personal invitations given, but everyone will be welcome.

The Leading Millinery House.

THE - DOMINION - BANK NANANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,981,000
RESERVE 4,979,000
TOTAL DEPOSITS BY THE PUBLIC
OVER \$36,973,000.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Nananee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA, ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

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Loge held in Napanee during the past week.
Our good sleighing of the past week or so has almost vanished.
Patrick Shannon has removed to the village and will follow up the business of well-drilling.
There has been very little sickness around this part this winter.
Our merchants are doing a rushing spring trade.

MOSCOW.

Mr. Johnson has got a good supply of wood out of the swamp for his cheese factory.

The trapping season promises to be interesting, as the merchants here have sold about a thousand new traps, which, in addition to the five thousand used in the marsh last season, will be apt to make a lively time for the muskrats. Prime hides are quoted at forty-five cents.

Vanluven Bros. have sold their roadster horse, "Villion," to a Saskatchewan firm.

C. Bogart and wife, of Napanee, visited friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Amey spent Sunday at James Yorke's, Bellrock.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lampkin attended the funeral of the late William Asseltine in Napanee on Friday.

Marshall Hoffman, suffering from an attack of pneumonia, is quite recovered.

Mrs. Forsythe O'Neal is in a serious condition, the result of an accident on Thursday when she ran a darning needle through her right hand, eye first.

Edward Huffman is under the doctor's care.

IT WILL KILL LICE
"Empire Dusting Powder" is the most effective and economical death dealer to the little "hide walkers" of anything we have yet come in contact with. It is used perfectly dry and destroys lice on cattle, horses, hens, or pigs. Sold in large packages at 25 cents. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

STELLA.

Burleigh L. O. L. No. 482 gave a free dance in Victoria hall on Friday evening. Tugwell's orchestra provided the music.

The dairy meeting was held in the village hall on Friday. This year the whey will be pasturized at a small cost to each patron.

Quite a number took in the delivery of machinery from Ernestown Station to Bath and the Island.

D. Caughney, sr., has sold his farm in the third concession to his son, D. Caughney, jr., who is moving to it. Alexander McCormick has rented Mrs. Filson's farm on the south shore.

W. S. McDonald left for Buffalo on Saturday.

The blue waters of Ontario are now visible at the foot of the Island. A few warm, sunny days and the driving on the ice will have to cease.

Farmers are looking over their implements and putting them in shape for seeding.

A new driving house is to be erected on the Glebe farm.

A. McDonald has the contract for putting up a new house for A. Burleigh.

Mrs. Patterson, Stella, gave a nice little party to a number of young people on Thursday evening in honor of her niece, Miss Maggie Tait, before leaving for her home in Deseronto.

Visitors: Dr. G. H. Patterson and T. J. Pollicie, Kingston, with friends here.

CASITORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

St. H. Godkin, Oakleaf, and J. W. Elliott, Lindsay; Pur., J. J. Porritt, Tweed.

NEWS NOTES.

The crossing to Cape Vincent from Kingston is reported to be still in excellent condition.

It is said that in Montreal there are between 20,000 and 30,000 unemployed people out of work.

Race suicide, divorce, and the suffragette movement were condemned by the Bishop of Niagara.

Strong regulations, regarding moving picture shows, have been framed by the provincial government.

The Italian police fear the Mafia may make an attempt on the life of ex-President Roosevelt during his stay in Italy.

An ancient city containing about a thousand houses has been discovered in the San Jacinto mountains in California.

The contagious hospital at Kingston is again closed. Thursday of last week the three remaining patients were discharged.

Five men were buried under a cave-in of earth on the National Transcontinental Railway near La Tuque, Quebec, and killed.

Twenty sailors were drowned near Rotterdam when the German ship Margretha was sunk in a collision with another vessel.

Longboat and wife are back in Deseronto. He has patched up with Powers and will run in the Marathon in New York in April. He will train in Hamilton.

Parliament has been informed that the condition of things of the last camp in Kingston—through unrestrained drunkenness—"was an absolute disgrace." The militia department has promised to investigate.—Kingston Whig

The wife of a poor cigar maker, of Havana, the mother of fourteen children, gave birth on March 12th, to quadruplets, two boys and two girls. President Gomez sent congratulations to the mother as a woman deserving well of the republic with tender and substantial assistance.

The action of Mrs. Agnes Spooner, of Glenburnie, against the G. T. R. Company for damages for the death of her husband and young son at the Montreal street crossing, Kingston, on January 27th last, has been settled. The company pays Mrs. Spooner \$3000, gives her young daughter \$500, and allows \$500 for costs, \$4000 in all.

MARLBANK.

The services in both churches were well attended on Sunday last, owing to the good roads and pleasant weather.

Mr. William Burley has purchased the McFitzgerald's property, where the hotel used to stand and is moving into the village.

Mr. John Stinson has been engaged for a few days packing ice for the season, as he intends going into the butcher business in a short time, which we hope will prove a success as we are in need of a butcher in this place, and as Mr. Stinson is an accommodating and obliging gentleman we hope the public will not fail to patronize him.

Mr. John Baker has sold out his store to Mr. George Maleck and has moved on his farm near White Lake.

Mr. Martin Kehoe, who has been spending part of the winter at Port Colborne, has returned to Marlbank again.

A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. Alfred Deline on Monday, March 8th, where a large number of friends and acquaintances were gathered from far and near to visit Mr. and Mrs. Deline for the last time before leaving their old home Lime Lake, as Mr. Deline has purchased a farm near Picton and is moving there.

Mr. Danty a boiler maker of Kingston is in Marlbank doing some repairing for the Cement Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Loyst spent a few days last week visiting their son, Fred Loyst, at Point Ann.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Turkington has returned home from Cuba, where they have been spending a few weeks visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. Allen.

The Acme washing machine, superior to all others, made from Cyprus wood. Each machine guaranteed. No obligation to buy if not workable.
BOYLE & SON.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in two certain Mortgages, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale on Monday, March 22nd, A. D. 1909, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands:

ALL AND SINGULAR those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situated, lying and being in the Township of Fredericksburgh in the County of Lennox and Addington, being composed of all that part of the East half of Lot number Nine and all of Lot number Ten, in the Third concession of the said Township of Fredericksburgh, not now owned by Pileatus J. Seelye and Amos Hamby, and being all the lands owned by the late Arthur T. Frink at the time of his death, and containing about one hundred and fifty-three acres more or less. This property is conveniently situated about six miles from the town of Napanee.

The land is in a good state of cultivation and on it is erected a new frame dwelling house, frame drive house and new frame barn with windmill attached. Conditions of sale made known at time of sale.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH.

Vendors Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee, February 20th, 1909.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Perry Truax Hamu, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 123, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38 and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Perry Truax Hamu, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 8th day of March, A. D. 1909, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitors for the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the 20th day of April, A. D. 1909, their christian and surnames, address and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 20th day of April A. D. 1909 the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Executors.
Dated the 18th day of March, 1909.

Two Indians and an inmate of an almshouse were killed on railroads near Buffalo.

A suit has been entered in Venezuela demanding the extradition and trial of ex-President Castro on a charge of causing the murder of a number of revolutionaries.

Mr. Justice Riddell criticised the old court house at London, Ont., very severely, and threatened to have the county indicted if improvements were not made soon.

When "Jack" Johnson, the colored pugilist, arrived at Vancouver last week five different hotels refused him accommodation, it is said, on account of his color.

MONEY TRANSACTIONS

of every nature may be correctly, conveniently and speedily performed through the medium of the

Northern Crown Bank!

Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit issued, payable in any part of the world. Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all countries bought and sold. Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders sold.

Branches Throughout Canada:

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Odessa Branch,
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN,
Act'g. Mgr.

Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch,
W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch,
E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Business Education

Taught at the famous

School of Commerce,

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\$40 Pays for Board, Tuition and everything but books, for 10 WEEKS.

Not a Graduate has yet failed through inability.

JNO. R. SAYERS, Pres.

DEVELOPMENTS OF TIME

The business methods of to-day are entirely different from those of years ago

Kingston Business College Limited.

Teaches the latest business methods. Its graduates in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service, etc., secure the best positions available in the Dominion.

Special courses for backward students. Individual instruction. Catalogue and terms free.

Winter term opens Jan 4 1909.

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President, Secretary.

THE ADVENTURES OF RODERICK R

BY TOBIAS SMOLLET

1721~1771

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"Roderick Random" is an English "Old Blue." Smollett had studied that great book long and earnestly, and he published his translation of it a year after he published "Roderick Random."

In the height of his reputation, Smollett was proclaimed a second Cervantes. Afterward critics tore him to pieces and sent to him a place even with Richardson. The praise was as usual as the censure. Smollett had little imagination and certainly he had none of the genius of a Cervantes. In his own lesser field, however, he was a vigorous, healthy force, smiling refreshing though rough blows at the sentimentalities and absurd poetries of the literature of his time.

He was coarse; but it was the coarseness not of a pander but of a man daring enough to paint his contemporaries and their day as they really were. The fine gentlemen of his time did not hesitate to use coarse language in the presence of women. He shocked because he printed it. The high-flown novels of that century had put high-flown poetry into the mouths of the heroes, though in real life those heroes swore.

Smollett never pretended that indecency was fine; and though he treats it unblushingly, he never toyed and wined with it as did Laurence Sterne, who had a much finer talent.

RODERICK RANDOM'S grandfather was a fine old gentleman, who exercised the same generous kindness toward his children as toward the unlucky beggars who came before him as magistrate. So keen was his sense of justice and family, that when his youngest son married against his wishes, he kicked the lad out and refrained with so much firmness of his character from helping him that his young wife died from want.

The wretched young man was out of his senses for a time, and then disappeared completely. His father sent for the baby that had been left behind, and had the child, a boy named Roderick, brought up in a village near by, of which he was dictator.

He did not trouble himself to pay for the lad's board or clothing, and Roderick grew up ragged and practically homeless, subsisting on the offerings of the indigent tenants, who loved him because his father had been their darling.

His cousins, who lived at the Hall, hunted him down whenever they saw him near the place. The schoolmaster, who gave tuition to him through fear of his grandfather, repaid himself by making him a whipping boy. These affronts, instead of breaking his haughty spirit, only increased his pride and temper and involved him in continual scrapes, but they served him well in another respect, for they imbued him with determination to learn.

Therefore, though Roderick grew up a ragged vagabond in appearance and manners, he still became an excellent student, more than proficient in Latin and Greek and well versed in the sciences.

When he was about 14, his mother's brother, Tom Bowling, a naval lieutenant, learned how ill he was being treated and lost no time in confronting the old squire. He introduced himself unfortunately but strikingly by killing a dog that opposed his entrance and by threatening the squire's heir, Roderick's elder cousin, with a good rubbing down from an oaken towel.

"I am sure the Moors in Barbary have more humanity than to leave their little ones in want," said the seaman, shaking his head at the enraged squire. "Consoler, old gentleman, you are going in a short time to give an account of your evil actions. Relieve your sinful soul by settling his father's portion on this boy."

To his great surprise, Tom Bowling's diplomatic approaches were futile. The sinful old gentleman died soon afterward and left everything to the elder nephew. Thereupon Tom Bowling took the boy away with him, after attending to a few details, most important of which was to



HIGHWAYMEN, BLACKLEGS AND RUFFIANLY TRIBESEET THE ROAD IN THOSE GOOD OLD DAYS C

friendliness, for he belonged to a family that had supplied the village with shoemakers for many generations. Strap cheerfully contributed half his money for the joint expenses and in exchange took more than half the discomforts, besides carrying the baggage.

Highwaymen, blacklegs, ruffianly travelers and swindling innkeepers beset the road in those good old times of 1739, and Roderick Random and his companion learned a great deal about human nature, paying handsomely for the knowledge with frights, bruises and ready money.

In London Roderick perfected his knowledge of human nature by falling in with some amiable strangers who won all his remaining money at cards. Strap heard the news with a hideous groan and then thrust his purse into his aristocratic friend's hands. "Take it," said he, "and when it is gone I'll get you more. You are the gentleman and I am only the cobbler's son."

The faithful Strap then went forth and got himself a position as barber's assist-

Mr. Morgan, the first surgeon's mate, was adding to the fragrance by mixing a mess of peas, salt butter and onions in a wooden tray. Having partaken of this delicacy, he was introduced to his patients. He saw half a hundred miserable wretches suspended in hammocks hung so close together that only fourteen inches was allotted to each man. There was neither light nor air in the foul place. Filth and vermin were everywhere. To reach any patient in the back of the hold the surgeon's assistants had to crawl along the deck under the other hammocks.

Roderick Random was much less surprised that so many sailors should die on board ship than that any should emerge alive after having been unfortunate enough to enter the hospital.

When Captain Oakum learned that the sick bay was full, he swore that he would have no sick men aboard his vessel. His surgeon, Dr. Mackshane, who owed his appointment to him, agreed with the ignorant autocrat in all things and declared that most of the men were

orders to raise the siege and sail home.

At Jamaica Random was transferred to the sloop-of-war Lizard, bound for England. He had obtained a commission as first surgeon's mate and looked forward to arriving home with honors and in an assured position. But the captain died on the voyage and Crampley, his old enemy, succeeded to the command.

Besides having been the occasion of having Crampley locked in irons, he had beaten the tyrant and broken his arm in a boxing match. The fellow lost no time in perpetrating every meanness and cruelty that malice could invent on the enemy whom he now had in his power, until Random was tempted to pistol him on the quarterdeck.

Through Crampley's negligence the ship struck near the Scilly Islands and the crew made its way ashore in small boats. As soon as they reached land Random forced Crampley to fight. Having discharged their pistols without effect, Random fell on his antagonist and drove the pistol butt into his face with such good will that it knocked out the commander's

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old gentleman you are going in a short time to give an account of your evil actions. Believe your sinful soul by settling his father's portion on this boy."

To his great surprise, Tom Bowling's diplomatic approaches were futile. The sinful old gentleman died soon afterward and left everything to the elder nephew. Thereupon Tom Bowling took the boy away with him, after attending to a few details, most important of which was to tie up the schoolmaster and lay on lustily with a cut of nine tails.

He arranged with an apothecary to board Roderick, leaving funds enough to pay for his education. "You shall never want while I live," said Tom, "and all you need do is to fit yourself for your station in life."

Roderick applied himself enthusiastically. Soon he became a favorite in the town, the more so since he developed a talent for poetry. He was happy as he could wish to be. His entire world was permeated by a color of rose. He thought that everybody was kind and that life was blissful.

One day a letter arrived from the West Indies from Tom Bowling, saying that he had been forced to flee from his ship because he had killed his commander, Captain Oakum, in a duel. "I have no money to send you, my boy," he wrote, "but I have asked the apothecary to take care of you for my sake, and let you want for nothing, as I shall certainly repay him as soon as I can explain matters to the Admiralty, who will not see an honest tar wronged. Captain Oakum struck me, so that I had to flee him."

The apothecary did not look on matters so optimistically, and turned Roderick out after forcing him to give up all his money except three shillings.

The rose-colored world immediately assumed a color of orange. His friends found it extremely difficult to remember him when they met. A school-time chum, young Squire Gawky, treated him with such distinguished discrimination that Roderick borrowed a sword and challenged him. Gawky fled the town, and the young hero had the account published in the local newspaper, though he had to sell a gold-laced hat to defray the expense.

He almost was smothered with despair when he found himself thus avoided by mankind as if poverty had made him a creature of some shock as respects, and he accepted graciously when Mr. Lamplight Crab, the owner of the apothecary, took him in as a student.

His misadventures and taught him what the excesses of the world were worth. He worked day and night to perfect himself in his profession and at last felt himself qualified to try for the position of surgeon's mate on a cutter.

He walked to London with another old friend, Harry Finn, who was elated at Roderick's promotion and

edge of human nature by falling in with some amiable strangers who won all his remaining money at cards. Strap heard the news with a hideous groan and then thrust his purse into his aristocratic friend's hands. "Take it," said he, "and when it is gone I'll get you more. You are the gentleman and I am only the cobbler's son."

The faithful Strap then went forth and got himself a position as barber's assistant, while Roderick danced attendance on members of Parliament, naval boards and functionaries for an appointment to a ship.

Footmen, clerks, hangers-on and officials bled him till a continuance of the operation became useless for lack of further supply. Then he was cast off, and was in a very promising way to starve genteelly, when he was set upon by a press gang and dragged to a cruiser, after having been carefully and elaborately knocked on the head.

His fellow victims in the grated hold robbed him, and the midshipman in charge squirted a mouthful of tobacco juice on him when he asked that his wounds be dressed.

The pain of his hurts, the stench of the place and the absence of food and drink made him unconscious. He might have died there like a dog, as many of Her Majesty's faithful subjects did in those days, had not a sailor succored him.

This man told him that he was on board the ship Thunder, Captain Oakum. When Roderick, startled at the name, said that he was the nephew of Tom Bowling, the sailor swore that he would help him all he could. "Lieutenant Bowling!" said he. "There was a sailor for you and as brave a fellow as ever cracked basket! And it wasn't his fault, bless him, that old Oakum got better of his wound, which was more than the old villain deserves."

A surgeon's mate came to examine his injuries, and Roderick Random was filled with joy to recognize in him an acquaintance, Thomson, who had passed the examination with him at Surgeon's Hall. He told Thomson all about the midshipman who had added to his previous heartlessness by striking his prisoner with a cane. The first lieutenant investigated and promptly put Mr. Midshipman Crumpley into irons, a punishment that made him Roderick's determined enemy.

The Thunder was short of surgeon's mates, and Thomson succeeded in getting the berth of the third mate for Roderick. Thus he gained through a press gang what he had not been able to gain through the naval office.

It was anything but delightful, however, when he saw his quarters, which were reached by descending several ladders into a hole as dark as a dungeon, permeated with an overpowering smell of rancid butter and old cheese that poured from the steward's cuddy near by.

Roderick Random was much less surprised than so many sailors should die on board ship than that any should emerge alive after having been unfortunate enough to enter the hospital.

When Captain Oakum learned that the sick bay was full he swore that he would have no sick men aboard his vessel. His surgeon, Dr. Mackshane, who owed his appointment to him, agreed with the ignorant autocrat in all things and declared that most of the men were shamming. Despite the furious arguments of Morgan, the patients were hauled on deck and set to work with such excellent results that within a week the sick list of Her Majesty's Thunder had been reduced by nearly one-half.

It is true that the reduction was brought about, not by the recovery of the sick men, but by their death. This, however, was ascribed to the selfishness and natural obstinacy of sailors and could not be suffered to cloud the glad fact that the hospital was nearly empty.

Morgan and Roderick Random were punished for their contumacy by being accused of fomenting mutiny and were chained to the dock, where they remained till the ship sighted Jamaica, when they were pardoned and released in time to avoid an inquiry.

From Jamaica the Thunder sailed to join in the attack on Carthagena, that glorious attempt which might well be called one of the great jokes of history if the jest had not cost the lives of a great many thousand seamen and soldiers who declined to see the humor of the situation.

The Thunder played her proper part in the pleasant by anchoring in the most exposed position. This judicious care gave the three surgeons' mates so much work that they hewed down limbs without mercy and cut and stitched men until they could hardly move for fatigue. When the greater part of the ship's company had been properly wounded, the British vessels slipped their cables and retired.

As the Spanish guns had not killed all the men despite the invitation extended to them, the naval authorities thoughtfully provided hospital ships into which the sick and wounded were crowded so closely that some of them could not sit upright in their hammocks. The important detail of providing doctors or nurses, unfortunately, was forgotten, and some of the ships lacked cooks. But as the patients died with obliging celerity, this oversight became less important as the days passed. When fever added itself to wounds, the men departed so fast that some of the more zealous and energetic captains threw the corpses overboard without wasting time to sew them up in canvas.

This made the anchorage look very inspiring to those sailors who had remained alive through no fault of their commanders; and it was with deep regret that the British received

power, until Random was tempted to pistol him on the quarterdeck.

Through Crumpley's negligence the ship struck near the Scilly Islands and the crew made its way ashore in small boats. As soon as they reached land Random forced Crumpley to fight. Having discharged their pistols without effect, Random fell on his antagonist and drove the pistol butt into his face with such good will that it knocked out the commander's front teeth. Then he thrust his sword into his mouth, which it enlarged to the ears. With another cut he disabled his wrist.

Then some members of the crew struck him down. When he recovered he found himself bare of everything except trousers and shirt. His clothes, watch and sixty guineas had all been stolen by the sailors.

He crawled inland with painful efforts till he reached a house. It was owned by a naval officer's widow, Mrs. Sagely, who took him in and nursed him till his wounds were healed. Then she advised him seriously against going to London, for Crumpley had accused him of mutiny.

She counseled him to be hidden under an assumed name. He thought the advice good, but he was penniless and would not drain the purse of his benefactress. Forced by circumstances to swallow his pride, he did it with a hearty gulp and obtained a position as footman with a wealthy but erratic spinster, Miss Topeshall, the aunt of a rich young squire of the neighborhood.

Hardly had Random begun to accustom himself to the livery of a lackey, before his burden was made unbearably galling. He saw the sister of Squire Topeshall; and from that moment life had no other thought, no other pleasure, no other dream and no other pain save Narcissa.

She discovered soon that he was occupying a station foreign to him, and in spite of herself betrayed an interest in him that only intensified Roderick Random's wretchedness, for he deemed himself sentenced to a life of poverty and could think of Narcissa only as an unattainable star.

His only solace was to see her, but even that was not to be his long, for one day one of her brother's drunken friends insulted her. Roderick struck him down and left him stunned and bleeding.

Knowing that the man was a magistrate and could count on the support of his fellow-magistrates to punish the presumption of a mere footman, Random realized that he would have to suffer if he waited to be taken, for he could not explain his conduct and thus draw Narcissa's name into the scandal.

In his excitement he told her he must flee, confessed to her that he was a gentleman in misfortune and told her that he loved her.

Not waiting for an answer, he fled from her sight and made his way to the sea shore, where some smugglers took him

BURDENS THAT MAKE US

Could We Ever Dream of the Higher Tasks But for the Lower Duties?

"For we are his workmanship," Eph. ii, 10.

Almost all the lives that reach any measure of right self-consciousness regard themselves as in a constant struggle between the things they fail would do. Seldom indeed does it happen that one can find his living in the things he loves most of all; happy are those who may. The rest, however, are not necessarily justified in regarding their unwelcome work as the food of their highest welfare.

It is true that many lives are ill-adjusted. Poets are working in brickyards and plowmen are trying to make poems for a living. We owe it to life and to our world not less than to ourselves to discover our own aptitudes, to cultivate our best powers in the tasks for which

we are best suited. We have no right to drift; we ought to summon every power we have in order to select a work that we can do and do well.

Even then, with each man at the task he could do best, we would still have the conflict between the things we must do and those we would do. Perhaps you have heard it said that in the good time coming every man will have to do only the things he would most like to do. None would for long be satisfied with that arrangement. Even the people who believe they were born to wear wings and play on harps would soon be sighing for

LESS EXALTED DUTIES.

It would be an easy matter to say to all who feel the rasp and

grind of each day's dull tasks, who realize keenly the seeming conflict between the duties that necessity lays on us and the high bidding of our aspirations: Be content; life is short; heaven awaits you; time's disparities will be adjusted in eternity. That leads people to take time as a dose for the sake of eternal health hereafter.

None of the problems of living are solved by a mechanical content, by an assumed apathetic indifference to the facts that fret us. An absolutely certain present will not be rightly lived until it is more than a probation for a problematic future. Folks will endure all kinds of discomfort and even wrong on the bleak threshold when they know the door to warmth and cheer will soon be opened.

The world needs those who are living a full life in the present, who are doing their share toward making conditions right here. Better the one who is wrong in his discontent than he who is content with wrong. If life seems wrong to you it is your duty to seek the way of righting it. It is better to make the mistake of thinking you must mold your times than to be but dull clay to be molded by your

times.

How then can we learn to live our lives so that, with all this seeming conflict, they will be right? How can we reconcile all the opposing necessities and aspirations? May it be that we find our way into the meaning of the necessity upon us to wear so much of ourselves away in the greedy wheels of the world's great machine?

Could we ever fit ourselves for any greater work but by

THE FAITHFUL DOING

of that which seems so little? Are we not learning the greater by means of the less? And, beside, can we be always quite sure which is the greater and which the less?

It may be that the plowman is really doing a finer work than the poet, for what is the real measure of all our work? Is the chief executive of a railroad system necessarily doing that which is more sublime than the work of some father who, for the love of little ones, bears the yoke of servitude? Neither the wage nor the work itself is the measure, but the worker.

Often the burdens that seem to threaten to break us are the ones that make us. The discipline of

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away, he wondered what he should do, for he had little money left. A courtly gentleman whom he trusted soon relieved him of that little, and Ransom found himself penniless again without being at all able to inure himself to it, despite the frequency with which fate treated him to it.

Hunger drove him to enlist in a French regiment, where he soon learned that he had merely exchanged complete starvation on private for semi-starvation with official sanction. He had acquired merely the privilege of covering a hungry carcass with a bright uniform and of risking a loss of a miserable existence in battles for a cause that he neither admired nor wished to admire. The only profit that accrued to him was that he became a thorough master of swordsmanship.

One day in Rheims he saw a gentleman dressed in elegant mourning, and to his intense astonishment recognized none other than his old friend and subordinate, Strap. Despite his gentleman's garb, Strap leaped at the private soldier and embraced him, sobbing:

"Oh, to see you thus! Oh, why did you leave me? But now all shall be made right. You shall have everything that I have."

Dragging him indoors, Strap told him that after Ransom's disappearance he had accompanied a young nobleman to France as valet. His master had died, leaving to him all his rich wearing apparel, his swords, watch, rings and ready money, amounting to 300 pounds. Strap had taken the name of Monsieur d'Estrapes and had lived quietly and modestly as a gentleman.

"Everything shall be yours!" cried the loyal Strap. "I surrender them all to you. We will buy your discharge and then you shall go to England and make our fortune."

He would not listen to objections, but declared that he could not sustain the role of gentleman and that he would be far happier as Roderick Ransom's valet.

Ransom's brain was turned by the sudden prospect, and his remonstrances grew fainter till at last he heeded.

It was a figure vastly different from that of the poor French private that presently strutted through the coffee houses of London and showed itself at the play. A coat of cut velvet, trimmed with gold, a waistcoat of blue satin embroidered with silver, black velvet breeches, white silk stockings, a hat with silver lace scalloped, a shirt ruffled with real Mechlin, a sword of cut steel inlaid with gold, a cane with a gold head, and a tortoise shell snuff box of price made him a beau who rivaled any in London.

Expensive lodgings in Charing Cross and the other necessary appointments of a gentleman reduced their funds to two hundred pounds, a fact which made Strap grimace with anxiety and pain, but Roderick Ransom had not permitted poverty to teach him petty and vulgar economies. The one lesson that it had taught him,

the dull task is the refining pot where the gold of life itself is produced. But for their grinding necessities lives would all be only dull pebbles; the jewels are discovered by the lapidary called sometimes duty and sometimes adversity.

Only as we see life in the light of these higher values does the necessity for the conflict between duty and desire appear and the meaning of the toil and hardship become evident. Because man belongs to a nobler order which is in the making he learns not simply to endure but to delight in the toils of the present, to fight circumstance, to show himself master of his fate, and to find the life that strikes its roots so deep into eternity that neither parching drought nor rising flood affect it prosperity.

HENRY F. COPE.

USED BOTH.

Teacher—"Tommie, do you ever use a comb and brush?"

Tommie—"Yes, ma'am; I use the brush to keep the comb stuck in!"

People waste a lot of time trying to obtain things they have no earthly use for.

At that Strap sobbed in earnest and begged Ransom never to speak that way again. The affection of the faithful creature filled Roderick with the resolution to gain a fortune at once and thus recompense his humble friend's loyalty. When he put his fate to the touch, however, Melinda demanded to see his rent roll, and dismissed him with a sarcastic smile on the confession of his inability to produce that useful factor in matrimony.

Alarmed by the discovery that their joint finances had dwindled to less than one hundred pounds, Roderick Ransom attempted several desperate cutting-out expeditions against other heiresses, but reaped only quarrels with other beaux. He resolved to make a bold stroke for fortune in another direction and bribed a noble lord to procure for him a good position under Government. The noble lord accepted the bribe graciously and introduced Mr. Ransom to other gentlemen of station, who also accepted bribes with such condescending freedom that one day Ransom was forced to confess to Strap that not only were they reduced to one poor guinea, but the watch and the jewels also had gone to fill the hands of the hungry bribe-takers, and all without result.

Strap uttered a dreadful groan and called for Death. Mr. Ransom suggested that it were better to call on the pawnbroker and raise some money on the gold-mounted sword. With the seven guineas that were brought back by the obedient friend and valet, Ransom went to a gaming house and returned with 150 guineas, at sight of which Strap nearly lost his mind.

Roderick Ransom became more gay than ever, bought clothes even more splendid than those bequeathed to Strap, and again besieged an heiress, whose 20,000 pounds were encumbered largely by a grotesque figure, a face almost as shrewish as her temper and a tongue that would not be still.

These defects were minimized so agreeably by her fortune that Ransom had many rivals, but he drove them away by suggestions as to his anxiety to fight for her favor. As he had gained much fame by an exploit against a highwayman, none dared to meet his sword, and he became such a favorite with the lady that it was plain that he needed only to ask to gain her favor, figure and fortune for his own.

At that juncture Narcissa appeared on the scene, introduced into the world of London by her brother. She recognized him at once, but the squire did not dream that the famous beau was his aunt's former footman, and he was delighted to be admitted to Ransom's society.

Roderick Ransom immediately abandoned his pursuit of the heiress, and realized all at once and to full measure the shame to which he had fallen. Quite losing his wits from love, he paid court to Narcissa and soon was transported with

pounds to Strap for the same purpose. Roderick had time enough to ride into Sussex and bid a secret farewell to Narcissa before he ventured to sea again bound on another bout with fortune.

It seemed as if she had become tired of tantalizing him, for where in his previous attempts in the world he had been suffeted with adventures instead of gold, now he never had an adventure, while everything that he and Tom Bowling touched turned itself into wealth.

In less than six months they had disposed of their entire cargo of trade stuff in exchange for gold dust—an exchange that more than quadrupled their investment. The gold dust was exchanged for 400 slaves, whom they took to South America without trouble and sold for a sum five times over the cost.

This one voyage thus enriched all concerned, and Roderick Ransom looked forward with eagerness to his return to England, where now there would be no obstacle to his marriage with Narcissa. But fortune had not yet done with him.

While he and his uncle were being entertained at Buenos Ayres they were introduced to a tall man of remarkably fine mien, whose face was saddened with a reserve and gravity that attracted their notice at once. So soon as he heard Roderick Ransom's name he started and asked if his mother's name was Charlotte Bowling. Tom Bowling rushed at him, seized him by the hand and cried: "Brother Ransom!"

It was, indeed, Roderick's father. After the first joy of the discovery had subsided he explained that when he fled from England, heartbroken, he had deemed the child dead as well as the mother. Having no reason to communicate again with his heartless father, he traveled about the world aimlessly till at last he reached South America, where he gained a fortune.

Don Rodrigo, as he was known in Buenos Ayres, hastened to convert all his estate into cash, realizing £40,000. Together they started for England, where they arrived after so fair a passage that it seemed as if fortune intended never to desert Roderick Ransom again.

And she never did. He married his Narcissa and retired with her and his father to his native place, his father having bought the whole great estate for them. Strap, with the proper humility and respect that was so agreeable a mark of his character, married the serving maid of Narcissa and waxed fat and contented in a farm near by which the bought and stocked for him.

Thus ended the fashionable and unfashionable adventures of Roderick Ransom, gentleman, and of Hugh Strap, barber.

It's difficult for a stout woman to get away from solid facts.

State the main incidents of the expansion.

DEATHS IN 1908.

Smallest Number on Record in London For Any One Year.

An examination of the British Registrar-General's returns for the 52 weeks ended Dec. 26 shows that 1908 had fewer deaths in London than any previous year on record, allowing for the increase of population. The total deaths during the year were 68,635, which is 14.3 per 1,000 of persons living, and is 0.9 per 1,000 fewer than in 1907, which up to that time had the lowest record. The deaths during the past ten years are about 70,000 fewer than the average, and this is in fair agreement with the total number of deaths for a single year. The quarter July to September was the healthiest, the death rate being only 12.5 per 1,000. There was no week that ended after May 2 with the death rate in excess of the average. The highest death rate in any week was 19.8 in the week ended Jan. 18, and the lowest, 10.8, in the two consecutive weeks ended June 27. The first quarter—January to March—was by far the most unhealthy, the aggregate deaths being 21,065, and the death rate 17.6 per 1,000. The diseases of the respiratory organs were responsible for 2,819 deaths in London during the first three months of the year, whilst in the summer quarter—July to September—there were only 597 deaths due to this cause.

The death rate in the 76 great towns of England and Wales was in excess of those for London, the excess for the year amounting to 0.7 per 1,000, and the excess is shown in each quarter. The death rate for the great towns for the respective quarters was 18.0, 13.8, 13.4, and 14.6, against 17.6, 13.3, 12.5, and 14.3 in London. Hornsey, East Ham, Walthamstow, and Willesden maintain the lowest death rate in England and Wales, but the highest death rate scarcely allows of such a simple classification.

SET A VITROL TRAP.

French Pair's Cruel Scheme to Catch a Thief.

Owing to the shortcomings of French servants, numerous families in Paris are giving up housekeeping and adopting the plan of taking apartments in residential hotels.

Conflicts between servants and their mistresses make ever-increasing demands on the time of the Judges of the Civil and Criminal Courts in Paris.

A few days ago a man and his wife living in the Rue de la Grosse Horloge, in Rouen, suspecting their domestic of dishonesty, laid an admirable trap. In a metal cash-box they placed a shallow vessel containing vitrol. They then fixed a spiral spring inside the box and locked it. Next morning the servant, seeing no one about, opened the box with a duplicate key. The lid sprang open and she was cruelly burned by the vitrol.

Her employers had her arrested, and in her room the police found over £70 in cash, a superb pair of earrings, a gold watch and chain, and a handsome necklace. The jewellery is supposed to have been stolen from previous employers.

THE ENGLISH COMPLEXION.

The Despair of the Smart Ladies in Paris.

Outdoor exercise and the "simple life" are for the moment the fad of the fashionable Parisienne.

A leading French actress when recently in London so greatly admired the complexions of the Englishwomen she saw that she and a number of her friends determined to cultivate, by means of walking and plain living, "English complexions."

The experiment is declared to have had wonderful effects, and now every fine morning one may see quite a number of ladies, both of the theatrical and social worlds, indulging in "footing" round the lakes in the Bois de Boulogne. Some of the more athletic have adopted a practical costume resembling that worn by lady mountaineers. Stout, square-toed boots are considered necessary for "footing," and veils are discarded.

Together with the morning walk, the morning cold "tub" is an English custom more and more widely practised. If it rains, seekers after a "British complexion" indulge

in gymnastics at home. The devotees of the new fad dispense with the now more than ever fashionable corset during their morning exercise.

"BY ALL MEANS," SAID PAPA.

"Yes, sir," said the pale, youthful suitor; "I have come to ask you for your daughter's hand. She is fair as lilies, sweet as honey-suckle, tender as a violet, charming—"

"Is that Mary you are talking about?" asked papa.

"Yes, sir. It is a mere formality. I know, this asking for your daughter's hand; but we thought it would be pleasing to you if it were observed."

Mary's papa stiffened.

"And may I inquire," he asked, "who suggested that asking my consent to Mary's marriage was a mere formality?"

"You may, sir," replied the young man, simply. "It was Mary's mother."

Your orthography is twisted, Alonzo. A woman is not a padded cell.

396,000,000 IN EMPIRE

DO A WORLD'S TRADE OF OVER FIVE BILLION DOLLARS.

Britain Consumes Most Beer Per Head — Canada Most Spirits — Australia Most Tea.

A bird's-eye view of the population, trade, and industry of the British Empire may be obtained from the figures published in the recently issued Board of Trade "Statistical Abstract for the British Empire."

Few people release the vastness of the British Empire. In the first place, it includes:

12,332,000 square miles of territory, of which the United Kingdom only has 121,000 square miles.

396,000,000 people of all colors and races, of whom only 44,538,000 live in the United Kingdom.

The mother country still possesses the largest city in the empire in London, but the Empire outside the United Kingdom now includes thirteen cities with populations of over 200,000. Two of them in India—Calcutta and Bombay—are closely approaching the million.

The Empire has a world trade which in 1907 totalled £1,667,343,000. Of this only £430,537,000 was done inter-imperially. The proportion is thus:

	Per Cent.
Empire trade with foreign countries	74.2
Inter-imperial trade	25.8

IMPERIAL TRADE BEHIND.

In the ten years up to 1907 the Empire's trade with foreign countries increased by £432,000,000, but the inter-imperial trade only increased by £168,000,000. The largest individual trade is done between the Empire and the United States of America, from whom the Empire in 1907 bought £209,017,000 worth of goods, and to whom the Empire sold £120,065,000 worth of goods.

Every year the Empire produces vast masses of wealth in the shape of minerals and agricultural products. Here are some of the things produced in 1907:

	Tons.
Coal	201,722,000
Iron ore	17,029,000
Pig iron	10,680,000
	Bushels.
Wheat	412,300,000
Barley	114,200,000
Oats	372,500,000
Maize	23,500,000
	Pounds.
Coffee	45,103,000
Tea	430,913,000
Rubber	11,940,000
Cotton	1,235,124,000

COAL CONSUMPTION.

The United Kingdom is the greatest coal consumer, averaging 4.14 tons per head. Canada comes next with an average of 2.81 tons per head. The Australian eats more wheat than any other resident of the Empire, the amount per head being 7.13 bushels. In the United Kingdom the amount is 6.07 bushels per head. New Zealand is especially partial to oats, the amount consumed per head averaging 12.32 bushels, or three times as much as in any other part of the Empire.

The population of the United Kingdom are the largest beer drinkers in the Empire, with an

TAKING STOCK.

Canada Should Find Out the Extent of Her Resources.

More knowledge is urgently needed as to Canada's timber resources—knowledge as to the extent of these forests, the amount of timber in them, the rate of growth and all the other particulars which must be known in order to enable those in charge to know how much timber it is safe to cut without cutting into the growing stock of the forest. Forestry experts themselves have so far had to depend to a great extent on conjecture in estimating even the acreage of the forests.

It will pay Canada to take stock of her resources now and use these with intelligence and foresight. The people of the United States are beginning to realize that they have been too prodigal in using up their resources, and the keynote of the work of their "Conservative Commission" has been the "taking stock" of the resources of the republic as to forests, mines, soil and water (both as a source of power and as means of transportation) and the devising of economical means of using them. The Commission was appointed by President Roosevelt in May last at a meeting of the governors of the several states, scientific experts and commercial leaders, and during the second week of December last, the reports of the summer's work in computing the national resources were presented at another similar conference.

Canada may well take warning and, before her national wealth is wasted to any great extent, provide for its economical use. But the first step is to find out just how much there is. Accounts are brought from time to time of great forests existing in Canada's northland, especially along the banks of the great rivers. These accounts are given by travellers whose routes have lain along the water-courses, where the heaviest timber naturally lies. Accounts from other travellers who have gone some distance from the banks of the streams indicate that in the drier regions the timber becomes much smaller and more scattered.

To obtain definite and comprehensive knowledge as to these resources, men with a knowledge of timber estimating should be sent out to traverse the entire country, that at some distance from the streams as well as that along the water-courses. Full and accurate reports from these men would do much to clear up the hazy notions now held as to the resources in timber of the less-known parts of Canada, just as was the case with the exploring parties sent out by the Ontario Government to Northern Ontario in 1900.

\$160,000,000 FOR NAVY.

New French Minister Demands Drastic Measures.

M. Picard, the new non-political French Minister of Marine, who was specially appointed to the control of the navy on the personal initiative of M. Clemenceau, has submitted to M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance, a proposal to spend the sum of \$160,000,000 over and above the ordinary estimates on the French navy. The expenditure would be spread over a period of five years.

M. Caillaux has expressed aston-

FORESTS OF ENGLAND

A ROYAL COMMISSION RECOMMENDS REFORESTATION.

9,000,000 Acres of Land to be Acquired and That the Whole Tract be Planted to Trees.

It is characteristic of the way in which English governmental affairs are muddled through that the most important series of recommendations produced for many years by a royal commission should be the work of a commission appointed to deal with a subject which has no relation to the subject reported on.

The report puts forward a series of well considered proposals for the reforestation of the United Kingdom, which, if carried out, as they probably will be, promise to change not only the face of the country, but the character of the people, and to provide an immense new industry which it is hoped will go far toward solving the problem of unemployment. It is the work of a commission appointed in 1906 under a royal warrant to inquire into and report on coast erosion and to suggest some organized plan for the reclamation of land that has been devoured by the sea. The commission held many sittings and examined numerous witnesses, but its conclusions on coast erosion are

STILL TO BE LEARNED.

In 1900 it occurred to someone that the question of afforestation should be considered, and after a little perfunctory discussion the coast erosion commission was told that it might look into that question as well. The report which has just been produced is the result.

But as briefly as possible the commission has discovered that there are 9,000,000 acres of land in the United Kingdom available for afforestation without encroaching on the land devoted to profitable agriculture. In other words, this land is either derelict or unprofitably used and is eminently suited for the scheme which is proposed.

The plan is that all this land should be acquired by the state and an elaborate system of state forests created. The land is to be bought compulsorily, if the owners object to sell, and the money is to be provided by a public loan, the interest on which will be met, at first, out of the taxes. It is stated that the most profitable plan to secure a proper rotation of the timber crop is that 150,000 acres should be acquired and planted each year, and the approximate cost of this is placed at about \$10,000,000 a year. The average cost of the land is placed at \$32 an acre and the cost of planting at the same amount, with an allowance of about \$3 an acre for extra or incidental expenses. The net deficit will be \$450,000 in the first year and will rise progressively to \$15,656,250 in the 40th year, after which the forests will become increasingly

PROFITABLE TO THE STATE.

At the end of 80 years the forests should pay to the state an annual revenue of \$87,500,000, reckoning timber at the present prices, which ought, however, to be materially enhanced. This revenue should be perpetual, as the scheme, of course, provides for planting to take the

A TERRIBLE SEA FIGHT.

How a School of Thresher Sharks Vanished a Whale.

A fight between a great cow whale and a school of thresher sharks is graphically described in an article in The Wide World Magazine. The old whale was accompanied by her calf, and the sharks, as though acting in accordance with some preconcerted plan, completely surrounded the two whales, but, apparently realizing that nothing was to be feared from the calf, concentrated all their efforts upon the cow. Again and again they charged in upon her, their jaws snapping, tearing at her mighty sides until the sea was red with blood. Meanwhile the cow lashed her tail furiously, hurling up sheets of reddened water and occasionally crashing down with terrific force upon one of her voracious opponents. Maddened with pain and rage she dashed this way and that, but the sharks hung to her sides with a persistency and ferocity that made the fascinated onlookers shudder. Now and again the wildly-lashing tail would catch one of the assailants, driving it beneath the waves—no doubt killed or disabled—but the remainder rushed in undismayed, tearing viciously at the mammal's bleeding flanks or butting her with the force of battering-rams.

It was obvious that the struggle could have only one ending, but the old whale fought on doggedly. At one moment, by a supreme effort she hurled her whole great bulk clear of the water for a moment, and the fascinated onlookers beheld the sharks hanging from various parts of her gleaming body by their serrated teeth. Then down she went again, with a crash like thunder, and for an instant whale and sharks were buried amidst masses of foam, heavily colored with the poor mammal's life-blood. Rising again, she essayed another change of plan, making for the rocks and desperately striving to rub off the clinging sharks against their edges. But the threshers were equal to the occasion; while those on the outside maintained their grip, the others dived under their enemy and charged her anew, tearing at the whale's side in an ecstasy of ferocity that was blood-curdling to witness.

More and more feeble grew the whale's struggle, and at last the great body turned over and sank beneath the red-tinted water.

MONKEY TRAINED TO STEAL.

Was Arrested in Paris for Abstracting Jewelry.

A monkey was arrested for shoplifting in a large jeweler's shop in Paris, France, the other day. Incidentally its owner, a Mexican named Miguel Androval, was also taken into custody.

Androval, who is described as a travelling mountebank, has long been under suspicion by the police, who were informed that valuable articles had disappeared in a most mysterious manner from shops which Androval had visited.

For some days the man has been carefully watched by detectives, but although his actions were apparently above suspicion, the thefts continued.

The other morning the Mexican visited a fashionable jeweler's and asked to be shown some rings. A tray was placed in front of him, and after pretending to examine its contents, Androval indicated

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United Kingdom the amount is 0.07 bushels per head. New Zealand is especially partial to oats, the amount consumed per head averaging 12.32 bushels, or three times as much as in any other part of the Empire.

The population of the United Kingdom are the largest beer drinkers in the Empire, with an average of 27.6 gallons per head. Australia comes next with 11.1 gallons per head. Canada heads the list so far as the consumption of spirits is concerned, with 0.59 gallon per head, while the Cape of Good Hope is particularly partial to wine, consuming 2.28 gallons per head, or more than twice as much as Australia, the next on the list. For tea consumption Australia holds pride of place with 8.05 pounds; then comes New Zealand (7.22), and the United Kingdom (6.21), there being increases in all these cases over the previous year.

During the year no fewer than 2,344,824 tons of shipping classed as sailing vessels and 10,835,531 tons of steam vessels were on the register as "flying the flag."

A WILL MYSTERY.

English Youth Makes a Romantic Discovery.

One of the most extraordinary stories of the sudden attainment of fortune heard for a long time past has been given currency in Nottingham, England. It became known that Reginald Rogers, a youth of twenty, the son of a working jeweler, had discovered a long-lost grandfather in most romantic circumstances, and had become heir to a fortune valued at \$7,500,000.

The story, as told by young Rogers, is that about three weeks ago he had to travel from Nottingham to Sheffield on business. In the train he got into conversation with a man who said he was valet to a very wealthy old gentleman named Lowengard. The latter, he said, was lying seriously ill in Sheffield.

On the mention of Lowengard, young Rogers said that curiously enough that was his mother's maiden name. Her father had been a Jewish teacher of languages in London, and he disappeared soon after she was born, and was supposed to have gone abroad.

The valet was much interested, and telling Rogers that his master had returned from South America to seek his relatives, invited him to visit the sick man and tell him his tale. He did so, and interviewed Mr. Lowengard, who, much impressed, admitted that he was Rogers' grandfather, and before he left handed him a packet of papers to post to a firm of solicitors in Lincoln's Inn, London.

A day later the valet called on him and took him to London, where the solicitors stated that the documents consisted of a letter of directions and a will, leaving a vast fortune to Mrs. Rogers and her sister, who lives in Lincolnshire.

Since then Mr. Lowengard is said to have died, and the solicitors have been making enquiries. They have, however, it is said, failed to find the house, which was in the Ecclesall district of Sheffield, to which Rogers says he was taken. Nor can they discover, it is alleged, any registration of the death of Mr. Lowengard in Sheffield.

...of the navy on the personal initiative of M. Clemenceau, has submitted to M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance, a proposal to spend the sum of \$160,000,000 over and above the ordinary estimates on the French navy. The expenditure would be spread over a period of five years.

M. Caillaux has expressed astonishment at the demand for so large a sum, but will not refuse it, provided it can be shown to be required by the interests of national security. He insists, however, that any special expenditure must be incorporated in the budget. Though officially it is stated that there is no divergence of opinion on naval affairs among Ministers, it is generally understood that all the Cabinet are not agreed as to the necessity of spending a vast sum of money on the fleet, and that Ministers are apprehensive as to the attitude of Parliament. The real belief is that France and Russia are working in mutual agreement to reconstruct their navies.

M. Picard's investigations have revealed a state of anarchy in the administration of the navy. He has discovered that fortunes have been corruptly made by private individuals out of the outlay on the navy, and that there has been an utter want of continuity in naval policy.

He has reported the prevalence of a deplorable lack of discipline in the dock yards, where the workmen are perverted with the evil spirit of Socialism. Waste and extravagance have been the characteristics of the administration, and, as an instance of this, he found that the new submarine Z had been entirely forgotten for three years in a corner of a dock yard.

FRANCE'S NEW TERPEDO.

Engine of Death Controlled by Wireless Waves.

If all that is claimed for the new radio-automatic torpedo, built at the Creusot Works, is true, it promises to prove the most terrible engine of destruction that the genius of men has yet invented. This weapon of naval warfare can be worked from shore or from ship, and can be used against a ship of the enemy's fleet in motion. There is no escaping it.

The radio-automatic torpedo is controlled and directed by the employment of Hertzian waves, and by aid of an apparatus which differs very little from that now used in wireless telegraphy. When loaded it would contain 1,000 kilogrammes of gun cotton and about ten times the quantity of explosive charge of the ordinary torpedo. Its apparatus is synchronized so as to receive the Hertzian waves from the "parent" ship or shore station, and to refuse those emanating from the enemy. It will be capable of maintaining a maximum speed of nearly fifteen knots for five hours.

One of the most important features is the wide radius of its action. From its starting point the operator, whether on ship or ashore, can control its every movement, stop it, send it dead slow ahead or astern, and alter its course with as much ease as if he were on board the deadly craft.

The inventor is M. Gustave Cavet, who has long devoted himself to the study of the problem and of the science of naval warfare.

PROFITABLE TO THE STATE.

At the end of 80 years the forests should pay to the state an annual revenue of \$87,500,000, reckoning timber at the present prices, which ought, however, to be materially enhanced. This revenue should be perpetual, as the scheme, of course, provides for planting to take the place of all the trees cut down.

Looked at from another viewpoint, the state will then be in possession of property worth \$2,510,000,000, or about \$335,000,000 more than the outlay, reckoning the cost of its creation on the basis of three per cent. per annum at compound interest.

The most interesting feature of the scheme is its probable effect on the timber trade of the world. Great Britain now imports about 5,500,000 loads of timber a year, of the kinds that can profitably be grown in the country. The value of this timber is about \$100,000,000, and on the basis of one load to the acre, which is that accepted by scientific foresters, the country could produce every stick of timber that it is now importing and spend at home the \$100,000,000 which it is now paying every year to foreigners.

As a matter of fact, the experience of private landowners who have experimented with forestry shows that the commission rather understates the case for the afforestation of the country. There is one district in Gloucestershire, on the slopes of the Cotswold Hills, where there are

THOUSANDS OF ACRES

of land which were never fit for anything but the roughest kind of grazing. In the days when the Stroud Valley was a great woollen manufacturing center sheep were raised on these hills, but the wool was poor in quality, and when the local industry died there was little demand elsewhere for it. Some of the great landowners planted the hillsides with pine, fir, elm and other quick-growing woods and farmers in the district now declare that after twenty years' growth had been attained an acre of woodland yields a better return every year than an acre of wheat land in the valleys. Of course, the woodlands are managed with as much care as the wheat lands and nothing is wasted. A steady rotation of the timber crop is secured by planting to take the place of the trees cut down and the timber is worked up by sawmills established on the edges of the forests. In Scotland there are to-day plantations of pine on land which cost only 25 cents an acre 60 years ago and on which \$17 an acre was spent on planting, which are now bringing in a steady return of \$45 an acre per annum.

HIS CHOICE.

"I like to visit there. They have three lovely children."

"I'd rather visit at a place where they have a lovely cook."

When a man flatters a woman she should search him for the purpose of discovering what he has up his sleeve.

"The house that you finished a few weeks ago is the biggest of the lot," said the real-estate agent. "Perhaps that's why it's so hard to find a tenant." "Yes," answered the builder; "it's last but not leased."

carefully watched by detectives, but although his actions were apparently above suspicion, the thefts continued.

The other morning the Mexican visited a fashionable jeweler's and asked to be shown some rings. A tray was placed in front of him, and after pretending to examine its contents, Androval indicated another tray and asked to examine it also.

The shop attendant turned to pick up the second tray, while Androval stood a couple of feet from the counter, in such a position that the slightest movement would have been detected. The man did not move, but a detective, who was watching through the plate-glass window, saw a tiny head peep furtively out of Androval's overcoat pocket.

Then, in a flash a small brown monkey sprang out, deftly seized two diamond rings, and disappeared again into the pocket before the shop attendant could turn round with the second tray of jewels.

The monkey fought furiously when arrested by the detective. It was removed to the Fourriere, a depot where lost or strayed animals are detained, and its owner was taken to the police station.

In the latter's pockets were found many pieces of valuable lace and jewelry which had been stolen by the monkey. Androval is said to have trained the animal so carefully that it would pick up articles which its owner had previously touched with his fingers.

ENGLAND'S UNEMPLOYED.

Depression Not the Only Cause of Failure to Get Work.

The condition of the unemployed is one of the big questions of the day in the United Kingdom. In Edinburgh the vice-chairman of the distress committee in an address delivered a short time ago gives his views on the causes and possible remedies for the evil.

Unemployment, he believes, was aggravated by the recent trade depression but was not caused by it. He said that there was a class of men who best could be described as unemployable, comprising "the corner man, the loafer, the tramp, the begging impostor and the man who will not take work."

"The most fertile source of breeding these classes," the speaker continued, "is an indiscriminate and ill administered charity."

Among other causes of the growth of these classes he mentioned excessive drinking, a "faulty educational system, which too often develops intellect without any training of character, forgetful that intellect may increase a man's capacity for evil as well as his capacity for good," and finally a "growing habit of indolence and self-indulgence, which are sapping some of the best root qualities of the national character and are causing a consequent weakening of moral force and will power."

Judge—"You are charged with burglary. How do you plead?" Prisoner—"Not guilty, boss; an' I'll tell yo' why. In de first place de chicken-coop doah wuzn't eben locked; in de secon' place dar wuz no burglar alarm; in de third place dar wuz no bulldog; an' in de fourf place dar wuz no steel traps. Now dat ain't burglary et all, boss; dat's jes' simply findin' chickens, an' I leabe it toe yo'self."

IT. UNEMPLOYED OF LONDON

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THEIR NUMBERS ARE GREATER THAN EVER BEFORE.

Are Sick of Processions—Ones Who Profit are Spouters, Who Get Them Up.

Although trade union unemployment is worse in Great Britain this winter than it has been for "unemployed agitation," writes H. Hamilton Fyfe in the London Daily Mail.

The figures published recently showed that over 9 per cent. of the members of the principal trade unions are out of work, a total of nearly 70,000 first-class skilled tradesmen. For every one of these there are, at the lowest computation, two or three unskilled laborers, accustomed to regular work, out of employment. In addition, the irregular casuals—the men who only get work in good times—are suffering badly. And behind them comes the large army of loafers, tramps, hangers-on, cadgers and unemployables, who show an alarming increase in numbers year by year.

ALL AGITATION FAILS.

Yet all the efforts made to get up an unemployed agitation have signally failed. There are "processions" here and there, but a single glance at the derelicts who compose them is enough to convince any observer that these are not the genuine unemployed. Nearly all are hopeless wrecks, brought low it may be by their own fault—drunk, laziness, the insane passion for betting; or it may be by their wretched conditions of life, semistarvation from infancy, casual employment, lack of all the influences which build up sound character.

It is not for want of stirring up that the genuine unemployed have remained inactive. When I went the round of the big principal cities in October, I found everywhere energetic campaigns being planned and in many places already in progress. It looked as if we were in for a winter of lurid disturbance and unrest. Yet the fires which were being kindled three months ago have almost died down; in their ashes there is scarcely any redness left. It is natural that people should be puzzled. No wonder they ask "Why?"

THE ONLY MEN WHO PROFIT.

I asked one of the shrewdest of the leading trade union officials recently how he accounted for it. "The truth is," he said, "the decent workman is sick of processions and meetings and the whole agitation business. He sees that the only men who profit by them are the spouters who get them up. What good have they ever done to anyone else?"

"The good workman doesn't want to go out and shout about being unemployed. His one object is to keep it dark. I don't say that he wouldn't agitate if he could be convinced that agitation was going to do any good. But to tramp the streets aimlessly and stand about listening to frothy speeches—for that he hasn't got any use at all. What people don't seem to understand is this—that the kind of man I'm talking about doesn't want relief, he doesn't want charity, he doesn't want Acts of Parliament. He wants a steady job."

HEIRESS WEDS A PORTER

MARRIED IN THE BRIDE-GROOM'S DINNER HOUR.

How Bride Obtained Her Mother's Consent—Will Stick by Husband.

A love story which comes from Shropshire, England, reads like a chapter from one of Fielding's most famous works, even to the name of the hero. Tom Jones, a young railway porter, son of a house decorator residing at Pant, four miles from Oswestry, has secretly wedded Miss Evelyn Dorothy Hopton, a charming young lady who is reputed to be heiress to some £10,000.

The young lady, who, like her husband, is only nineteen, has been residing at Pant with her mother, with whom she came from Herefordshire some four or five years ago. Her father, a retired British officer, who is at present big game shooting in Uganda, is a Protestant, while her mother is a Roman Catholic. The father in 1902, during a brief visit to England, took steps to make his daughter

A WARD IN CHANCERY.

Two years ago the young lady says she was sent to a Roman Catholic convent at Brussels. Being a bright, cheery girl, she disliked the quiet of the seminary, and in less than two months she returned. Five months ago she struck up an acquaintance with young Jones, and as her mother was arranging, she says, to send her to another convent abroad she decided to get married.

So one day Miss Hopton asked her mother in a casual sort of way if she might marry. The mother thoughtlessly answered: "Yes, if you can find anyone to have you."

To a similar question put by the young man to his father, the latter replied: "You can get married twice over if you like."

The young people took the parents at their word. Archdeacon Wynne Jones, to whom they applied, granted a special license, and the marriage took place in the porter's "dinner hour" at Morton Parish Church, the vicar, Rev. C. R. Garnett Botfield, officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by the bridegroom's sister and by an Oswestry bird fancier.

MOTHER ASTOUNDED.

After the service the couple parted, Jones returning to his official duties, while young Mrs. Jones returned to her home to break the news of her marriage to her mother. At first Mrs. Hopton refused to believe her daughter's statement, but the girl showed her the wedding ring. This convinced her. When she had recovered from her surprise, Mrs. Hopton at once sent a telegram with the news to the family solicitor in Liverpool, and despatched a messenger to Welshpool to a Catholic priest.

When the priest arrived the girl herself admitted him, and then left the house and rejoined her husband. She has not seen her mother since. The young couple moved later to some furnished quarters.

The priest and the family solicitor have had an interview with young Jones, and he was asked to leave the district until he became of age, meanwhile letting his young wife return to her mother.

OLD TIME TIME-KEEPERS

WEIGHTCLOCKS WERE KNOWN IN TENTH CENTURY.

The Earliest Time Teller at All Conveniently Portable Was the Dial Ring.

The invention of clocks has been fathered on different persons, at dates varying from before the Christian era to the fourteenth century, but to trace precisely the first appearance of an instrument at all resembling the modern clock tower and clock were set up in Westminster at the expense of Chief Justice de Hengham, a punishment imposed upon him for falsifying the record of a fine, says the London Globe, and weight clocks were known in European monastic houses from the tenth century onward, but it is very doubtful if these possessed a dial face and hands; more probably they merely caused a bell to sound at stated intervals.

The sand glass can boast an antiquity of rather better than 2,000 years at least, and though now enjoying an honorable retirement, or merely presiding in old fashioned kitchens at the boiling of the breakfast egg, had formerly a place in almost every parish church and served to keep the sermon within reasonable bounds.

HOOR GLASSES

of superior quality at one time contained not sand but egg shells, which finely powdered and kiln dried formed a material less sensitive to atmosphere moisture.

Of probably still greater antiquity than the hour glass was the clepsydra or water clock, of which we know of several forms. One of the simplest was the Hindu's copper basin pierced with a small hole in the bottom, which placed in a vessel of water gradually filled and sank at the appointed time. More elaborate forms were known in Europe and Egypt.

Though varying somewhat in construction the principle of each was the same, a "float." This was either placed in a full cylinder from which the water gradually escaped by a hole in the bottom—usually bored in a pearl as being less liable to erosion by the constant flow; or in an empty vessel to which water was admitted from above. In both varieties the float, falling or rising as the case may be, pointed to the scale of hours marked upon the vessel's side. The float sometimes took the form of a miniature boat, in which the pointer was an outstretched oar.

Clepsydra such as these were used in the Athenian courts of law and had a special officer in charge, one "water" apiece being allowed to plaintiff, defendant and Judge; during the reading of any documents which bore upon the case the flow was stopped. A clepsydra which in its action and appearance foreshadowed the modern clock carried upon its float an upright rod which acted on a toothed wheel and

TURNED A HAND UPON A DIAL.

But the precursor of both the sand glass and the clepsydra was without doubt the "gnomon" of the sun dial; a simple rod which, standing upright in a sunny place, meas-

INVENTIONS ARE BEATEN

EXAMPLES OF THE GENIUS OF NATURE.

Mechanical Devices Which She Has Introduced in the Human Body.

The action of the valves of the heart was the original of the idea now in use in valves everywhere, from those of a pump to those of a steam engine. Their purpose is to regulate the flow of fluids or vapors in particular directions and to prevent back flow or regurgitation.

The valve in the box of a pump prevents the water we have drawn up from returning to the well so that the next movement of the pump handle will send it out of the spout. In the case of the heart, says the London Illustrated News, we have two sets of valves, whose object it is to prevent blood, pumped out from each side of the heart, from returning into the heart's cavities.

There are certain beautiful flap valves which fall back to let blood enter but which float up on the blood, meet in the middle and form a perfect temporary partition, preventing reflux. These flaps are provided with cords which allow of their meeting together, and these cords, attached to the wall of the heart, pull down against the force of the blood which would cause them to float up too far, and so the fluid must spass away by

THE PROPER CHANNEL.

Again we have pocketlike valves, placed around the great blood vessels into which blood passes from the heart. Imagine three pockets set in a circle round the entrance to the vessel. The mouths of the pockets open away from the heart. They allow blood easily to pass to them, but when the tendency to back flow occurs the pockets fill tensely and their edges meet, and so again there is found a temporary barrier against regurgitation.

The field here is very wide, for animals and plants have learned by experience and by outward conditions acting on them to adopt their structure to meet the exigencies of their lives. It was said that Brunel adopted the plan of the teredo or ship worm in his mode of constructing the original Thames tunnel.

The teredo is a boring shellfish, which burrows into wood by means of the two shells which envelop its head extremity. It lines its burrow with a limy secretion, and it was this practice which is said to have given Brunel the idea of protecting his big burrow from collapse by tubing it as he worked

THE TOOLS OF MANKIND

have been over and over again foreshadowed and anticipated by animals. Saws, files and lancets are common among the insect species, and the gizzard of certain insects and of grain eating birds recalls their grinding action of the mill, as indeed does the duty of our own molars or back teeth.

The case of "little wanton boys that swin on bladders" is represented by certain members of the jellyfish class. The Physalia or Portuguese man-of-war floats on

been convinced that agitation was going to do any good. But to tramp the streets aimlessly and stand about listening to frothy speeches—for that he hasn't got any use at all. What people don't seem to understand is this—that the kind of man I'm talking about doesn't want relief, he doesn't want charity, he doesn't want Acts of Parliament. He wants a steady job."

FOOD CURE FOR INEBRIETY.

The Use of Sugar in Checking the Evil of Drinking.

Referring to the manifesto of the Bread and Food Reform League pointing out the powerful influence a correct dietary has in reducing the craving for drink, a London (England) physician stated: "No diet will help the man who, knowing he will become intoxicated if he starts drinking, deliberately commences to get drunk. Most inebriates, however, intend to take only a few drinks. Then these few doses of alcohol excite such a powerful thirst that they go on in the vain hope of quenching this by taking more alcohol, and so, unwittingly, get drunk. "This class may be helped by a suitable diet. First, they should avoid all highly spiced articles, garlic, onions, condiments, and very salt foods. Their meals should be substantial and nourishing; meats such as beef-steak, mutton chops, and chicken forming the principal part. "Feed the potential drunkard on plenty of sweet things. A jam roll or other sweet pudding at lunch or dinner can supply the body's demand for sugar, the lack of which is often the reason of a man's turning to alcohol. Not caring much for the taste of sweet foods, many men unconsciously starve their bodies of this important food element. A craving for sugar is thus set up, and an attempt is made to satisfy this by the sugar contained in alcoholic drinks. Every doctor has noticed how the confirmed alcoholic who has been 'seared off' alcohol by a stroke of paralysis is very apt during his recovery to eat largely of sweets. "The wife who thinks her husband is beginning to drink too much can do a great deal towards diverting this tendency by furnishing him with attractively prepared puddings and ices, etc."

BIG QUEENSLAND TURTLE.

Its Captors Used it for Riding on the Sand and Sea.

A party of men were reclining in their tent by the sea near Bundaberg, where they were surprised to see a large turtle poke its head in the entrance, says the British Australian. After they had recovered from the surprise they set to work to capture the turtle, and it took the united efforts of two of them to turn the turtle over on its back, which they did with the aid of a rope and a couple of spars. A rope was attached and it was kept a prisoner till boxing day, when the captors amused themselves riding on it up and down the sand. After the novelty had worn off one of the members of the party mounted the turtle's back and set its head for the sea, letting the rope go. The turtle, appreciating its release, carried its jockey out to sea, and the latter slid off and let the turtle return to the deep.

himself admitted him, and then left the house and rejoined her husband. She has not seen her mother since. The young couple moved later to some furnished quarters.

The priest and the family solicitor have had an interview with young Jones, and he was asked to leave the district until he became of age, meanwhile letting his young wife return to her mother.

But the young couple will not hear of this. Young Mrs. Jones seems quite happy with her position, and says she requires no other society than that of her husband.

"I was christened in a Protestant church," she remarked, "and baptized in a Catholic church, and I returned to a Protestant church to get married."

WOULD NOT DIE ALONE.

How China's Dowager Compassed the Emperor's Death.

M. Francis Mury gives in The Paris Revue details, which he claims are from an unimpeachable authority, of how the dying Dowager Empress of China resolved that the Emperor Kwang Su must "accompany her to the tomb." It was given out officially that he was suffering from heart disease, but offers of the assistance of the doctors of the foreign legations were refused.

A high palace official visited the Emperor and told him of the Empress' decision. At the same time, he placed by the Emperor's side the opium pills, gold leaf, and yellow silk cord with which the Chinese of high rank commit suicide. Then he withdrew, announcing that he would return later. If by that time the Emperor Kwang Su had not swallowed the opium pills or asphyxiated himself by inhaling the fine gold leaf, the Grand Eunuch would have him strangled with the silken cord by two attendants who were to watch at his door.

When the official returned the opium pills had disappeared, and the Emperor was stretched on his couch, breathing with difficulty, his heart feebly beating, and his limbs already cold. Presently he expired. The Empress could now die in peace (says The Revue), and did so 24 hours later.

FIRES OF OLD LONDON.

Forty-Four Lives Were Lost, 5,156 Calls Answered.

The figures furnished in the annual report of the London (England) Fire Brigade's work are of considerable interest. The chief summaries are as follows:—

Calls answered	5,156
Most calls in a single day (Christmas Day)	37
Fewest calls in a single day (New Year's Day)	2
Lives lost at fires	44
Rescued persons who died in hospital	36

A notable event in the annals of the brigade during the year was the death on Aug. 25 of Sir Eyre Massey Shaw, for thirty years the head of the London Fire Brigade. The most remarkable fire of 1908 was that at Drury Lane Theatre, on March 25, when the roof was burned off and the stage side of the theatre practically gutted. The greatest fire of the year so far as damage was concerned was that at Old Bailey, on Aug. 4, in a building used as offices and show-rooms by a number of firms.

foreshadowed the modern clock carried upon its float an upright rod which acted on a toothed wheel and

TURNED A HAND UPON A DIAL.

But the precursor of both the sand glass and the clepsydra was without doubt the "gnomon" of the sun dial; a simple rod which, standing upright in a sunny place, measured time's passage by its moving shadow on the ground.

The earliest time teller at all conveniently portable was the dial ring. Within its broad banded circle were graven the hours, and a ray of sunlight falling through a small hole in the ring's upper side when held erect gave the approximate time. It was either this or its immediate successor—a miniature dial plate with a hinged collapsible gnomon to admit of its being carried in the pocket—that was drawn from the "pocket" of Shakespeare's forest fool. The dial ring held its own until comparatively recent times, when watches, though well known, were still too dear for common use.

Ornamental and elaborate as often is our modern clock, watches, however costly, now seldom deviate into any form but that of the simple circle. Oval watches were formerly common; Cromwell's watch was of this shape. A sixteenth century watch still in existence is a six sided oblong and was fitted, ninety years after its construction with a pendulum. Mary of Scotland presented to one of the famous "four Maries" a gruesome little timepiece—technically a watch, though too large and heavy for personal use—in the form of a skull, richly adorned with sculptured tokens of mortality, as Time and Death, the Crucifixion and the like. "Box" and "book" watches were also favorite forms.

NEW SHIP OF MYSTERY.

The Cruiser Indefatigable Building at Davenport.

A few elementary particulars have been made public from time to time concerning the armored cruiser Indefatigable, which is to be started forthwith in Davenport, (England) dockyard.

In the main, however, these statements have been confined to the announcement that the new warship will be an improved Invincible, and to more or less speculative tables of displacement, dimensions, and guns.

The Indefatigable will be something more than an improved Invincible. She will be totally unlike any other warship ever yet put afloat for the British navy.

Among the original features may be mentioned the fact that her motive power will be developed by internal combustion engines, thus doing away with funnels and boilers and coal-bunkers.

Her armament will, in common with that of the Vanguard, now building at Portsmouth, consist of the much-talked-of new 13.5-inch guns, throwing projectiles 1,250 pounds in weight at a muzzle velocity of over 3,000 foot-seconds.

It has been necessary to strengthen the slip on which the Collingwood was built in order to receive the keel of this leviathan. When it is stated that the Collingwood is 530 feet long, some idea of the proportions of the Indefatigable may be arrived at. She is expected to take the water in October next.

are common among the insect species, and the gizzard of certain insects and of grain eating birds recalls the grinding action of the mill, as indeed does the duty of our own molars or back teeth.

The case of "little wanton boys that swim on bladders" is represented by certain members of the jellyfish class. The Physalia or Portuguese man-of-war floats on the sea by aid of a large bladder-like structure, to the under side of which the little animal colony is attached. Near by is the Vellula, which hoists a vertiable sail on its flat disc and is blown over the sea by the aid of this contrivance.

As for building powers we have only to think of the wonderful nests of the termites, or white ants, and those of the bees and wasps to come face to face with an exercise of skill in home construction that is marvellous to behold. Even the ventilation of these homes is duly provided for, we might add, in a far more perfect fashion than is seen in man's own dwelling places.

If we include domestic service in the list of achievements then the life of an ant or bee community will supply us with examples of ordered organization, such as might well form an ideal to humanity itself. We have grades of society represented here.

THE CLEVER ANT.

Royalty and workers, nurses and servants, and some ants even keep cows in the shape of the aphides, or plant lice, which they milk of the honey juice, for ants, like children, are fond of sweets. Other ants have anticipated the sewing of garments, for they sew leaves together for abodes, and to this end, with an ingenuity almost surpassing belief, employ seamstresses for the work in the shape of the thread spinning caterpillars of other insects.

Among the shellfish we find the cockle using its foot as a leaping pole. The razor shell or solen employs its foot as an excavating machine, whereby it burrows swiftly into the sand on the approach of danger. The mussel is a spinner, for its foot makes the tough, horny threads with which it moors itself to rocks and stones.

When the schoolboy amuses himself with a leather sucker and lifts stones by its aid his scientific toy is paralleled by the suckers on the arms of the octopus, and other cuttle fishes which are efficient organs for the capture of prey. These suckers can be instantaneously brought into action and as quickly released. Many fishes possess air bladders, which enable them to rise and sink in the water at will by an expedient much more elegant than that of the balloonist.

REASONABLE.

Young Physician (diagnosing a case)—"In the first place, sir, you must drink less coffee."

Patient—"I never drink any coffee at all, sir."

Young Physician (considerably annoyed)—"Well, you ought to."

Mistress (angrily)—"How dare you talk back to me in that way? I never saw such impudence. You have a lot of nerve to call yourself a lady's maid." New Maid—"I don't call myself that now, ma'am, but I was a lady's maid before I got this job."

Why Take Alcohol?

Are you thin, pale, easily tired, lack your usual vigor and strength? Then your digestion must be poor, your blood thin, your nerves weak. You need a tonic and alternative. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. We believe your doctor would endorse these statements, or we would not make them. Ask him and find out. Follow his advice. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The endorsement of your doctor will certainly greatly increase your confidence in Ayer's Pills as a family laxative. Liver pills. All vegetable. Ask your doctor about them.

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E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

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On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

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THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Semi Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
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Bravery and Cowardice.

Cowardice is often ignorance. Are any men brave, more ready to take their lives in their hands, to reckon death as one of the daily encounters, than the deep sea fishermen? Yet a group of these men brought to London by one of their missionaries have been seen too terrified to cross the street. The police had to stop the traffic to allow them to cross. The

OTTAWA NEWS.

British Columbia is suffering from an epidemic of bogus telegrams. Hardly have the people thoroughly understood the circumstances surrounding the now famous "Borden telegram" when they are regaled with a despatch bearing the Ottawa date line, published by the "Columbian" of New Westminster, in which the Minister of Justice is misrepresented with regard to an answer given in the House on the subject of the escape of Bill Miner

Another Bogus Despatch.

Mr. Taylor, of New Westminster, who is associated with the "Columbian," blandly explained that the alleged despatch was no despatch at all, but that he had copied the item from the News Advertiser, and appropriated it *holus bolus*. The details of accuracy—raising the date to convey the impression that the item was live news—the enterprise (or lack of it) in swiping the telegraphic dispatch of another newspaper without giving credit for the same, were all overlooked—the one object was if possible to cast discredit upon the administration of justice, and this attempt lamentably failed.

Public opinion in British Columbia is being misled by bogus telegrams and alleged telegrams in Conservative papers which were never received by the paper publishing them. The acme of the art of deception is reached when an imaginary state of things is set up discrediting political opponents.

The *Columbian* of New Westminster, of which Mr. J. D. Taylor, M. P. is editor, published what purported to be an answer to a question given in the House by the Minister of Justice on February 17. In that answer the Minister referred to certain evidence given by Inspector Mackenzie at the investigation conducted by Inspector Dawson. The *Columbian*, however, published the name of Chief Constable McIntosh, who repudiates the whole story and says he never testified to anything of the kind. As a result the *Columbian* revels in a denunciation of the Minister of Justice.

Faked up Story.

This is the Opposition method—publish a faked up story, which, if true, would reflect upon a member of the Government, then interview the man whose name has been wrongfully used, secure his denial, and upon this flimsy foundation build up an attack upon a gentleman of the eminence of the Minister of Justice.

This is the Fosterian method, pure and simple, set up an imaginary case and then knock it down. The example is in the House for the new members to follow, and some of them are falling into bad ways.

There is another feature to this. The Minister of Justice read the alleged despatch to the House as printed in the "Columbian" and Mr. Taylor, its editor, crawled from under responsibility by saying that although the

of the department. It has never been interfered with by any person since it left the custody of the telegraphic officials at Ottawa and is addressed precisely as stated by the Minister of Justice.

This is a most significant circumstance. What is there in the air in British Columbia which causes telegrams to be altered in transmission? What occult influence are at work which make changes in messages which result favorably to the Tory party?

The Borden "Forged" Telegram.

The matter of the Borden "forged telegram" is again uppermost in political circles. The *Victoria Times* February 23, plainly intimates that the man who forged the telegram was a trusted employee of the Colonist, and that should the attorney-general take up the matter all the facts would be quickly ascertained. The *Times* says, speaking of the forger—

"This man had been collaborating with a high official of the paper in the preparation of political canards and cartoons. Would he dare to alter a telegram of such importance without either consulting his chief, or being satisfied it would be approved by him? For instance, if he knew that his chief had earlier in the day despatched a telegram to Mr. Borden in words like the following—

What the Tories Wanted.

"Please wire the Colonist as follows: 'The Conservative party stands for a white Canada, the protection of white labor, and the total exclusion of Asiatics.'"

And that Mr. Borden had wire back:

What the Tories Got.

"Your telegram received—The Conservative party stands for a white Canada, and the protection of white labor."

How would this man know the exact words to fill in to meet the wishes of his chief, without consultation with him?

The very fact that a telegram had been sent to Mr. Borden on this important subject presupposes knowledge on the part of responsible men on the newspaper.

The very fact that the telegram in reply mentions "Your telegram received" proves to a demonstration that responsible men on the paper were expecting a reply, and in the ordinary course of events the answer must have been submitted to them.

The Colonist wanted a telegram in certain terms, they asked for it, and it fell short of what was necessary to defeat a cabinet minister. What happened to it? The words which Mr. Borden left out in his reply were added to the telegram, and it was used in public meeting to secure the greatest possible political advantage.

How Did he Know?

How did the telegram editor know the very words to add to the message? How did he happen to add the very words which it is suggested by the *Times*, the Colonist asked should be put in the telegrams? Was the message to whom the telegram was given to hand it in at a public meeting endowed with occult powers, or was he instructed by Colonist people just what to do?

There are too many points of inconsistency in the story for the public to absolve the Colonist from knowledge in the premises.

The man who confessed says he left the Colonist building and went into an office and changed the telegram. Examine this a moment. It was 10 o'clock at night. What office would be available that time of night? There must be many conditions precedent.

CASTO

The Kind You Have Always Bought in use for over 30 years, has been

Chas. H. Fletcher and has been a personal supervision. Allow no one to sell you All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience

What is CASTO

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Calomel, Drops and Soothing Syrup, contains neither Opium, Morphine nor any dangerous substance. Its age is its guarantee and allays Feverishness, It cures Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy children. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTO

Bears the Signature

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have

In Use For Over

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 N. BROADWAY, N. Y.

ment. A great party, through its leader, was committed to an impossible policy: and the people were influenced to use their franchise by false pretences.

Must Have Investigation.

Nothing short of an investigation will satisfy the people of Canada. Mr. Borden cannot afford to have his name identified with a forged telegram. The offence is aggravated because it involves a great party in a promise to do certain things, if the party should be returned to power, when the head of the party repudiates any such ideas as are conveyed in the false telegram. There is a guilty man somewhere, and that man should be punished.

Franking Privilege.

A debate on the franking privilege was participated during the week by a Conservative, so new to the House, that he did not know the history of the Conservative Government in this regard. Mr. Foster, of course, used the occasion to draw a parallel case between the action of members of the Government in this regard and a burglar robbing the till of a post office. What a short memory these gentlemen have.

How Tories Abused It.

In 1896 the country was flooded with literature by the Conservative ministers—Foster, Haggart et al. Upon one side of the pamphlet was the Tory appeal to the people and upon the other was printed the merits of a quack medicine known as "Kooceyay Cure." This literature was franked by members of the then Conservative Govern-

Ever some of our people have been misled by some of our people. This is a case of a party in a promise to do certain things, if the party should be returned to power, when the head of the party repudiates any such ideas as are conveyed in the false telegram. There is a guilty man somewhere, and that man should be punished.

Queer As the Robins known

downward is often ignorance. No any men brave, more ready to take their lives in their hands, to reckon death as one of the daily encounters, than the deep sea fishermen? Yet a group of these men brought to London by one of their missionaries have been seen too terrified to cross the street. The police had to stop the traffic to allow them to cross. The quick, quarrelsome, fearless cockneys who laughed at them—how would they feel in a freezing storm in the North Sea? A spider may terrify the most courageous of women and a V. C. shrink from a cat. Every hero has his weakness, and we may believe every coward has a point where he turns and will fight the world.—London Outlook.

Swiss English.

A Zurich newspaper published the following advertisement in English: "Residing board house among a charming set of mountains. Very becoming for families or singular individuals. Shadowed glades and amiable places for resting for guests of the cure. All facilities for mountainous expeditions. Excellent kitchen, with lager beer running from the tap."

In an English village an official notice reads as follows: "The public are warned against using the well for domestic purposes unless previously boiled."

Crabbed Carlyle.

There is a story of Carlyle in his old age having taken the following farewell in his broadest Scotch of a young friend who had had him in charge for walks and who, while almost always adapting himself to Carlyle's mood, had on a single occasion ventured to disagree with him: "I would have you to know, young man, that you have the capacity of being the greatest bore in Christendom."

Medicine Hat Well Leads.

The new natural gas well in the Medicine Hat district has now developed a flow of five million cubic feet by mercury test and five and a quarter by water test, proving it to be the largest flow in Canada.

is in the House for the new members to follow, and some of them are falling into bad ways.

There is another feature to this. The Minister of Justice read the alleged dispatch to the House as printed in the "Columbia," and Mr. Taylor, its editor, crawled from under responsibility by saying that although the item was dated Ottawa of the same day, it was copied from another newspaper in the same province which had paid for telegraphic service.

Telegram by Scissors.

The people of British Columbia were led to believe that the Columbian printed a dispatch received from Ottawa, whereas it was a telegram secured by the scissors from a contemporary and printed without credit to the paper which had endeavored to secure and pay for a telegraphic service.

Another point must not be lost sight of. The Opposition claim that a telegram sent by Bourke, warden of the penitentiary, to Inspector Dawson at Ottawa was addressed to him by his official title. The fact is that when the telegram reached Ottawa it was addressed to Mr. Dawson personally, and because of that was repeated to an out-of-town address, causing a delay of many hours before the department at Ottawa knew anything of its contents.

Who Changed the Telegram?

That telegram, as it was received at the office in Ottawa, is now in the files

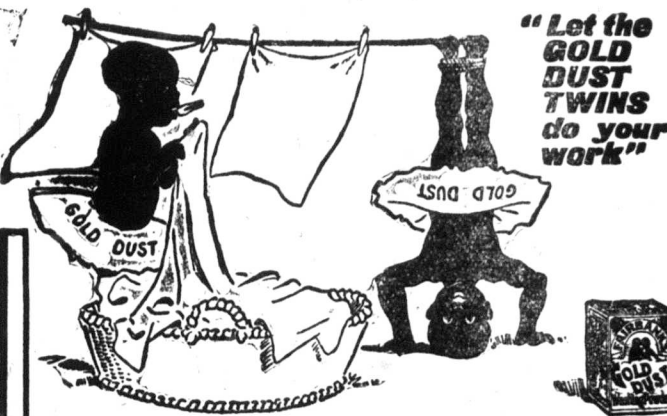
How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

W. A. LIND, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



Gold Dust Stands Alone

in the washing powder field—it has no substitute. You must either use

Gold Dust Washing Powder

or something inferior—there is no middle ground.

Buy GOLD DUST and you buy the best.

OTHER GENERAL
USES FOR
GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

the Colonist building and went into an office and changed the telegram. Examine this a moment. It was 10 o'clock at night. What office would be available that time of night? There must be many conditions precedent.

Explain These Things.

First an office open after ten o'clock at night.

Second an office in which the messenger found to his hand, a typewriter, a blank receiving form of the C. P. R., and the right to appropriate both for his own purposes.

Third—When the bogus telegram was sent to the art room for the purposes or reproduction in fac simile, the fact that none of the receiving marks were on the message would have attracted the attention of the operator instantly. That is assuming it was not quite understood that the order to reproduce the telegram did not come from one in authority. If it was understood that in order to make a fac simile came from one in authority, these points would not arise. To assume this is to assume that some one in authority knew of the existence of the bogus telegram.

There is another inconsistency. The man who confessed says, through the bishop:

Stories Don't Agree.

"To make public the fact that this telegram was handed to him by the telegraph editor of the Colonist to be delivered at a public meeting."

The Colonist in its first explanation of the incident says:

"The telegram was taken from the telegraph editor's desk and never returned."

If the Colonist knew that the original telegram had been taken from the editor's desk and was never returned, upon what justification can the Colonist reply for having made and published what purported to be a fac simile of a telegram, which it must have known was bogus?

Knew it Was Bogus.

There is the admission that the original was taken from the editor's desk, and the flat denial that the telegram was handed to the man to deliver at a public meeting. The further fact that although the Colonist says the original was never returned, the Colonist did reproduce a copy of telegram which, if the above statements are true, must have been bogus, and the Colonist must have known it to be bogus.

This telegram was not forged by a mere messenger or underling. It was done by, or at the instigation of men who knew the political value at the psychological moment of the identical words added to Mr. Borden's message. It was clearly the work of those who understood the precise condition of public opinion on the Oriental question and the words necessary to arouse public sympathy for the Conservative candidate. The fact that Mr. Borden had been requested to send a telegram in specific terms as indicated by the Victoria "Times" proves that the subject had been carefully considered. The man who sent the telegram knew just what he wanted, and not getting it from Mr. Borden, it was manufactured. This was not a coincidence, not done by accident, not an exhibition of excess of political zeal, but a preconcerted deliberate attempt to influence public opinion fraudulently.

The Effect of Forgery.

By this dispicable act a minister of the Crown was defeated, and a slur was cast upon the Government. The people of British Columbia were induced to take a course of action based upon a declaration of policy said to have come from the leader of a political party, when as a fact the Conservative leader made no such announce-

ment with literature by the Conservative ministers—Foster, Haggart et al. Upon one side of the pamphlet was the Tory appeal to the people and upon the other was printed the merits of a quack medicine known as "Kootenay Cure" This literature was franked by members of the then Conservative Government, thousands of dollars were lost to the treasury, and the illegal act of sending patent medicine advertisements under the cloak of campaign literature, was perpetrated. This pamphlet was known as the "Kootenay Cure campaign sheet," on one side was set the merits of this patent medicine, and on the other the nostrums of the Conservative party were submitted for the public to swallow them. The public rejected both.

Mr. Foster during the campaign of 1896 franked his own speeches out of Session, using the frank G. E. F.—Mr. F., Geo. E. Foster, Finance Minister.

For months after the Session closed clerks in the departments were kept at work, franking campaign literature by the hundreds of thousands.

When Mr. Montague was Minister of Agriculture in the Conservative Government he caused to be sent out, after the session closed, hundreds of thousands of campaign documents stamped with the frank of his department.

The Conservatives contended when they were in power that the franking privilege extended to their washing, and this was sent out under their Parliamentary frank and returned free of postage.

The Conservatives claimed the right to send their campaign literature out through every post office in Nova Scotia without postage, and one member sent plugs of tobacco all over the country under his frank.

In 1896 hundreds of thousands of copies of speeches of Mr. Foster and other Conservative ministers were sent to Halifax in large bundles, and from there franked out of the local post offices with the frank of Sir Charles Tupper, the then Conservative leader. This was done out of session. Sir Charles Tupper claimed the right that he could frank speeches of members of Parliament from any point in Canada, and he did it.

In June, 1896, when Parliament was not in session, a garbled report of the decision of the Privy Council on the school question, together with extracts from Conservative papers referring to the Tory policy, was sent through the mails bearing the frank of Sir Charles Tupper. These documents were sent out by the tens of thousands, and not a stamp was put on any of the covering envelopes.

In 1896 the Conservative Minister of Agriculture set apart a room in his department for campaign literature. It was placed in charge of a messenger, and he had three clerks, who were in the pay of the Government, who franked literature all over the country. These clerks were on the books as Government officials. Tons of literature were sent out by these men under the frank of the then Minister of Agriculture and the then Minister of Railways and Canals. This went on for three months after the session, right up to the day of the election.

The people of Canada might well be disgusted at the tactics of the Conservatives, who assume to be so very virtuous and anxious to protect the treasury, when the fact is that during the time they were in power they abused their privileges in the most flagrant manner. The people turned them out of power for good and sufficient reasons.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

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ways Bought, and which has been ears, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. tions and "Just-as-good" are but e with and endanger the health of -Experience against Experiment.

CASTORIA

substitute for Castor Oil, Pare- hing Syrup. It is Pleasant. It n, Morphine nor other Narcotic its guarantee. It destroys Worms ss. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind hing Troubles, cures Constipation simulates the Food, regulates the giving healthy and natural sleep. n—The Mother's Friend.

STORIA ALWAYS

the Signature of

H. Fletcher.
Have Always Bought
r Over 30 Years.

NY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

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STOMACH DISTRESS.

Every family here ought to keep some Diapiesin in the house, as any one of you may have an attack of Indigestion or Stomach trouble at any time, day or night.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lays like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin and take one triangle after supper to-night. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapiesin is a certain cure for all stomach misery, because it will take hold of your food and digest it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Actual, prompt relief for all your stomach misery is at your Pharmacist, waiting for you.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to cure a case of Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

FREAKS OF FOOD.

Queer Effects That Are a Puzzle to the Physician.

As regards drink, writes Dr. Beverly Robinson in the Medical Record, I have known a tumblerful of milk to bring on an attack of asthma with hives in

Cures Woman's Weaknesses.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John Fyfe one of the Editorial Staff of THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Hellomus Dioica*) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription":

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator... makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system." He continues "in Hellomus we have a medication which more fully answers the above purposes than any other drug with which I am acquainted. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent." Dr. Fyfe further says: "The following are among the leading indications for Hellomus (Unicorn root). Pain or aching in the back with leucorrhoea; atonic (weak) condition of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women; constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding), due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhoea (suppressed or absent monthly period), arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and anemic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Hellomus, and the medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says:

"It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions and general enfeeblement, it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root:

"In relation to its general effects on the system, there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion. It is universally regarded as the tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal:

"Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhoea (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

PAPUAN COIFFURES.

Heads in New Guinea That Look Like Rising Suns.

"One of the most interesting things that came under my observation was the odd manner in which the people wore their hair," said a physician, describing a visit to New Guinea and the leading traits and characteristics of the inhabitants, known as Papuans. "One type wore the hair standing up from the head at a length of seven inches or more. It was trimmed with wonderful regularity and with mathematical accuracy. The hair was greased with coconut oil and painted red. At a distance it looked like a rising sun."

Another type of the inhabitants who wear their hair in an unusual fashion was described.

"Starting from the forehead," he said, "the hair is brushed back over the scalp and hangs down to the waist. It is a perfect mass, an intricate jungle. I am sure it was never combed, and it was impossible to run the fingers through it. At a distance it looks like a cap with the visor turned downward."

"One other odd type of hairdressing—coiffure, if you will—was observed on this visit. The hair was gathered at the front and back, then brought together above the head, where it was inclosed in a basket-like cylinder. The end spread out about two inches. Apparently these caps are never removed from the head."

Playing Greenhorn.

"Why did you tell the manager of that employment agency that you had just come over?" said one servant girl to another. "You didn't, you know. You have had three situations in New York."

"I know that," said the girl. "I pretended to be green so she would try harder to get me a good place. At

OUR FIRST MUSTANGS.

They Were Probably Brought to This Country by the Spaniards.

The first horses of the western plains were probably brought there by the Spaniards. In 1545, almost fifty years before Jamestown was settled, Coronado, the Spanish captain, was roaming about the plains of New Mexico, and he tells of the dogs used by the Indians to haul their plunder on lodge poles, indicating that they had yoked horses at that date.

In 1716 the Spanish again worked their way eastward across the plains, and their letters tell of the astonishment of the Indians at seeing the horses they had with them. The expedition was constantly losing horses, and there is little doubt that the first droves of western horses originated from these strays.

In the early days upon the plains they were a great pest to travelers. Woe be unto the luckless camper who allowed a band of wild horses to get close enough to his gentle horses, turned out for the night, to sweep them off. It was almost useless to follow, for the call of the wild comes to the gentlest of horses when he is thrown with a band of his kind that have been born and raised free of all restraint. It is a well known fact that the hardest one to "cut out," the leader of them all in a mad race across the prairie, is the old, gentle, well broken saddle or work horse once he gets a taste of such freedom.—Will C. Barnes in McClure's.

Book-Made Towns.

The most remarkable example of a book-made town is Biskra, the oasis in the Sahara that Robert Hichens idealized, under the name of Beni Mora, in his novel of "The Garden of Allah." Biskra, quite unknown in the past, is now, thanks to Mr. Hichens, a fashionable winter resort. It is rather odd that all the world should know that Biskra was meant by Beni Mora in "The Garden of Allah." There is a Beni Mora near Biskra—a kind of swamp, with a few clay huts and a palm or two sticking up out of the mud—but Biskra itself is never mentioned in the book.

Biskra is a pleasant enough winter resort. It is by no means, however, the desert paradise described by the novelist.

Ilfracombe, the famous North Devon watering-place, owes its renown to Charles Kingsley, who, in his novel of "Westward Ho!" praised it. Ilfracombe deserved Kingsley's praise. It is really beautiful; it has a superb climate.

Two other Devon water-places, Lynton and Lynmouth, are book-made. Blackmore's novel of "Lorna Doone" first drew the public to them.

Pierre Loti, in "Pêcheur d'Islande," describes very beautifully the Breton seaport of Paimpol. Many persons in consequence have visited Paimpol in the hope of passing the summer there. Vain hope. Paimpol, with its muddy, smelly tidal river, is not quite an ideal holiday resort.

In America there are no book-made towns, unless it be Salem, which Nathaniel Hawthorne so vividly described.

A DELAYED LETTER.

And What Happened When the Missive Was Finally Recovered.

The vagaries of the postal service are sometimes beyond the understanding of the layman. In March of last year a man in New York received a letter from a friend in England, written when on the point of sailing for Philadelphia, urgently requesting him to return a loan of \$10. The man who wrote the letter needed



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with headache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

Near Royal Hotel.

GAS!

You know there's nothing like Gas Light to make your home or store look cheery. But do you know Gas is the cheapest of lights. It lights, warms, and ventilates. You can have a good white light of 50 candle power sufficient for most rooms at a cost of half a cent per hour.

Gas for Light, 15½c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

Gas for Fuel, 13c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

A light will consume from 2 to 3 cubic feet per hour.

A gas range from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

A water heater from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

Gas Log from 10 to 15 cubic feet per hour.

The Napanee Gas Co.

354E

C O A L Anthracite
Steam
Smithing
and
Cannel

—ALSO—
DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD
FOR SALE.

FREAKS OF FOOD.

Queer Effects That Are a Puzzle to the Physician.

As regards drink, writes Dr. Beverly Robinson in the Medical Record, I have known a tumblerful of milk to bring on an attack of asthma with hives in an otherwise healthy child. When the milk was taken and a piece of bread eaten at the same time there was no asthma and no hives. I could explain this by saying that the bread helped break up curd and that stomachal digestion was not interfered with. But why and precisely in what manner and for what reason asthma and hives were occasioned are certainly matters largely of thought and conjecture. I have known mushrooms in good condition and on repeated occasions to cause most distressing oedema of the uvula and palate. Prior to these attacks the same individual had eaten mushrooms repeatedly with no bad or unpleasant effects at all and had thoroughly enjoyed them. I have known an individual in whom a single strawberry would give neuralgia of the teeth which lasted twelve to twenty-four hours. Again, prior to the attacks of neuralgia of the dental branches of the fifth nerve the same individual had eaten repeatedly and abundantly of strawberries without pain, ache or unpleasant symptoms of any kind. In this case it seemed as though the only plausible though not entirely satisfactory explanation was that with increasing years strawberries had become inimical to that patient.

THE CONCIERGE.

Tyrant Rule of the Autocrat of the Parisian Flat House.

The "conciierge" is considered to be the bane of the Parisian flat dweller's existence. His functions are supposed to be the following:

The first and most important is to collect the rent on quarter day; after that he must see that the tenants do not surreptitiously remove. The latter precaution seems to be somewhat unnecessary, as rents in Paris are always paid in advance.

He should also bring up your letters at least twice a day, but as the conciierge is generally a stout, middle aged woman who has a decided objection to climbing stairs the latter regulation remains somewhat of a dead letter.

In Paris the front door of most houses is generally closed at 10 o'clock. After that time admittance can only be obtained by ringing a bell. The conciierge is obliged to open the door, and, pulling a rope which hangs by her bedside.

If she is a sound sleeper and you are accustomed to come home late at night, the best thing to do is to look for another flat, as the conciierge will put you down as a "bad tenant" and make things as unpleasant for you as possible.

If you never stop out late at night, receive very few friends and see her heavily at Christmas, the conciierge will consider you as a "good tenant" until you give notice to leave, when her interest in you suddenly vanishes.

As there is nothing more to be expected from you and the incoming tenant is obliged to give a substantial tip, called a "dieu a Dieu," she is anxious to "speed the parting guest" as much as possible.

The conciierge does sometimes make a final effort to extract something more from you by attempting to make you pay a franc for every nail knocked in the walls of your flat, but this has been decided to be illegal and may be safely resisted.

But the Parisian conciierge is really unpopular because she represents a landlord.—London Mail.

that employment agency that you had just come over?" said one servant girl to another. "You didn't, you know. You have had three situations in New York."

"I know that," said the girl. "I pretended to be green so she would try harder to get me a good place. At most of these agencies the managers have green girls on their conscience. The sharks in the business, of course, will fleece them, but the average manager is sympathetic and gets them easy places to start with. I'll have a snap where I am going. The woman thinks I have just arrived and that she will have to break me in. Breaking in means that she will do half the work, while I will just stand around and look on. It pays sometimes to be a greenhorn."

Would Take Chances.

Mr. Philanthropist was passing a bakery when he observed a little girl gazing with longing eyes at some cakes displayed in the window. The youngster's wistful gaze was too much for Mr. Philanthropist, so he took immediate measures to satisfy her longing.

When she had in short order disposed of a rich bit of pastry she calmly asked for another.

"I should like very much to give you another," said the kindly man, "but I'm afraid it would make you sick."

"Get it for me anyhow," quickly responded the little girl. "I can get all the medicine I need at the dispensary for nuthin'."



Lost Energy Restored by Psychine.

Mr. Geo. Pratt, of Clarkson, Ont., says: "Four years ago my son Wilbert was so run down, thin and emaciated, that we thought he was going into a decline and feared he would never pull through the severe cold of the winter months. The boy had no appetite and seemed to have lost all energy and interest in life. He was altogether in terribly bad shape. His condition caused us the gravest anxiety."

"Fortunately I procured PSYCHINE for him and this soon gave him a new lease of life. It is really remarkable how rapidly this splendid medicine brought about a change. After taking one or two bottles he was hardly recognizable as the same youth. PSYCHINE effected a speedy cure and he was soon able to work about on the farm again. To-day he is a robust young fellow, and if anything, stronger than his brothers. Nothing in the way of hard work seems to affect him. I cannot speak too highly of PSYCHINE. It certainly saved our boy and made a man of him."

Prevents the children taking cold, wards off that terrible malady La Grippe and completely fortifies them against disease. It should always be used for colds, a gripe, weariness, loss of appetite, etc. Send to Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Spadina Ave., Toronto. Sold by all druggists and dealers, 50c and \$1.00.

PSYCHINE
PRONOUNCED SEE-KINE
THE GREATEST OF TONICS FOR HEALTH AND ENERGY

are sometimes beyond the understanding of the layman. In March of last year a man in New York received a letter from a friend in England, written when on the point of sailing for Philadelphia, urgently requesting him to return a loan of \$10. The man who wrote the letter needed funds and would the debtor kindly send the money to him, care of the steamship line at Philadelphia? The man in New York saw that his friend would reach Philadelphia within a day or two, so he promptly clapped a ten dollar bill in an envelope and addressed and mailed it. A week later he was apprised by mail that the money had not arrived. Both men made a diligent search for the missing letter. But it could not be found. So the debtor gave his friend a check and forgot about his \$10, setting down its loss to the dishonesty of some intermediary who had handled the envelope.

Imagine his surprise when one day eight months later he received his letter from the dead letter office in Washington. It was covered with postmarks and much battered, for it had traveled many thousands of miles, back to England, around the United Kingdom and to America again, but the money was safe inside.

Chuckling, he met his friend a few minutes later and showed him the ten dollar bill.

"How's that for luck?" he queried.

"Great," replied his friend. "Say, old man, you couldn't lend me that for a day or two, could you? It's like picking money up in the street for you, and I could make use of it just now."

Sadly the bill was handed over. "What's the use of such wonderful occurrences?" ruminated the "lucky" man.

Vapo-Resolene
Established 1879
Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria
Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.
Send postal for booklet.
LEEMING, MILES CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)
Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.
"My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDLEL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.

All dealers, 25c per package, or 6 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.
DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.
Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc.
When writing please mention this paper.

CHAS. STEVENS,
—ALSO—
DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD FOR SALE.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-ft

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

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Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

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P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.

DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

The Armenians.
Armenia is a country of strong contrasts, of opposite extremes of heat and cold, light and shade, drought and moisture, and contains many mysteries awaiting solution. The ethnologist is still in doubt as to what branch of the great European family the Armenian people belong to. The philologist has not yet classified their language. The antiquarian knows next to nothing of their early history.

BROTHER TOLD BROTHER

One Suffered for Fifteen Years, the Other for Thirteen.

The convincing powers of a testimonial were never more clearly shown than in the case of Mr. Hugh Brown. A brother, Lemuel Brown, of Avondale, N.B., read in the paper about Hon. John Costigan being cured by "Fruit-a-tives." Knowing the Senator would only endorse a medicine which had cured him, Mr. Lemuel Brown tried "Fruit-a-tives." They cured him of Chronic Indigestion and Constipation, so he urged his brother to try them.



Hartland, N.B., Oct. 28th, 1907.

"Three doctors told me that I had Liver Disease and serious Stomach Trouble. My stomach was very weak. I took their medicines for thirteen years and grew worse. My brother (who was cured of terrible indigestion by 'Fruit-a-tives' after suffering for 15 years), recommended me to try these wonderful tablets. I bought half a dozen boxes and have just finished the sixth. I eat all kinds of hearty foods without distress and am greatly improved in every way. 'Fruit-a-tives' also cured the Chronic Constipation which was so distressing in my case."

(Signed) HUGH BROWN.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50; a trial box, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

John Shaw's Change of Face.

A friend met Mr. John Shaw, the new member for North Toronto, recently, in the corridor of the Parliament buildings en route to take the oath and sign the roll. He noticed that the last vestige of his whiskers which were once an issue in municipal politics had disappeared.

"Well, well, John, are you running for bishop?" he asked.

"No, I'm just going in for facial reform," said the genial ex-mayor.

The Value of Politeness.

Hollow trees are always the stiffest, but the mightiest oak, it is found, can bend. The more exalted a man is by station the more powerful should he be by kindness. There is no policy like politeness, since a good manner often succeeds where the best tongue has failed. Politeness is most useful to inspire confidence in the timid and encourage the deserving. —London Strand.

The Other Side.

"I've been wondering about something."

"About what?"

"I wonder if cooks ever get together and discuss the misers' problem." —Kansas City Journal.

Virtue has many preachers, but few martyrs. —Helvetius.

ROGUES ON HIGH SEAS

HOW SHARPER'S LIVE ON STEAMSHIP PASSENGERS.

Scoundrel Pretended to Fall In Love With Heiress In Order to Borrow Money of Her on Landing, But Failed—Sweepstake on Day's Run Proved a Money-Maker — Bogus Pleading for Charity.

In spite of the greatest vigilance on the part of the steamship officials, especially on board the big Atlantic liners, with a view to stamping out the gambling evil, the win and lose instinct still exists, and many thousands of pounds are annually lost and won on the ocean highway. Indeed, the ingratiating, though unscrupulous, gentleman who is ever anxious to "take a hand" continues to flourish, as, ingenuity coming to his aid, all sorts of dodges are now practiced—frequently with great success—to victimize sea travelers who seem to have more money than wisdom.

Quite recently an officer on one of the largest mail steamship lines between England and America informed the writer of a case where a young heiress was nearly trapped by one of these scoundrels. It appears the girl was returning with her maid to relations near New York, and on the boat became acquainted with a man who had every appearance of being well-to-do.

Attracted by his manner, the lady did not attempt to discourage his attentions, and by the end of the voyage the two appeared to be fast friends. Arrived in New York the scoundrel for he was nothing less—made violent love, and then incidentally touched upon a matter of business he had on hand. Eventually he persuaded the girl to lend him a large sum of money, and had it not been for the timely intervention of her solicitors, who called at her hotel and hearing the tale stopped payment of the cheque, the confiding lady would now have been several thousand pounds to the bad.

Again, a good deal was made not long ago by two of these gentry—who often work in pairs—on a big steamer in the South Pacific. Almost without exception the passengers on large boats arrange a sweepstake on each day's run, which culminates towards the end of the voyage in an "auction sweep"; the chief difference in the latter from the ordinary sweepstake being that the allotted holders are obliged to dispose of their numbers again by auction. For this purpose one of the passengers is chosen to act as auctioneer, and the most fancied "run" often fetches \$25 or more.

On this occasion one of the rascals conducted the proceedings, but, on obtaining the rules run from the captain, immediately placed the number against the name of his confederate upon the list in the saloon. In the meantime the latter had induced the lucky holder to exchange numbers for the "short of the thing," and in this way the scoundrels came out of the bargain over \$500 to the good.

On another occasion the passengers on a steamer bound for Australia were ingeniously duped. One of the first-class passengers, who had every appearance of respectability, represented himself to be the secretary of a charitable institution near London, and gave out to all on board that he was visiting the colony for the purpose of opening a branch in Australia.

pose of opening a branch in Australia.

Whenever concerts were arranged in the evenings the bogus secretary obtained the permission of the captain to place his collecting-box upon the saloon table. Almost every passenger contributed handsomely towards what appeared to be so worthy a cause, and by the end of the voyage the donations aggregated to a large amount.

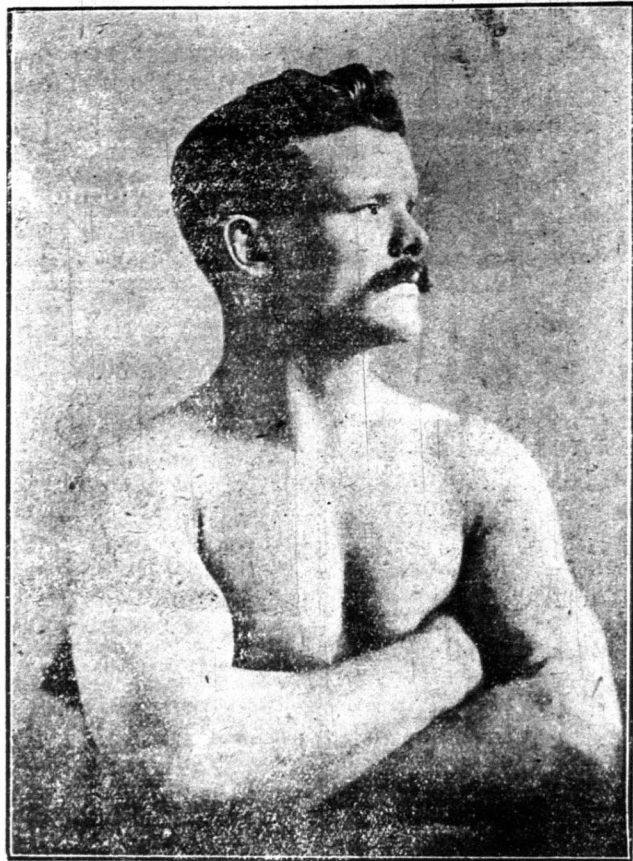
Not till too late was it discovered that the tale about the institution was a pure invention, the collecting-box, which seemed perfectly genuine, having been specially obtained and labelled for the occasion. But once the man set foot in Australia he was never seen or heard of again.

Similarly, the ingenuity of a rogue on one of the German boats was well repaid. Aboard the vessel were several hundred emigrants bound for a South American port, who, of course, were anxious to obtain work the moment they landed. They considered themselves lucky, therefore, to find on the same ship a man who said he was the agent of an Employment Bureau in the Argentine, and gladly paid the fees he asked in return for certain, and apparently lucrative, situations.

Though armed with full references and credentials—all of which were false—the man turned out to be an impostor, as no agency of which he pretended to be the representative existed at all. Thus nearly all these people were duped in heartless fashion, and their not over-burdened pockets suffered accordingly.

A Woman Executioner.

In prerevolutionary days there was a woman public executioner in Virginia. At that time death sentences were respite on condition that a criminal should perform this office. Lady Betty, as she was afterwards called, was sentenced to death for murder. She offered instead to be



J. T. HAWKEY, Heavyweight Wrestler
Brisco Opera House, March 22nd

WONDERS OF ALLOY.

Modern Discoveries Have Revolutionized Metals.

Some of the most remarkable advances of recent science have been in connection with the production of new alloys of well-known metals by which new metals have been produced possessing extraordinary qualities.

For instance, it is commonly considered that magnetism is confined to iron—and to nickel in a lesser degree. Some wonderful alloys, however, have been manufactured which are magnetic and contain neither of these metals. It has been discovered that magnetic substances may be formed by the combination of metals which themselves are entirely free from magnetism; for instance, an alloy of copper, manganese and aluminum in certain proportions is readily attracted by a magnet.

When to this alloy a little lead is added a most remarkable substance is produced. The new alloy is magnetic when placed in cold water, but so soon as the water is heated the magnetism begins to disappear, although it reappears as soon as the water cools. That is to say, between 60 degrees and 70 degrees C. all traces of magnetism disappear.

Some wonderful alloys have been discovered by a Sheffield steel-maker in connection with magnetic bodies. This experimenter has produced an alloy which is far more permeable by magnetism than any other substance, with the result that much energy is saved in case of dynamos and other electric apparatus.

The discovery of these remarkable new metals has given rise to the hope that some experimenter will discover a metal which is more strongly susceptible to magnetism than iron, in which case an enormous benefit will be conferred upon electrical engineers.

In the same way, by the mere trifling admixture of various substances, metals can be produced with increased capabilities to resist high

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time.		No. 30	Taking effect Oct 19th, 1906.
Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.	Stations.	Miles No. 12 No. 40 No. 6	Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.
			Stations.

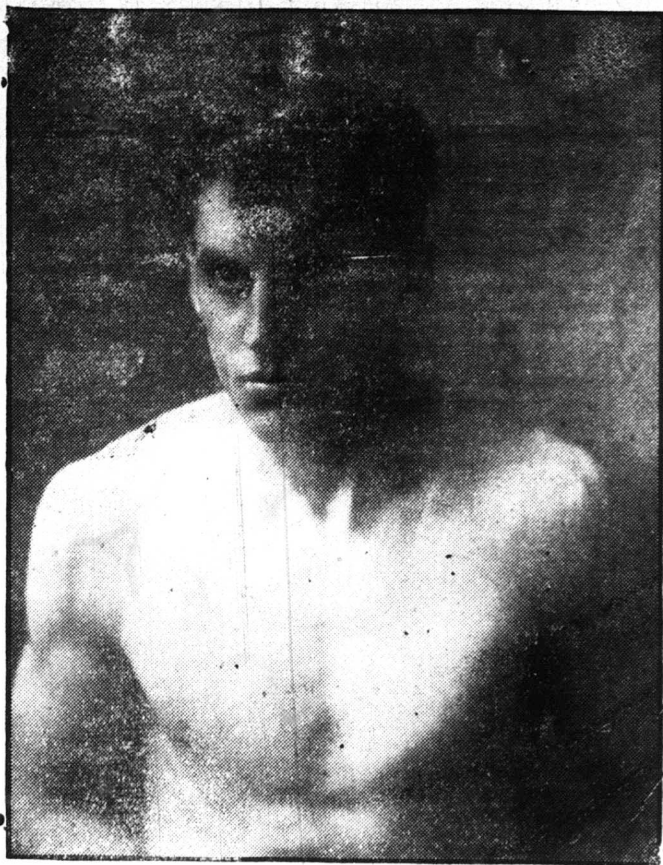
Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 10th, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Nanapee, Deseronto and Bannockburn.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Bannockburn	0	1:40	7:00	7:00
Albion	5	2:05	7:25	7:25
Queensboro	10	2:25	7:45	7:45
Bridgewater	14	2:45	8:05	8:05
Ar Tweed	20	3:05	8:25	8:25
Lve Tweed	20	6:15	3:05	3:05
Stoco	23	7:15	3:30	3:30
Larkins	27	7:40	3:55	3:55
Murvale	33	8:10	4:20	4:20
Windsor	37	8:40	4:45	4:45
Windsor	40	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	44	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	48	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	51	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	55	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	59	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	63	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	67	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	71	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	75	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	79	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	83	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	87	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	91	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	95	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	99	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	103	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	107	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	111	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	115	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	119	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	123	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	127	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	131	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	135	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	139	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	143	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	147	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	151	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	155	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	159	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	163	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	167	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	171	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	175	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	179	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	183	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	187	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	191	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	195	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	199	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	203	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	207	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	211	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	215	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	219	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	223	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	227	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	231	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	235	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	239	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	243	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	247	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	251	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	255	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	259	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	263	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	267	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	271	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	275	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	279	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	283	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	287	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	291	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	295	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	299	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	303	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	307	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	311	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	315	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	319	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	323	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	327	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	331	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	335	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	339	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	343	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	347	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	351	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	355	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	359	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	363	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	367	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	371	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	375	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	379	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	383	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	387	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	391	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	395	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	399	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	403	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	407	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	411	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	415	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	419	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	423	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	427	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	431	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	435	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	439	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	443	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	447	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	451	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	455	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	459	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	463	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	467	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	471	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	475	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	479	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	483	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	487	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	491	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	495	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	499	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	503	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	507	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	511	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	515	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	519	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	523	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	527	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	531	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	535	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	539	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	543	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	547	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	551	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	555	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	559	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	563	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	567	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	571	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	575	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	579	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	583	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	587	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	591	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	595	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	599	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	603	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	607	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	611	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	615	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	619	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	623	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	627	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	631	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	635	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	639	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	643	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	647	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	651	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	655	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	659	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	663	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	667	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	671	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	675	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	679	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	683	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	687	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	691	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	695	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	699	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	703	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	707	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	711	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	715	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	719	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	723	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	727	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	731	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	735	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	739	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	743	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	747	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	751	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	755	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	759	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	763	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	767	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	771	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	775	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	779	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	783	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	787	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	791	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	795	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	799	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	803	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	807	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	811	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	815	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	819	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	823	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	827	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	831	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	835	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	839	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	843	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	847	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	851	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	855	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	859	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	863	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	867	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	871	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	875	5:40	1:40	1:40
Windsor	879	6:10	2:10	2:10
Windsor	883	6:40	2:40	2:40
Windsor	887	7:10	3:10	3:10
Windsor	891	7:40	3:40	3:40
Windsor	895	8:10	4:10	4:10
Windsor	899	8:40	4:40	4:40
Windsor	903	9:10	5:10	5:10
Windsor	907	9:40	5:40	5:40
Windsor	911	10:10	6:10	6:10
Windsor	915	10:40	6:40	6:40
Windsor	919	11:10	7:10	7:10
Windsor	923	11:40	7:40	7:40
Windsor	927	12:10	8:10	8:10
Windsor	931	12:40	8:40	8:40
Windsor	935	1:10	9:10	9:10
Windsor	939	1:40	9:40	9:40
Windsor	943	2:10	10:10	10:10
Windsor	947	2:40	10:40	10:40
Windsor	951	3:10	11:10	11:10
Windsor	955	3:40	11:40	11:40
Windsor	959	4:10	12:10	12:10
Windsor	963	4:40	12:40	12:40
Windsor	967	5:10	1:10	1:10
Windsor	971	5:40</		



GENE HURTUBIES, Heavyweight Wrestler
Brisco Opera House, March 22nd.

ON A MODERN WARSHIP.

The Feelings of a Commander as Described by Himself.

How the commander of a modern big American battleship can feel is disclosed in the following, taken from a letter written by such an officer:

"There are more than 900 men on this ship, and on the theory that an official of the government is a servant of the people I am the servant of these 900 men and am bound to see that they are kept in food and clothing and baseball bats and abundantly supplied with occupation. Perhaps I should feel more independent if I didn't have to listen respectfully to the orderly every time he comes in and makes one of his infinitely numerous reports and put men in jail when I don't want to.

"Some of these 900 men look more dignified and independent than I feel. I wonder whether I look dignified and independent. I suppose I ought to do so, for to swing a steel mass 504 feet long successfully around like monsters and to make 15,000 tons writhe around the corners of narrow channels is something of an art, after all, and one not possessed by many of the inhabitants of the globe.

"With all that swinging of steel monsters around there go the responsibility and the knowledge that if the ship runs aground the whole civilized world will be acquainted with it inside of twenty-four hours."

DEADLY HORNETS.

The Ones That Buzzed About the Young Soldier's Ears.

A great general was taking his regiment into action. He sent forward a detail of men to make gaps in a rail fence to avoid the heavy loss sure to result if the whole body of men paused

What Other Papers Say.

Watertown Times.

Senatorships come high in the United States. It took over \$500,000 to secure the office for Mr. Stephenson of Wisconsin.

Lindsay Post.

Wonder if it's Hamilton's publicity committee that's the cause of all the advertising that city has been getting of late?

Hamilton Spectator.

Hon. Mr. Graham, with his \$1,000,000 resolution to assist in floating the level crossing nuisance, shows a disposition to do things that will be welcomed by a long suffering Canadian public.

Montreal Herald.

A Winnipeg woman has gone to Scotland looking for girls who will help her spend five thousand dollars in tickets to Canada. That is the most practical inducement to immigration so far heard of, even if it is a woman's scheme.

Montreal Gazette.

It is promised in London that the Hydro-Electric Commission power can be sold to the average consumer at \$29.81 a horse power a year, if a market can be had for 5,000 horse power. Otherwise the price will be as high as \$35.58 or even \$44.08. There was a report that the commission's power was to be cheap. It seems to have been unfounded.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

"Every One Thought I Had Consumption."

Pe-ru-na Saved Me."

"I THANK
DR. HARTMAN
FOR PE-RU-NA."



MRS. MOIS PARIZEAU.

"I hardly know how to thank you for the good Peruna has done me.

"I suffered five years with pain in the stomach. About a year ago it became so bad I could hardly bear it. I coughed day and night and grew weaker and weaker. The pain extended through my body and I also had difficulty in breathing, which made me cough. Everyone thought I had consumption.

"My husband heard of Peruna and bought five bottles. This treatment virtually cured me and now I recommend Peruna to every one who is suffering.

"I thank Dr. Hartman for this excellent remedy."

Ste. Julie de Vercheres, P. Q., Canada.

---Mrs. Mois Parizeau.

A NEGLECTED cold is generally the first cause of catarrh.

Women are especially liable to colds. These colds occur more frequently during the wet, sloppy weather of winter and spring than any other time of the year. Often they

WOMEN SHOULD BEWARE OF CATCHING COLD.

are not considered serious and are allowed to run on, or they are treated in such a way as to only palliate the symptoms, while the cold becomes more deep-seated and the patient finally awakens to the fact that she has a well-developed case of catarrh.

By reason of their delicate structure, the lungs are frequently the seat of a cold, especially if there is the slightest weakness of these organs. The treatment of catarrh of the lungs is also more difficult and discouraging than catarrh of any other organ of the body.

It would be wise therefore, to guard against it by every precaution possible.

Peruna has been found the most reliable of all remedies for coughs, colds and catarrh, by reason of the fact that it goes at once to the very seat of the trouble.

It searches out every crevice, every duct of the body. It quickens and equalizes the circulation of the blood, thus relieving the congested mucous membranes. It exercises a healing and soothing effect upon the mucous membranes, no matter whether they are the more exposed membranes of the head and throat, or whether they line the remotest cells of the lungs.

Mrs. Jaschob, 1631 Hicks St., Toledo, Ohio, writes:

"When I wrote to you for advice, I had been sick for three years. I had trouble with my throat. Often I could not breathe through my nose. I also had pains in my chest and a cough. I took Peruna according to directions and it has cured me."

PE-RU-NA THE REMEDY FOR CATARRH OF THE LUNGS.

DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION OF EASTERN ONTARIO.

The Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association have decided to offer Special Prizes for competition among the dairy herds of Eastern Ontario. They have ascertained through Chief Instructor Publow, that the average quantity of milk per cow delivered to the various factories is but 2,700 lbs. The Association feels that this average is too small, so they have decided to divide Eastern Ontario into five districts, and the offer four cash prizes in each district making a total of \$250.00 as an incentive to patrons, hoping thereby to raise this average.

The following groups of Counties will comprise the various Districts, namely: District No. 1—Peterborough, Ontario, Durham, Victoria, Haliburton, Hastings, less Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga.

District No. 2—Prince Edward, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, and the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga.

District No. 3—Leeds, Lanark, Renfrew. District No. 4—Carleton, Grenville, Dun-

31st of October from the same herd he is eligible. Larger herds the same.

Example 2.—If the patron begins to send milk to the factory on 1st of May with only seven cows in milk and in June, or at any other time, another cow freshens, and in July, or at any other time, another cow freshens, making in all nine cows, the patron is not barred from competition, provided the total number of cows (9) is used for dividing the total milk to find the average amount of milk per cow for season. Larger herds the same.

Example 3.—If the patron begins to send milk to the factory on May 1st, with say eight cows, and in June, or any other time in the season, for some cause, one cow drops out of the herd, the patron is not barred from competing, provided the total number of cows (8) is used for dividing the total milk to find the average amount of milk per cow for season. Larger herds the same.

Example 4.—If the patron begins to send milk to the factory on May 1st, with say eight cows in the herd and sometime during the season, for some cause, one or more cows drop out of the herd, the patron will not be allowed to substitute a new milch or

The Ones That Buzzed About the Young Soldier's Ears.

A great general was taking his regiment into action. He sent forward a detail of men to make gaps in a rail fence to avoid the heavy loss sure to result if the whole body of men paused to tear it down.

The coolest and finest man in the detail was a young soldier who had never been under fire before. When he began pulling down the fence he fancied he had disturbed a nest of hornets, as he thought he heard them singing fiercely about his ears. But the lad was not going to run from hornets when there was more serious business ahead.

Ignoring the angry insects, he opened the fence and rejoined the regiment without being stung.

In a day or two he was surprised to hear that he was to be promoted.

"But," he said modestly, "I don't think I deserve promotion over the others."

"My boy," replied the general, "I saw you pull down that fence. You were the coolest man under fire I ever saw!"

The man gasped, stared and turned pale.

"What?" he exclaimed, regardless of grammar. "Was them wasps bullets?"



HANDS COVERED WITH ECZEMA

"For three weeks I actually had to be fed like one feeds a baby, because my hands and arms were so covered with eczema that they had to be bound up all the time."

That is the experience of Miss Violet M. McSorley, of 75, Gore Street, Sault Ste. Marie. She adds: "I could not hold spoon nor fork. From finger tips to elbow the dreaded disease spread, my finger nails came off and my flesh was one raw mass. The itching and pain were almost insupportable. I had three months of this torture and at one time amputation was discussed."

"Zam-Buk alone saved my hands and arms. I persevered with it and in the end had my reward. Today, I am cured completely of every trace of the dreaded eczema, and I fervently hope that sufferers from skin disease may know of my case and the miracle Zam-Buk has worked."

Zam-Buk is without equal for eczema, ringworm, ulcers, abscesses, piles, cracked hands, cold sores, chapped places, and all skin injuries and diseases. Druggists and stores at 50 cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for same price. You are warned against dangerous substitutes sometimes offered as "just as good."

Zam-Buk

\$30.58 or even \$44.08. There was a report that the commission's power was to be cheap. It seems to have been unfounded.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

MARLBANK.

For last week.

Mr. John Baker has sold out his grocery store to Mr. George Maleck, and is busy moving out on his farm.

Mr. William Burley has sold his farm to Mr. Reuben York, of Tamworth, and is moving in the village.

Mr. Derwood, of Colebrook, who has been visiting at Mr. E. D. Shangraw's, returned to his home on Monday last.

Miss Annie Frizzell, who has been visiting friends here for the past week, returned to her home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sills, who have been visiting friends in Belleville for the past four weeks, have returned home.

Mr. W. Perry, of Tamworth, is visiting his son, Mr. R. Perry, this week. Mr. Wesley Pringle of this place left on Wednesday morning for Port Colborne, where he has secured a situation with the C. P. C. C.

We regret to say that one of our popular young men, Mr. Gordon Gonyou, left on Monday morning for Yarker, where he has secured a situation in Allen's bakery. Mr. Gonyou came from Empey Hill to this place about four years ago and since that time has won for himself a host of friends who extend to him best wishes for good success.

MARYSVILLE.

The welcome caw-caw of the crow, our dusky harbinger of spring is again heard in our midst.

Mrs. Alex. Anderson spent Thursday with Mrs. J. Traynor.

Messrs. E. Harrison and J. Marsh were recent callers at Mr. M. McAlphine's.

J. and E. Manion, Selby, visited friends here recently.

Mr. J. McCullough's sale passed off very successfully. A high price was realized for everything.

Miss M. Sexsmith spent Sunday with Mrs. J. Russel.

Miss A. Fahey is spending a few days in Kingston.

Messrs. E. and J. Drummey spent Saturday in Belleville.

Miss M. Henderson and brother Fred, visited Mrs. J. Russel on Friday evening.

T. Fitzgerald and S. Flagler, Belleville, spent Sunday with F. McAlphine.

Mrs. B. Farrel visited Miss A. White on Sunday.

Miss T. McNeill visited Miss Helen McNeill on Sunday.

Miners on the Corner.

"Those men," said Sherlock Holmes, "are colliers. You can tell it by their attitude."

The men, very clean in white shirts and black overcoats, squatted on their heels on a sunny corner.

"Any other men," continued Holmes, "would stand. They would lean against the lampost or the wooden Indian of the tobacconist. But these men, in the low galleries or tunnels of coal mines, for lack of space must work seated on their heels—squating, as we say. And this position, which would become a torture to you or me in five minutes, is to them, from long usage, comfortable and customary. It is their favorite position at all times."

"Hence when you see men idling on their heels on the street corners you can always set them down as miners. If they are bowlegged the case against them is doubly strong."

less Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga.

District No. 2—Prince Edward, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, and the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga.

District No. 3—Leeds, Lanark, Renfrew. District No. 4—Carleton, Grenville, Dundas.

District No. 5—Glengary, Russell, Stormont, Prescott.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

\$20.00 in cash—To the patron who furnishes the largest amount of milk per cow to any cheese factory or creamery in any of the foregoing Districts from May 1st to October 31st, 1909.

\$15.00 in cash—To the patron who furnishes the second largest amount of milk per cow to any cheese factory or creamery in any of the foregoing Districts from May 1st to October 31st, 1909.

\$10.00 in cash—To the patron who furnishes the third largest amount of milk per cow to any cheese factory or creamery in any of the foregoing Districts from May 1st to October 31st, 1909.

\$5.00 in cash—To the patron who furnishes the fourth largest amount of milk per cow to any cheese factory or creamery in any of the foregoing Districts from May 1st to October 31st, 1909.

The above prizes will be given, subject to the rules of competition as shown below.

RULES FOR DAIRY HERDS' COMPETITION.

1st. No herd of fewer than eight cows will be allowed to compete.

2nd. Figures must be taken from the cheese factory or creamery books, and the number of cows and the total and average amounts of milk must be certified to by the cheese or buttermaker, and the secretary of the cheese factory or creamery.

3rd. The average amount of milk per cow must be calculated on the basis of the total number of cows from which milk is sent to the factory during the season of six months, May 1st to October 31st, 1909.

4th. No substitution of one cow for another will be allowed.

NOTE.

Example 1.—If the patron begins to send milk to the factory on 1st of May from say eight cows and continues to send to the

total milk to find the average amount of milk per cow for season. Larger herds the same.

Example 1.—If the patron begins to send milk to the factory on May 1st, with say eight cows in the herd and sometime during the season, for some cause, one or more cows drop out of the herd, the patron will not be allowed to substitute a new milch or any other cow in order to keep up the milk from the herd. Larger herds the same.

A Dangerous Place.

The two tramps had been particularly lucky, and, having funds in hand, they discussed plans for the night's shelter. "We can sleep under a roof if we like," said Higgins.

"Sure we can," responded Higgins, "but some way these lodging houses make me nervous. Supposing a fire was to break out in the night?"

"You've got it right," agreed Higgins, "It's no place for us. They'd turn the hose on us in a minute!"

Scorched.

Mr. Crimmonbeak—What in the world is the matter with this shirt? Mrs. Crimmonbeak—Oh, I guess the girl boiled it a little too long, dear; that's all. Mr. Crimmonbeak—Looks to me as if she had fried it.—Yonkers Statesman.

Lacking Warmth.

"The critics all say that my pictures lack warmth."

"Do you work in oils?"

"Yes."

"Then why not paint in a few oil strokes?"—New York Times.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*



BOY'S FINGER SAVED

DEADLY

EFFECT OF BLOOD POISON

There is nothing so deadly in its operation as Blood Poison and yet how subtly and unsuspecting it commences its work. First a tiny scratch or wound, not enough to demand attention. Then a little redness followed by a tiny red streak which rapidly broadens and travels upwards. The doctor is called in. The wound is lanced, but in nine cases out of ten mortification has set in and amputation is necessary in order to save the life of the patient.

Ernest Bartlett, of 31 Northern Place, Toronto, just escaped this. He had a terrible finger. This is his story:—"I accidentally knocked the joint of my finger and it turned to blood poison. I tried lots of remedies but the hand got worse. Finally I secured a sample of CUROL. This did so much good that I bought a 25c box and in five days the wound was doing nicely and finally healed. Had I used CUROL earlier it would have saved me a lot of suffering. I certainly advise everyone to use CUROL for all sores and injuries."

A cut, wound, or sore should be treated at once with CUROL. It is a wonderful salve, Healing, Soothing and Antiseptic, it touches the spot every time. A popular remedy at a popular price. All druggists and stores sell it, 25c per box, or sent on receipt of price by the CUROL SALVE CO., Spadina Ave., Toronto. Don't pay big prices when you can get the best for 25c.

CUROL

GREATEST OF HEALERS

SAMPLE FREE

Send Coupon with name and address to Curol Co., Toronto, who will send you a FREE TRIAL.—E.E.

CUROL cures
Eczema, Running Sores, Bad Legs, Ulcers, Poisoned and Festering Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, and all lacerated or open wounds or sores. 25c box.

AGUTE INDIGESTION

Cared Through the Timely Use of
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is no medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for stomach troubles. These Pills are not an artificial appetizer nor a stimulant. They act in nature's own way by making rich, red blood. This new blood gives vigor to all the organs. When it flows through the tiny veins in the stomach it stimulates them and creates that craving which people call "appetite." Then when the appetite is satisfied with food the blood gives the stomach strength to digest it. The nourishment is absorbed by the blood, and carried to every organ in the body. That is how Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure stomach troubles and all blood diseases. That is how they give health and strength to weak, worn out people.

Mr. H. Thomas Curry, Port Maitland, N. S., says: "About three years ago I was attacked with what the doctors termed acute indigestion. The first indication was a bad taste in my mouth in the morning, and a sallow complexion. Later as these symptoms developed my tongue was heavily coated, especially in the morning, and I felt particularly dull. My appetite began to dwindle, and even a light meal left me with a sense of having eaten too much. As I grew worse I ate barely enough to sustain my body, but still experienced the most acute pains. A wretched languor came over me which I could not throw off. It seemed as if I were always tired, with but little strength and frequent violent headaches. The remedies given me by my doctor, as well as many others, failed to restore me, or even to relieve me. I was in this very unhappy state for almost a year when I read in a newspaper one day of the cure in a case similar to mine through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This decided me to give these Pills a trial. It was not long before I felt some relief from the distress after meals, and as I continued the use of the Pills all languor and drowsiness and headaches left me and I began to enjoy increased energy and new strength. To-day I am a well man, enjoying the best of health, with never a twinge of the old trouble, and I attribute my cure entirely to the fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SOME OUT OF DATE THEORIES.

To Keep up with Science Not at all
Easy for the Lay Mind.

To the lay mind it is very disconcerting to see the kaleidoscopic changes that are continually taking place in all branches of science. We have no sooner accepted the nebular hypothesis as one of the ultimate laws of nature than the geologist on the one hand and the mathematician on the other tell us that it will have to be abandoned, says the Forum.

One generation of naturalists delights us by teaching us to believe that every coral island is built from the bottom of the ocean by the accumulated remains of millions of generations of polyps and the next would have us believe that they

Time Heals Most Wounds

A Tale of Love and Disappointment

CHAPTER XIX.

Rebekah left her father and went straight to her aunt's room. She found that Mrs. Goldberg was anxiously awaiting her.

"You have decided, dear? You are not going to marry Lord Harecastle?" she asked, and her face was expressive of great agitation.

"I must, aunt. There is no alternative," she said dully.

"Confide in me, dear. Tell me everything."

Rebekah shook her head and tears came to her eyes.

"I am very unhappy, and I don't know what to do. Cyril does not love me, and father insists that I must marry him," she said miserably.

"But he cannot compel you to," she cried quickly.

"You do not understand everything. I shall have to do as he says. But, oh dear, the misery of having to live with him, knowing that he does not love me! I cannot bear it."

"I am surprised at Lord Harecastle. I did not think he was the sort of man whom money would tempt, though I always thought that he did not love you."

"It is not the money. I wish I could tell you, but I am afraid. Father holds some dreadful secret, and he is forcing him to marry me."

She burst into sobs, and Mrs. Goldberg took her to her arms, and vainly tried to comfort her. A knock at the door was heard.

"Dry your tears, dear. Remember that you will soon have to receive the guests. I will see that it is."

"Miss Fetherston has come. I have told them to take her to the drawing-room, and that you will be down soon," Mrs. Goldberg said when she returned.

"What shall I do, aunt?" she asked wearily.

"You must talk to Lord Harecastle, or shall I? There is nothing worse than a loveless marriage. What you tell me explains everything. It is a terrible position, and your father is a wicked man. But I never properly understood Joel. There is a cruel taint in his nature when he is crossed, and he will fight for his own way whatever misery he causes. I am so sorry for you, dear. But dry your tears, we will find out a way," she wound up cheerfully, but she had little hope in her own heart.

It was some time before Rebekah succeeded in composing herself. She could come to no determination. She believed that her father would keep his word if she refused to marry Harecastle, and that he would announce to the world that the engagement was broken off owing to the discovery of the Earl's treason. She preferred to suffer herself rather than her lover should incur the ignominy that would be visited upon his family. Of her father she could not think. His baseness utterly dumfounded her. She likened him to Ackroyd, and the latter did not suffer in the comparison, but she determined to

your heart," Rebekah said imploringly.

Ethel looked at her wonderingly. What manner of woman was this, who pleaded so earnestly for the man she loved, not for her own sake, but that of another.

"He has behaved from no unworthy motive, I assure you. If you but knew the truth you would cherish him to your heart, for he is acting a noble part," she continued quietly.

"I cannot believe you," Ethel said firmly. "My trust has been dealt too severe a blow."

"Can you really love then? Do you understand the meaning of the word?" Rebekah cried passionately.

"Can you imagine my sufferings? I am not ashamed to own that I worship him, and if he loved me the world would not contain my joy. But alas! it was not so, and I have renounced my hope. But I am not selfish, I long for his happiness, and so I appeal to you to forgive. Have you the heart to resist my plea? Will you let me exceed you in generosity?" she asked with direct simplicity.

"I cannot allow this," Harecastle said quietly. "I deserve your contempt, Miss Joseph, and you are heaping coals of fire on my head. Miss Fetherston has formed a reasonable opinion from my conduct, which must appear to her to have been dastardly, and she is justified in refusing to have anything to do with me."

"But, you see, I happen to know the secret that has impelled you," Rebekah said quietly.

Harecastle moved forward and looked at her in consternation.

"It is safe with me. You can trust me, Lord Harecastle," she said with a pitiful smile.

"Then if you know all, how can we break off this marriage?"

"They cannot force us if we both refuse."

"But the effect—the terrible effect. Your father will never consent."

Her face turned white. She remembered her recent interview with him and the firm attitude he had taken up. Would she be able to move him? If she and Harecastle went together and made an appeal to his better feelings!

"You and I must see him together; he may grant our wish." But Ethel broke in upon their conversation.

"You may do as you like. But you must not think that if this marriage is broken off, I shall accept your discarded husband, Miss Josephs," she cried fiercely.

Rebekah turned to her with a pained look.

"Some day you will regret your unbelief. I should trust Cyril, should the whole world be against him," she cried warmly.

"But you appear to have superior information. You share his secret and possess his confidence to the full. You may well trust him. I can only judge him of his actions. Do you think I am unreasonable? There was no happier woman in the world than I, when

chance of happiness for you. Grasp at it eagerly; sink your distrust and believe. Let nothing turn you, but cling to him, and all difficulties will vanish. Within a day or two, the world will know that our engagement is broken off. Be the result what it may, I tell you that it shall be done. It may entail suffering, but what is that compared with a life's happiness? I tell you frankly that I shall suffer, but if you turn away from Cyril, you will only add to my misery. I don't think I am small-minded. To know that he was with you would bring me comfort, in my sorrow."

"You are a strange girl, and very generous. I cannot understand you," Ethel said in a softened voice, for the appeal had touched her heart.

"We Jews have passionate natures; but we have been brought up to think self-sacrifice a privilege of our race. We are not jealous in the way of other people. My only desire is for Cyril's happiness. He has been cruelly treated, and has behaved nobly."

"In making love to me to-day," Ethel broke in hotly.

"But there was the temptation. One cannot always govern one's feelings. You must forgive him, for is it not my right to be angry rather than you?" Rebekah said simply.

"It was an insult to us both. Ah! child. I am so miserable," she ended weakly.

Tears came to her eyes, and Rebekah drew nearer to her.

"Just tell me that you will forgive him," she insisted. "I will bring him to you. As for me, you must see that our engagement is at an end. Don't let my consideration for me prevent you from opening your heart."

"No, I cannot say that I forgive him. I have been too deeply wounded."

"Think again, dear. For when you know the truth, you will be proud to take him back to your heart, and you will blame yourself for your unbelief. Be generous. You will never regret it," Rebekah cried passionately.

She might have been pleading for her own life, she spoke so eloquently, but her words appeared to fall on deaf ears, for Ethel turned impatiently away.

(To be continued.)

**It Is No Trouble
To Work Now**
—
**So Says Miss Elsie J. Allen
After Using Dodd's
Kidney Pills.**

**The Suffered from Weakness and Kidney
Trouble, but the old Reliable Kidney
Remedy Cured her Completely.**

St. Croix, N. B., March 15 (Special).—That the pains and weakness which make life almost unbearable to so many women are easily and completely cured by using Dodd's Kidney Pills, is once more shown in the case of Miss Elsie J. Allen of this place:

"I suffered greatly from kidney trouble and weakness before I began taking Dodd's Kidney Pills," Miss Allen says. "I was so weak I could hardly get around, and work was almost impossible. Life was a struggle till I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I began taking them and soon felt better. I took seven boxes in all and they cured me."

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logist on the one hand and the mathematician on the other tell us that it will have to be abandoned, says the Forum.

One generation of naturalists delights us by teaching us to believe that every coral island is built from the bottom of the ocean by the accumulated remains of millions of generations of polyps and the next would have us believe that they are merely the caps of oceanic mountains.

For a century the very foundation on which chemistry was built was the doctrine that the mass, the total amount of things in the universe, was unchangeable, but now more chemists doubt it than believe it.

Sixty years ago Adam Smith was thought to have said all but the last word on economics, and his principle of laissez-faire was the holy of holies, but now laissez-faire has been abandoned and only a single one of his laws remains unchanged.

So it is in all lines, theories of inheritance, of chemical affinity, of disease, of health, of life, of death—all come and go so rapidly that we can scarcely keep pace with the procession. When we look into any specialized phase of a subject the host of ever changing theories simply bewilders any but the extreme specialist.

The interesting part of it is that the man of science is the very one who is not worried by these shifting sands. He is too busy using the various theories to accomplish things. He seems to think no more of discarding one theory for another than he does of taking up a larger test tube or beaker or of adjusting his microscope to a different power.

KEEP CHILDREN WELL.

An occasional dose of gentle laxative such as Baby's Own Tablets will clear the stomach and bowels of all offending matter, and will keep little ones well and happy. For this reason the Tablets should be kept in every home. Mothers have the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no opiate or harmful drug. Mrs. Geo. McLean, Springfield, N. S., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and know them to be a cure for all the minor ills of childhood. I recommend them to all mothers." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. Blauder has just received a telegram from India. "What an admirable invention the telegram is!" she exclaimed, "when you come to consider that this message has come a distance of thousands of miles, and the gum on the envelope isn't dry yet."

Time Has Tested It. Time tests all things, that which is worthy lives; that which is inimical to man's welfare perishes. Time has proved Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. From a few thousand bottles in the early days of its manufacture the demand has risen so that now the production is running into the hundreds of thousands of bottles. What is so eagerly sought for must be good.

Every time the average man makes a good guess he has a lot to say about his superior judgment.

Peppermint—Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds.

the engagement was broken off owing to the discovery of the Earl's treason. She preferred to suffer herself rather than her lover should incur the ignominy that would be visited upon his family. Of her father she could not think. His baseness utterly dumfounded her. She likened him to Akrotyd, and the latter did not suffer in the comparison, but she determined to make one more appeal to his good feelings, though she had very little hope of moving him from the position he had taken up.

She suddenly remembered that Ethel Fetherston was waiting to see her. She proceeded to bathe her eyes, but there still remained visible the effects of her tears. She sat down once more, for she dreaded the coming interview. She thought of making an excuse not to see her visitor, for she was the last person she wanted to think that she had been crying.

But at last she decided to go downstairs. As she passed the library she caught the tone of the Earl's voice and his hearty laugh, sharpened on to the drawing-room. The door was slightly ajar, and she was stopped by the sound of voices. It was Ethel Fetherston that was speaking.

"It is not for me to advise you, dear," she was saying gently.

"But I love you, Ethel, and always shall love you."

These words of Lord Harecastle burst like a thunderbolt on Rebekah's ears.

She stood still for a few minutes, and Ethel's answer was unheeded. "You must not say that," she was saying firmly.

What should she do? The discovery that she had come between Lord Harecastle and the woman he loved was a terrible revelation. Her predominant feeling was of increased pity for him.

She suddenly came to a decision, and quietly opening the door, confronted them.

Rebekah moved slowly towards them; and the light of a great resolve shone in her eyes. She approached Ethel and quietly took her hand.

"Forgive him, Miss Fetherston," she said earnestly. "I am glad that I know your secret. Do not look so troubled. It is better that we should face the truth. Lord Harecastle loves you. He has never cared for me."

Ethel Fetherston did not know what to say. She felt utterly mean to think that this girl should have surprised them, in what she must think to be a love scene.

"I did not think that you loved one another, or I should not have accepted Lord Harecastle," Rebekah continued with a simple dignity that was pathetic. "Won't you forget that I ever existed?"

"It is not you alone that have separated me from Lord Harecastle," Ethel said quietly. "He is not the man I deemed him to be. Perhaps we are both better rid of him," she said coldly.

Harecastle flushed hotly and was about to speak, but Rebekah silenced him with a look.

"I love him with all my heart; and could marry him, giving him my respect, if he loved me," she cried warmly, "but he does not. It is you that he worships, and he is deserving of your love."

"We differ," Ethel said reluctantly. "He has acted basely, not only towards myself, but towards you."

"You do not know. You cannot understand. But I tell you solemnly that he is in every way worthy of you. Take him back to

unbelief. I should trust Cyril, should the whole world be against him," she cried warmly.

"But you appear to have superior information. You share his secret and possess his confidence to the full. You may well trust him. I can only judge him of his actions. Do you think I am unreasonable? There was no happier woman in the world than I, when he asked me to be his wife. I loved, I revered him. When he asked me to trust him and keep our engagement secret, I consented gladly, for I never deemed him capable of an act that was not strictly honorable. Then, too, when he came to me and wished me to give him back his word—although my heart was broken, I consented. But what happened; within a few hours I read of his engagement to the wealthy Miss Josephs. Not a word to me of warning. The blow came and my whole nature was warped. Poverty I never feared, and I told Cyril so. I believed, too, that he would have been content to bear it with me. And yet riches tempted him. He tells me that he never loved you. There might have been some excuse, if your beauty had tempted him and his love had left me. But no, in cold blood, loving me, as he tells me, he asks you to marry him. And you say that you forgive him. You are not a woman. You are an angel," she cried with biting contempt.

"Be silent, Ethel," Harecastle cried fiercely. "You know not what you say. Miss Joseph is so generous and large-hearted, that your attitude seems pitiful beside her self-sacrifice."

"And you thought he was about to marry me for my money," Rebekah said reproachfully. "You understand him so little as that? Miss Fetherston, you make me think that you are not worthy of his love. Have faith in him. I implore you take him to your heart. Blot out these days of misery and be happy with him—then I shall be content."

For a moment Ethel wavered, but Rebekah's appeal only angered her. Then, too, Harecastle's warm defence of the woman to whom he was engaged did not please her. She knew there was a mystery, but she did not think that it could be of such a nature, that it would give her back the respect that she formerly had for him.

The pity of it was that she knew she still loved him, but she hardened her heart and faced them coldly.

"I do not want to hear any more. My mind is made up. I should like to go," she said firmly.

"Lord Harecastle, would you mind leaving us together?" Rebekah asked eagerly.

He hesitated for a moment and looked at Ethel, but she showed no sign of either assent or dissent. He finally went out, and Rebekah eagerly approached the other.

"Sit down, Miss Fetherston," she said softly. "Do let us be friends. I have never had a real friend in my life, except my aunt."

She led her to a seat and sat down beside her.

"I know you still love Cyril, for you cannot help it. Your heart ought to be glad with joy. I throw away my pride and tell you that I would give the world to be in your place—that he should love me. For a time, when I thought that I held his heart this earth was Heaven to me. There is a

"I suffered greatly from kidney trouble and weakness before I began taking Dodd's Kidney Pills," Miss Allen says. "I was so weak I could hardly get around, and work was almost impossible. Life was a struggle till I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I began taking them and soon felt better. I took seven boxes in all and they cured me."

"I can now do my work the year round and do not feel it. My back which used to trouble me so much is well and strong and I don't feel any pains at all."

The root of women's troubles is in the kidneys. There is not a weak, suffering woman in Canada that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not help, and in nearly every case Dodd's Kidney Pills will work a complete cure.

TOO CLEAN.

Natives of Africa Have Strange Idea of the Powers of Soap.

Miss Mary Kingsley, who made many journeys in the wilds of Africa, used to relate how once, finding it necessary to cleanse a much soiled and stained blouse, she carried it, with a cake of soap, to a neighboring spring, where an interested group of native women watched her wash it. They were much impressed by the way in which the spots disappeared, and it emerged as good as new.

The next morning, when it came time to break camp, Miss Kingsley missed her soap—apprecious commodity in the wilderness. Suspicion soon pointed to a certain woman, who, on being accused, confessed boldly that she had taken it and cast it into the spring, that its extraordinary powers of renewing old garments might be permanently imparted to the waters. She was deeply mortified to learn that her effort had been in vain.

The Rev. Peter McQueen of Charlestown, Massachusetts, who has recently returned from Africa, tells a kindred story. He still had it with him.

"I told our native servants to be sure and lay in a supply of clean water when we crossed the Taru desert, a scorched belt and stretching some seventy-six miles," he relates. "Tidings had reached us that an English explorer who had attempted to cross that desert shortly before us had perished from thirst, so we wanted to be careful."

"You might imagine my surprise when, upon taking my first draft of water, I discovered that it tasted strongly of soap. All the casks were similarly tainted, and we rounded up the natives and held a hasty court martial."

"It was a tough predicament, but I couldn't refrain from smiling within when the leader of them meekly confessed that as the master had instructed him to lay in a supply of clean water, he had seen to it that bars of soap were added, for soap, he said, was used to clean things."

They did not perish of thirst; but after sixteen days of drinking soap-suds, which agreed with neither palate nor stomach, no native of that particular gang was again likely to try to purify water with soap.

A dyspeptic is a man who feels a profound hatred for the people who are enjoying themselves.

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"I can testify to the great merits of your Emulsion, especially in all diseases of a pulmonary nature. It has saved many lives that otherwise would have yielded to consumption . . . we keep Scott's Emulsion in the house all the time and all the family use it."—MR. C. J. BUDLONG, Box 158, Washington, R. I.

Scott's Emulsion

does ALL it does by creating flesh and strength so rapidly that the progress of the disease is retarded and often stopped. It is a wonderful flesh builder and so easy to digest that the youngest child and most delicate adult can take it. If you are losing flesh from consumption or any other cause take SCOTT'S EMULSION. It will stop the wasting and strengthen the whole system.

Be sure to get SCOTT'S

ALL DRUGGISTS

Let us send you a copy of Mr. Budlong's letter—his own really wonderful and convincing literature regarding our preparation. Just send us a card mentioning this paper.

SCOTT & BOWNE
123 Wellington St., W. Toronto

On the Farm

PREVENTION OF MILK FEVER.

As the season is approaching when the majority of cows will freshen, a word of precaution for the prevention of so-called milk fever may be seasonable and serviceable. In the first place, it may be said that the common name of the ailment is a misnomer, as there is practically no fever accompanying it. It is a partial paralysis, and is properly named parturient apoplexy, or parturient paresis, and is generally the result of milking the udder empty too soon after calving. It has been noticed that, in the case of cows calving on the range, where the calf does the milking from the first, and takes but a little at a time for the first few days, milk fever is unknown. The same is true, as a rule, in the case of the beef breeds, where the cows are allowed to nurse the calves. The content of the udder at calving is colostrum, a very different substance from normal milk, a substance which is intended by nature for a specific purpose—the moving of the bowels of the calf—and this, if suddenly removed, causes a collapse of the tissues and glands, causing a para-

HAS NO HANDS OR FEET

NOTWITHSTANDING THIS IS
ARTIST AND SPORTSMAN.

Young Man Who Has Overcome His
Infirmities—Travels, Shoots,
Rides, Paints.

Mr. Cecil Shirley, who is engaged in an estate agent's office in Bedford Row, is one of the most remarkable young men in London, England.

He was born, nearly thirty years ago, without hands or feet. In fact, he is limbless below the elbows and knees.

And yet he is able to ride, and shoot well, to dress and shave himself, to travel extensively quite unattended, and to make clever sketches.

WATER COLOR ARTIST.

During the past few weeks he has supplemented his income by painting Christmas cards in water color, and one of the cleverest of his designs is a painting on satin of the wild flowers which flourished last summer in the wilderness of Aldwych.

An Express representative found Mr. Shirley walking briskly about his office on a pair of wonderful artificial legs, and carrying documents from one desk to another by bringing the stumps of the upper arms together.

Mr. Shirley, who comes of an old Cheshire hunting family, has been an optimist since he was an infant. He is about the medium height, clean shaven, with a frank and cheerful expression.

"I was determined that I should never become a burden to anyone, and I had a longing for travel," he said.

"It was not long before I could dress myself without assistance and use the stumps of my arms as if they were hands. I found artificial arms and hands were of no use to me, and I found also that holding a brush or a pen with the lips brought my face too close to my work and was injurious to the eyes, so I learned to hold the brush or pen between the stumps of my arms. In the same manner I now hold every article, from reins to a razor. In shooting I have a leather loop round my right shoulder and the stock of the weapon, and two small loops connect the trigger guard and trigger with my left upper arm.

WENT TO AFRICA.

"In the early part of 1899 I went to South Africa, and at Pretoria I interviewed President Kruger. I worked at farming, but after two and a half years I again took up sketching. At the time of the war I often came into contact with Boer commandoes.

"Two years ago I went to Australia, where I did a great deal of riding and painting insects, birds and flowers.

"I am shortly publishing my auto-biography, which I have illustrated myself. I have taken part not only in flat races, but on one occasion in a steeplechase. The career of the famous M.P., Dr. Kavanagh, who was born limbless, always had a fascination for me, but I felt sorry that he could not enjoy travel as I have done."

CAUSE A GREAT SENSATION. TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM!

Zam-Buk Will Give You Ease!

Just at this season when the cold dry winter is giving way to a milder yet more humid season, the germs of rheumatism, sciatica, and allied ailments come upon their victims with renewed force.

Mr. P. G. Wells, of 338, Ogden Street, Port William, Ont., says:—"Following my duties in attending to passenger trains I often get wet through with rain and steam (the latter in winter). This with hours of duty in icehouses in summer was no doubt the cause of my contracting rheumatism in both knees, left arm, and shoulder. This got so bad that I could no longer work, and was laid off on three different occasions for several weeks, during which I was under the treatment of my doctor. I seemed to get little if any better, no matter what I tried, and this was my state when Zam-Buk was recommended to me. I laid in a supply, and to my great joy it began to cure me. I rubbed it well in every night, and when a few boxes had been used, found I was free again from the pain and stiffness of rheumatism. I have had no more trouble from the disease and unhesitatingly recommend Zam-Buk to all who suffer from rheumatism, muscular stiffness, etc."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for eczema, ring-worm, ulcers, abscesses, piles, bag leg, suppurating wounds, cuts, burns, bruises, chapped hands, cold cracks, and all skin injuries and diseases. All drug-gists and stores sell at 50c. per box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price.

SIXPENCE A WEEK.

All a Family of Five Had to Live on in London.

A remarkable story of poverty was told at the Coroner's Court in London, England, last week at an inquest of Jane Alice Noble, aged three, the daughter of an unemployed bookbinder of Sydney Grove, Goswell road, Clerkenwell.

The mother said that she went out to buy a little coal, and upon her return found her daughter in flames. The child was wearing flannellette underclothing, and she could not afford a fireguard. She, her husband and children came out of the workhouse a few weeks before Christmas, since when her husband had been doing a little hawking.

The Coroner—How much does he earn on an average? Witness—Last week we only had 2s. 6d., sir.

The Coroner—How can you live? I suppose you get outdoor relief? Witness—No, sir, we manage as best we can. We have a pennyworth of bread and a pennyworth of coal.

Continuing, the witness said that she, her husband and three children lived in one room at the rent of 2s. a week.

The Coroner—That only leaves you 6d. to live on? Witness—Yes, sir.

The witness told that on one occasion a lady gave her 1s. 6d.

The Coroner's officer said that he found the room very clean. There was, however, hardly a scrap of anything in the room, with the exception of a box, which was used as a cot and table. The latter was used by the man and woman as a bed, the covering being a blanket and a rug. He found not a scrap

Calves Raise Them Without Milk. Shovel Free. Steele Briggs Seed Co., Ltd., Toronto

CALVES

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED
Enlarged Portraits, Frames and Art Specialties. Big profits. Full instructions. Catalogue and Samples free.
PORTRAIT SUPPLY CO., 74 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO

WE WANT RELIABLE MEN AND WOMEN all over Canada to work for us during their spare hours selling our high grade Perfumes, Toilet Requisites, Toes, Coffees, etc. No experience necessary. Work pleasant and remunerative. The Home Specialties Co., Dept. W, Transj Avenue, Toronto, Canada.

Twenty-Five Post Cards
assorted, landscapes, flowers, views, comets, etc., for ten cents. NORMAN PEEL, London, Ont.

FRUIT LAND.

Five acres, close to rail and Vancouver, B. C. Price \$500, terms. Also city and suburban lots and acreage.
GEORGE A. KENDALL, Dealer in Realty, 616 Hastings St. W., Vancouver, B. C.

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best and your work to the
"BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.



DR. LUNT'S BEST DEVELOPER

Will develop your but from two to three inches in a very short time.
ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS. Price \$1.00 prepaid. Communicate on strictly private.
THE EDW. R. S. MEDICINE COMPANY
641 Bathurst St., Toronto, Ont.

ENOUGH.

Dashaway—"I want you to meet Mrs. Dasher's eldest daughter. She is the most intelligent of the three of them."

Clevertown — "No, thanks; I've learned more than I ought to know from the other two."

There is nothing equal to Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

When a woman meets a man after her own heart, the chances are that he isn't.

Repeat it: "Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

A small boy's idea of politeness is not to ask for a second piece of pie.

"A Little Cold, You Know," will become a great danger if it be allowed to reach down the throat to the lungs. Nip the peril in the bud with Allen's Lung Balm, a sure remedy containing No opiates.

"Is the shoe too small?" tenderly asked a fond swain of his sweetheart, who was moaning about cramped toes. "Oh, no! The shoe is just right, but my foot is too big—that's all."

A Recognized Regulator.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomach irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parlee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

the kidney where the cows are allowed to nurse the calves. The content of the udder at calving is colostrum, a very different substance from normal milk, a substance which is intended by nature for a specific purpose—the moving of the bowels of the calf—and this, if suddenly removed, causes a collapse of the tissues and glands, causing a paralysis of the system. In proof of the correctness of this theory, it is only necessary to recall that, in numerous cases, where the cows had been down, and unconscious for hours, and even days, the simple filling of the udder with air has restored them to health, without the help of any medicine. And in ordinary cases a complete cure has been effected within two or three hours. Prevention is, of course, better than cure, and if the calf is taken from the cow, to be raised by hand, the udder should be only partially milked out for the first three days. It is better for the calf that it be allowed to suck for that time, but not necessary if the dam's new milk be given it in small quantity, and warm. There is very little danger of the udder being spoiled by nature's provision for the occasion, the colostrum contained. It will be noticed, that, when in such case the udder is very large and caked, it is cold, and gives no symptoms of fever, and, by oiling and rubbing it, the caked condition usually gives way in the course of a week or two. Furthermore, it is seldom, if ever, that milk fever occurs in the case of a caked udder. It rarely occurs in the case of a heifer with her first calf, and seldom in a cow younger than four years. The proper course, therefore, is to prevent the trouble by partial milking for three or four days. And if this precaution has been neglected, and the ailment occurs, a bicycle pump, or a rubber-bulb syringe with a teat tube, disinfected by immersion in boiling water, should be used to fill each quarter full of air, tying the teats with tape, and massaging the udder with the hands to force the air up into the system. A bicycle pump is the most effective, as it does the work quickly and thoroughly. Do not allow dosing with medicine, as, when paralyzed, the cow cannot swallow, and the medicine will almost surely go into the windpipe and lungs, surely causing death. Hundreds of valuable cows have been killed by dosing under such circumstances. The use of pure oxygen or sterilized air for filling the udder is doubtless safer than common air, but if care is taken in disinfecting the milk tube, and gently placing it in the teat, there is very little risk of damage to the udder.—Farmer's Advocate.

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HIS CHANCE.

Madam—"O, professor, don't you think my dear little Reginald will ever learn to draw?"

Professor Crayon—"No, madam; not unless your harness him to a truck."

"Mr. Bubkins," said the proud father, shaking the young man warmly by the hand, "let me tell you that you are a man after my own heart." "Oh, no, sir," protested the blushing suitor; "I'm after your daughter's!"

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

There ought to be a plank in every political platform guaranteed to give the candidate a walk-over.

After a Cold Drive don't fail to take a teaspoonful of Painkiller mixed with a glass of hot water and sugar. It surely prevents chills. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

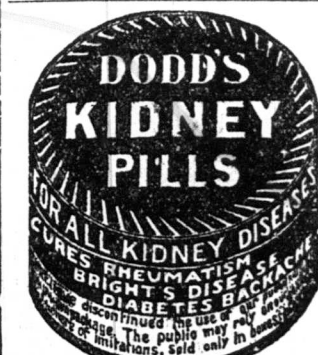
"Jane," began Mrs. Newlywed timidly, "I don't suppose—er—that you would—er—object to my getting an alarm-clock?" "Not at all, ma'am," replied the sleepy maid. "Then things never disturb me at all!"

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is an unparalleled remedy for colds, coughs, influenza and diseases of the throat and lungs. The fame of the medicine rests upon years of successful use in eradicating these affections, and in protecting mankind from the fatal ravages of consumption, and as a neglected cold leads to consumption, one cannot be too careful to fight it in its early stages. Bickle's Syrup is the weapon, use it.

And the old hen moves in a set of her own.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

A negro was passing under a scaffolding where some repairs were going on, when a brick fell from above on his head, and was broken by the fall. Sambo very coolly raised his head and exclaimed:—"Halloa, you white man up dar! If you don't want your bricks broke, just keep 'em off my head!"



ISSUE NO. 11—09.

The Coroner's officer said that he found the room very clean. There was, however, hardly a scrap of anything in the room, with the exception of a box, which was used as a cot and table. The latter was used by the man and woman as a bed, the covering being a blanket and a rug. He found not a scrap of food in the place.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

We can always bear the troubles of other people with admirable fortitude.

Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

Many a man who never suffers from gout will tell you that his left foot never feels right.

Tearing Down Signals does not delay storms. Opium-eaten "medicines" may check coughing, but the cold-stays. Do not trifle; when you begin to cough take Allen's Lung Balm, free from opium, full of healing power.

A physician upon opening the door of his consultation room asked: "Who has been waiting longest?" "I have," spoke up the tailor, "I delivered your clothes three months ago."

Suffer No More.—There are thousands who live miserable lives because dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are among the best vegetable pills known, being easy to take and are most efficacious in their action. A trial of them will prove this.

ilarities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

Some fellows can't even discharge a duty without making a noise like an explosion.

The Japs Did It. They supplied the Menthol found in the 1st & 2nd Brand which relieves instantly headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and sciatica.

"This is the seventeenth time I've seen you in the dock," said a magistrate, looking at a prisoner sternly. "Yes; for eight years now I've seen you sitting in the chair, but I've never thought of complaining about it," replied the prisoner reproachfully.

A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidentially. Write today for my free treatment. MRS. F. E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

You can't have a mild winter and hear the jingling of sleigh bells, too.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

10 BEAUTIFUL 'ASTER POST CARDS
Crosses, Angels, Babbies, etc., and your name in gold on each for 25c.
Norman Peel Mfg Co., London, Ont.

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Write for Weekly Price Lists. Shipments Solicited.
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Leading Conservatories, Colleges, Schools,
Theatres, and in thousands of homes where a piano
of distinctive merit is appreciated. The Bell is the
only piano with the Illimitable Repeating Action.

PIANOS

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THE BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

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200,000 MUSKRAT

WE BUY ALL OTHER KINDS OF FURS. SHIPMENTS SOLICITED.
The Monteith, Strother Fur Co. 11 and 13 Church St.
TORONTO

FLORENCE KINRADE'S STORY

Differs Very Little From That Which She Told the Detectives

Hamilton, March 11.—At the Kinrade murder inquest last night, Florence Kinrade was in the witness box for three hours, and she was closely cross-examined by Mr. Blackstock with regard to the murder of her sister Ethel. The story which she told reveals so far no new fact, although in the course of her evidence there can be observed certain discrepancies in comparison with her former stories. Her evidence is also remarkable in regard to the incidents connected with her sojourn in the south, and because at Rochester and Buffalo she claimed to have stayed as a guest at houses the addresses of which and the names of their owners she cannot remember.

THE MYSTERIOUS MISS ELLIOT.

Apparently she was introduced to her career as a soloist by a Miss Elliot, an English woman given to travelling, whose present whereabouts she does not know, and who introduced herself to the girl at the Macnab Church. So far as her connection with Baum, with whom she was associated at a vaudeville theatre in Portsmouth, is concerned, she admitted that he proposed marriage to her, having knowledge of her engagement to Mr. Wright, but she said that she regarded his attentions as a joke.

Both Miss Kinrade and her father, who was on the stand two hours, spoke of the family being scared by mysterious men, supposed tramps, and by an attempt to break into the house. Beyond lapses of memory Miss Kinrade gave her evidence clearly, although evidently under high nervous tension.

SOME SLIGHT DISCREPANCIES

Miss Kinrade said that she attempted to get out of the window of the parlor, but the assassin pulled her back. How it happened that she had previously said she had got out of the window she did not know. Neither could she explain why, when she ran into the back yard, she did not scale the fence, one easy to climb, and get assistance. As to the number of shots the witness was unable to speak definitely. She thought that one was fired while she was upstairs. At least she heard a bang, but did not realize that it was shooting. One shot was fired at herself as she ran out of the front door.

A MOMENT OF SILENCE.

The silence of the court-room became tense at one point when Mr. Blackstock, after going over Miss Kinrade's story, asked her if she had not at one time told of struggling with the man in the dining-room and there actually seeing her sister, who had come to see what was the matter, shot dead.

"Now, did you tell that?" demanded the lawyer.

There was a long pause before the voice of the slender girl in black answered faintly, "Not that I know of."

"Did you tell that to anyone?"

"Not that I remember."

"Tell me this, Miss Kinrade, was Ethel Kinrade, your sister, shot in

to whose house Florence ran after the tragedy, testified that Florence's words were: "Ethel is shot; is shot six times." She also said that the girl had on her hat when she arrived.

Dr. McNichol said Florence's story to him, told almost immediately after the tragedy, was that a man forced himself into the house, and threatened her with a pistol. She struggled with him for the weapon, and Ethel, hearing the noise, came downstairs, screamed and was shot.

Inspector McMahon testified that when Mrs. Kinrade came to the station to complain of tramps she was perfectly collected.

Detective Bleakely, who went up to the house when the alarm was given, described the position of the body. There was a chair near the window with a pair of lady's rubbers near it. If Ethel had been shot sitting on the chair her head would probably fall where the pool of blood was on the floor. When Mr. Kinrade arrived he said in excited tones as he passed: "I just expected something like this would happen."

Mrs. Isabel Kinrade, mother of the murdered girl, said that she left the house at 3 o'clock, and did not know that anything had happened until she saw the commotion in front of the house.

Gertrude, the youngest member of the family, and Ernest, the eldest, testified that their sisters never quarreled. Neither ever saw or heard of firearms in the house, or heard of Florence bringing a revolver with her from the South.

FLORENCE KINRADE FAINTED

Hamilton, March 12.—"If there was no man there, then only you two girls would be left. That will do, Miss Kinrade."

Such was the sentence with which Mr. George Tate Blackstock, K.C., closed his second examination of Florence Kinrade in the inquiry as to the cause of the death of her sister Ethel under circumstances which make it stand out with ghastly prominence in the criminal annals of Canada. The girl, who had been subjected to one of the most trying ordeals that ever a girl passed through, leaned back in her chair in the witness box with white, drawn face and drooping eyelids, and one tensely stretched hand clasping the rail in front of her. Throughout the court, not so crowded as on previous occasions, went a deep sigh as the hearers appreciated the meaning of Mr. Blackstock's last remark.

CARRIED FROM THE COURT.

Then the slight, black-clothed figure collapsed, and the constable in attendance called for Nurse Walker to come to her patient's assistance. Apparently she had collapsed utterly. Outside in the hall the nurse, who had been pacing the hall with anxious steps and bated breath as the ordeal within the closed doors went on hour after hour, was heard to say, "They will kill her." Her anxiety for her charge was marked on her face as she hurried into the court, and no less disturbed was Mr. Clair Mont-

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Mar. 16.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents \$4.10 to \$4.15 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour; first patents, \$5.70 to \$5.90 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.20 to \$5.40, and strong bakers', \$5 to \$5.20.

Wheat—Manitoba wheat, \$1.20 for No. 1 Northern, and \$1.17 for No. 2 Northern, Georgian Bay ports. No. 1 Northern, \$1.24, all rail, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.21 all rail.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 46½¢ on track, Toronto; No. 2 Western Canada oats, 45¢. Collingwood, and No. 3 at 46½¢ to 47¢ Collingwood.

Peas—No. 2 92½¢ outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 74 to 74½¢ on track, Toronto, and No. 3 yellow at 73 to 73½¢, Toronto. Canadian corn, 72 to 73¢ on track, Toronto.

Brans—Cars, \$23 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23 to \$23.50 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$5.50 for choice qualities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and handpicked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2.25 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10½ to 11¢ per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.75 to \$11.25 per ton on track here, and lower grades, \$9 to \$10 a ton.

Straw—\$7 to \$7.50 on track.

Potatoes—60 to 65¢ per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 12 to 14¢ per pound; fowl, 10 to 11¢; turkeys, 17 to 19¢ per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21¢; tubs and large rolls, 15 to 20¢; inferior, 15 to 17¢; creamery rolls, 25 to 26¢, and solids, 22 to 23¢.

Eggs—Case lots of new laid, 24 to 25¢ per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13½¢ per pound, and twins, 14¢.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11½ to 12¢ per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$20.50; short cut, \$23 to \$24.

Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 14½¢; do., heavy, 13 to 13½¢; rolls, 10½ to 11¢; shoulders, 10½¢; backs, 16 to 16½¢; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16¢.

Lard—Tierces, 12½¢; tubs, 13¢; pails, 13½¢.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 16.—Peas—No. 2, 98½ to 99¢. Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 51 to 51½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51¢; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½¢; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½¢; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½¢; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½¢. Barley—No. 2, 63½ to 65¢; Manitoba feed, 58 to 58½¢. Buckwheat—55½ to 56¢. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80 to \$6; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.30 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.10 to \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.40 to \$5.50; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.10; straight rollers in bags, \$2.35 to \$2.45; extra in bags, \$1.95 to \$2.05. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$24; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings,

COURT ASKED FOR ENQUIRY.

Montreal Wants to Investigate Civic Administration.

A despatch from Montreal says: The establishment of a far-reaching precedent passed through its initial stage in the Court of Appeals on Wednesday when a delegation of four appeared for the citizens of Montreal regarding the appointment of a Royal Commission to investigate Montreal's civic administration. Chief Justice Sir Henri Taschereau, with Justices Cross, Carroll, Trenholme and Archambault were on the bench. The purpose of the deputation from the city was to urge the Court of Appeals to recommend to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council that a Royal Commission be appointed to investigate into the state of Montreal's government. Resolutions from the Montreal Board of Trade and the citizens of Montreal were a short time ago sent to the Attorney-General at Quebec, asking that such a commission be appointed. The matter was referred to the Court of Appeals. The court reserved its decision.

FARMER SAVED A TRAIN.

Flagged the G. T. R. Express This Side of Sarnia.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: The G. T. R. passenger train due here at 1.10 p.m., on Friday from Sarnia was doubtless saved from being ditched two miles east of Sarnia by a farmer's presence of mind. The farmer (whose name could not be learned) discovered a broken rail near Perch Creek bridge, and standing on the tracks flagged the train, which was coming at a good rate of speed. The train was stopped in time by Engineer Thomas Bruce, and the crew, including Fireman Pook and Conductor Douglas, temporarily repaired the track, so that the express could proceed, then a man was placed to guard the break and the section gang notified.

DROPPED DEAD IN HOTEL.

Proprietor of Rossin House Victim of Heart Disease.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. Alexander Nelson, senior proprietor of the Rossin House, dropped dead in the rotunda of that hotel shortly before ten o'clock on Wednesday night. He was going to the elevator, intending to retire for the night, when the clerk of the hotel saw him stagger slightly and called to a porter who was near. This man and one of the bell-boys caught him and laid him upon the floor. Stimulants were immediately brought and Dr. Bruce Riordan was immediately summoned by telephone, but before he arrived Mr. Nelson was dead. Up to the last minute Mr. Nelson seemed in his usual health, and just before starting upstairs had gone to close a window in one of the rooms adjacent to the cash destroyed. On Wednesday afternoon they were committed for trial.

FLY WHEEL BURST.

Peterborough County Farmer Was Fatally Injured.

A despatch from Peterborough says: Russell Morrison was killed on Wednesday afternoon by the breaking of a fly wheel of the horse-

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"Now, did you tell that?" demanded the lawyer.

There was a long pause before the voice of the slender girl in black answered faintly, "Not that I know of."

"Did you tell that to anyone?" "Not that I remember."

"Tell me this, Miss Kinrade, was Ethel Kinrade, your sister, shot in your sight at the foot of the dining-room stairs?"

The reply came in a weary monotone like a recital of which the speaker is tired: "All I know is, I came in and saw her lying at the foot of the stairs."

DRAMATIC INCIDENT.

At 20 minutes to 2 o'clock, this morning, in answer to a direct question by Mr. Blackstock as to whether she could identify her sister's murderer, Miss Kinrade with a little cry answered: "I don't know his name, but, Oh, I should know him if I saw him," and fainted. Doctors came to her, and on the motion of Mr. Hobson the inquest was adjourned till 7 o'clock on Thursday evening.

A VERY STARTLING QUESTION

An extract from the evidence of Mr. Kinrade, father of Florence, at the inquest on Wednesday night, given in answer to Mr. Blackstock's questions:

"Is it true that when you came into your front hall that day you said, 'I have expected this would happen for a long time'?"

"No."

"Will you swear you did not use the expression?"

"I can't for sure."

"If you used an expression of that kind you cannot give me any reason for your use of it?"

"There are two reasons I might give if I did say it. In the first place, if I said it that was when I thought it was Florence who was killed. There arose an idea that the man who had been following her down south had been crazy enough to try to stop her marrying the young minister by shooting her. Then I thought too, it might have been one of those tramps."

"But you cannot swear positively that you did not make that statement?"

"Well, not for sure."

"ETHEL IS SHOT SIX TIMES."

Hamilton, Mar. 11.—Mrs. Hickey,

lapsed utterly. Outside in the hall the nurse, who had been pacing the hall with anxious steps and bated breath as the ordeal within the closed doors went on hour after hour, was heard to say, "They will kill her." Her anxiety for her charge was marked on her face as she hurried into the court, and no less disturbed was Mr. Clair Montrose Wright, Miss Kinrade's fiancé, who came in with the nurse. Dr. Bruce Smith and Dr. Clarke, who had been intently watching the case, hurried to the girl's assistance.

"I SEE THAT MAN; HE WILL CHOKE ME!"

Tenderly she was lifted from the stand, and was being carried from the court where with one black-gloved hand flung out, as if to ward off some approaching peril, she shrieked: "I see that man, I see that man; he will choke me; he will shoot me," and shriek after shriek rang through the building.

STORIES REGARDING REVOLVERS.

Two facts stood out in the evidence. The first was the statement by Earl Kinrade that he understood that his sister had practised with a revolver. It was, he said, common talk among the family. The second was that Florence Kinrade denied emphatically that she had ever handled firearms.

Apart from these facts the evidence was also noticeable for the new elements introduced into her story, and that persons in the neighborhood heard nothing of the shooting at the time it is supposed to have occurred.

Subsequently the inquest was adjourned until a week from tonight, when the medical evidence will be taken and the inquiry closed.

Winnipeg Street Railway men will ask for a nine-hour-day at the present rate of pay.

The Patriotic Fund Association has made an additional grant of \$4,000 to Trooper Mulloy.

Mr. Donald Sutherland, ex-M.P., has been appointed head of the Provincial Colonization Bureau.

Provision for a new Central Prison will be made during the present session of the Ontario Legislature.

THE FINANCES OF CANADA

The Revenue For February About Equals Last Year's.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The financial statement of the Dominion for the month of February indicates that the difficulties which the Finance Minister has had to meet during the past year or so in respect to falling revenues and increasing expenditures are now practically at an end. The total revenue for the month was \$6,567,186, as compared with \$6,577,027 for February of last year. Expenditure on consolidated fund account was \$3,936,626, a decrease of \$424,192, and on capital account, \$22,486,553, a decrease of \$1,036,435.

The net debt of the Dominion decreased by \$171,237. During the month the customs revenue increased by \$41,000, and the miscellaneous revenue by \$123,140. The excise revenue decreased \$123,239.

For the eleven months of current fiscal year the entries up to the last day of February on the books of the Finance Department show a total revenue of \$75,504,822, a decrease of \$12,096,477, as compared with the corresponding period of 1907-08. The expenditure on consolidated fund account totalled \$67,004,482, an increase of \$6,284,489. On capital account the expenditure for the eleven months was \$39,302,102, as compared with \$25,768,488 in 1907-8. The total net debt of the Dominion on Feb. 27 was \$308,054,789.

units, seconds, \$5.00 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.10 to \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.40 to \$5.50; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.10; straight rollers in bags, \$2.35 to \$2.45; extra in bags, \$1.95 to \$2.05. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$24; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed mouille, \$28 to \$30. Cheese—Finest western, 13 to 13½c; easterns, 12½ to 12¾c. Butter—Fall creamery, 21c; Western creamery, 20c. Eggs—The demand continues good, and the undertone to the market is stronger, with sales at 25 to 30c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, March 16. — Wheat—Steady; No. 1 Northern, \$1.16½ to \$1.17; No. 2 Northern, \$1.14½ to \$1.15; July, \$1.03 asked. Rye—No. 1, 79½ to 80c. Corn—May, 68c bid. Barley—Standard, 67c; sample, 61½ to 67c; No. 3, 65 to 66c; No. 4, 64½ to 66c.

Minneapolis, March 16 — Wheat—May, \$1.11¾; July, \$1.12¾; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.14¾; No. 1 Northern, \$1.13¾; No. 2 Northern, \$1.11¾ to \$1.12½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.07½ to \$1.09½. Bran—In bulk, \$23 to \$23.50. Flour—First patents, \$5.55 to \$5.65; second patents, \$5.45 to \$5.55; first clears, \$4.40 to \$4.50; second clears, \$3.15 to \$3.25.

Duluth, March 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.11; No. 1 Northern, \$1.13; No. 2 Northern, \$1.11; May, \$1.12; July, \$1.12½; Sept., \$1.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Mar. 16.—Choice exporters' sold at \$5.50; medium quality at \$5 to \$5.25; the best picked butchers' at \$6; several straight loads, however, went at \$4.80. The demand for good stockers and feeders continues, and dealers had no difficulty in disposing of the small number offering at satisfactory prices. There were a number of young lambs on sale. These and sheep were in fair demand at last week's quotations. Calves were firm and unchanged. Hogs—Select at \$9.00 f.o.b. and \$7.15 fed and watered.

SEALERS WITH WIRELESS.

Newfoundland Fleet Equipped With Up-to-date Apparatus.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says: Equipped with a wireless telegraph outfit and manned by 1,000 men, the Newfoundland sealing fleet of twenty-three steamers, sailed on Wednesday on its annual cruise among the dangerous ice floes of the North Atlantic. It is expected that much of the anxiety of past years will be absent this year, as almost daily reports from the sealers are anticipated.

PARRY SOUND SUICIDE

J. Frank Mosley Shoots Himself With a Gun.

A despatch from Parry Sound says: Mr. J. Frank Mosley, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens, killed himself with a shotgun. The deceased was about his ordinary duties on Saturday morning and seemed to be in his usual health, but about 9 o'clock he took an old shotgun, loaded it, went to the telephone, placed the gun to his breast, and shot himself through the heart, dying almost immediately.

FLY WHEEL BURST.

Peterborough County Farmer Was Fatally Injured.

A despatch from Peterborough says: Russell Morrison was killed on Wednesday afternoon by the breaking of a fly wheel of the horse-power wood-sawing machine on his farm at Bensfort, South Monaghan. A fragment mutilated his leg and death resulted during the night from loss of blood and shock. Deceased was aged 27 and was married on New Year's Day.

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THE HEALTH OF

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A despatch from London says: With reference to rumors that King Edward's state of health is giving serious anxiety, it may be stated that the King, who is now at Biarritz, accompanied by his physician, Sir Thomas Reid, is in good health, to all appearances, and is active in his usual outdoor and indoor pursuits.

It is true, nevertheless, that his condition for several weeks past has been the cause of great anxiety to his medical men and his intimate friends. The melancholy truth has been known for some time, even to the principal newspapers, but not a word on the subject has been published in England, and it has been hoped that no consid

PROI TWO GROU

Mining brings quick return wait until the ore is bagged of reach or reason. Don't wait

Come in v PURCHA

The total Capital of this Syndicate (\$4,000) is retained for property pending on the property, the number short distance North-West of the G formation with nice calcite veins at trust by a prominent member of P development work.

The OBJECT is to take ONE prospect the claim carefully as soon will, the Syndicate will form a Company, which will give each Member a success there will certainly be a la with the property after expending th is that a proposition of this kind is locality and have strong faith in th the ground floor in "TEMISKAMIN in "COBALT" would have made in offering this Syndicate. "BARTLE properties in "GOW GANDA" are s ever, this is purely speculative.

Maps and Facts
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CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

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HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER

THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Picton's new \$50,000 collegiate institute was formally opened on Friday.

There is an unprecedented demand for lots in the new town of Gowganda.

Dr. Glasgow, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Second Dragoons, died at Welland, on Saturday.

The C. P. R., it is reported, will build two or three new steamers for the Pacific coast trade at Esquimalt.

Mr. John Foster of Petrolia was found dead in a ditch by the road on Friday. His horse was also dead.

The Quebec Government will spend ten thousand dollars on a monument to the late Honore Mercier.

Montreal Irishmen are taking action to stop the display of offensive caricatures of their countrymen.

G. E. Stewart, the insane murdered, has been removed from the jail at Orangeville to Hamilton Asylum.

Mr. Graham's scheme for the protection of railway crossings was favorably received by the House of Commons.

Mr. Fielding has given notice of a resolution for a Government loan of ten million dollars to the Grand Trunk Pacific.

A scheme is broached at Montreal for the erection of a great union station on the site of the Wind- sor and Bonaventure stations.

Convict Clark, who escaped from penitentiary with Bill Miner, has been brought back to New West- minster from Mount Vernon.

Col. Turnbull, formerly Com- mandant of the Montreal Artillery Brigade, was found dead in his lodgings at Ottawa on Friday.

Willie Woodward, aged thirteen, was killed at Lucan, on Friday, being caught in the shafting of a planing mill where he was working.

Over a thousand Doukhobors in the west are going out to settle on the new lands recently purchased by the community in British Columbia.

The arrivals and departures of Japanese for the months of January and February showed a net increase of three to the colony in Canada.

It is reported at Winnipeg that the Manitoba Legislature will hold a summer session to consider the boundary agreement, and that a general election will probably follow soon.

A switchman's forgetfulness allowed a Wabash passenger train to run into a freight at St. Thomas on Sunday morning. One lady passenger and the engineer were painfully injured.

A Buffalo physician has offered the skull of Capt. Brant, the great Indian Chieftain, to Brantford. The Brantford authorities had the grave opened some time ago and the skull was there then.

GREAT BRITAIN.

By a treaty with Siam signed on Thursday three new States were added to the British Empire.

in no danger. The assault on it could be repelled.

UNITED STATES.

A Polish priest was shot in his rectory at Newark, N. J., by three unknown men.

The number of lives lost in the Arkansas tornado is now estimated at forty-two.

The United States tariff bill provides for reciprocity with Canada in coal.

Three men were crushed to death in a railway collision at Newton, N. J., on Saturday.

Joseph Petrosino, head of New York's Italian detective force, was shot and killed by Black Hand men at Palermo, Italy.

A man at Marlboro', Mass., has eaten nothing for thirty-eight days. He hopes to cure cancer by fasting.

The Missouri two-cent-fare law was quashed by the courts, as not allowing a reasonable profit to the railroads.

The new United States tariff bill removes the duty on hides and reduces that on lumber, steel and leather products.

The British steamer Tamarac, which arrived at Philadelphia yesterday, reported having fallen in with over fifty icebergs northeast of the Grand Banks.

Three bankers, now convicts in the Western Penitentiary in Pennsylvania, have discovered a shortage of over \$26,000 in the penitentiary's books.

GENERAL.

King Alfonso and his Queen are holidaying in Andalusia.

The Japanese budget this year effects a saving of \$178,590,000.

President Castro is said to be about to leave France for Venezuela.

Twenty-seven workmen were killed in Salsburg, Austria, by an avalanche.

The Cuban House of Representatives passed a bill legalizing cock-fighting.

Two Anarchists were shot in a fight with the police at Yekaterin- oslav, Russia.

Women voted for the first time in the municipal elections at Copenhagen on Friday.

The telegraph and telephone operators in the employ of the French Government at Paris are threatening to strike.

ROBBING THE I. C. R.

System of Frauds Alleged Against Officials.

A despatch from Montreal says: What is said to be a series of frauds against the Government has been brought to light, and several of the higher officials of the I. C. R. in this city and Moncton are implicated. The frauds consist in false weighing at several points along the system, and have caused heavy losses to the road. It is stated here that a complete investigation has been ordered and suspensions and arrests will follow as a result. The false billing of lumber between here and Point Lewis was the cause of the discovery. Two cars loaded with lumber for Nicolet were inspected by a high official, who found them to be sixty thousand pounds over the weight paid for. Other reports of a like nature have been received and a general clean-up of the system will likely take place.

FASTER TIME ON C. P. R.

FOUR NEW DREADNOUGHTS

Are Provided For in Great Britain's Naval Programme.

A despatch from London says: The eagerly awaited British naval estimates, about which there has been so much controversy inside and outside the Cabinet, were issued on Friday evening. A compromise won the day, for the estimates provide for a total expenditure of \$175,713,500, an increase of \$14,116,000 over the estimates of 1905-1909.

The new building programme provides for four Dreadnoughts, six protected cruisers, twenty torpedo-boat destroyers and a number of sub-marines, the latter to cost \$5,000,000.

The Government may in the course of the financial year find it necessary to make preparations for the rapid construction of four more large armored ships to be commenced on April 1, 1910. The Government, therefore, asks Parliament

for powers to enable them to be prepared to lay down on April 1, 1910, additional ships which can be completed in March, 1912.

An interesting point in the estimates is that the Admiralty has under consideration the use of dirigible airships for naval purposes and has decided to carry out experiments and construct an aerial vessel.

Under Mr. McKenna's programme Great Britain should have by the end of 1911 fourteen vessels of the Dreadnought type, against thirteen to be then completed by Germany.

Mr. McKenna intimated that a bill would shortly be introduced to sanction the arrangement by which the Canadian Government had undertaken to maintain for the Imperial navy, naval establishments at Halifax and Esquimalt.

DAYLIGHT BILL HERE.

Mr. Lewis Proposes That Canada Join in the Movement.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Lewis will bring before Parliament a suggestion that Canada join in the movement now on in Great Britain, the United States, Australia and New Zealand, to promote early rising and longer hours of daylight for the people during the summer months. He has given notice in the Commons of a daylight saving bill, along the lines of the bill now before the British House of Commons. In order to make the scheme more feasible it is necessary that the United States, Canada and Great Britain agree to simultaneously put back the clock one hour in summer, thus maintaining the present business understanding with respect to the hour of opening and closing of stock markets, the arrival and departure of steamships, etc., on both sides of the Atlantic. Mr. Lewis' bill provides that Canada endorse the proposed scheme, and will enter into a point arrangement with the United States and Great Britain to carry it out when the time is ripe.

BUILDING UP THE WEST.

About \$30,000,000 Worth of New Work This Year.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: It is estimated that thirty million dollars' worth of new buildings will be erected in ten cities of western Canada during the present season. In this amount the twin cities at the head of the lakes are expected to share to the extent of six millions. Winnipeg will run between ten and twelve millions, and the balance will be distributed between Brandon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary, Edmonton, Victoria and Vancouver.

A MOVING Fortress.

New Type of Battleship Outdistances the Dreadnought.

A despatch from London says:

gines to large ships has proved so successful that the Admiralty has decided upon a new type of battleship, outdistancing the Dreadnought type almost as far as the latter outdistanced its predecessors. The new ship will be a veritable moving fortress, able to move all its heavy guns in a complete circle and fire all of them on either broadside. Probably the new ship will be armed with 13.5-inch guns, and will have a displacement of 21,000 tons and a speed of 25 knots.

ROBBED LETTER BOXES.

Three Brockville Boys are Committed for Trial.

A despatch from Brockville says: A systematic scheme of robbing the postoffice was unearthed on Tuesday night, and the arrest of three boys, Gilbert Russell, 13 years; Joseph Laroque, 12, and James Murray, 11, followed. The boys were caught in the act, and when apprehended, confessed that they had watched for keys unthinkingly left in boxes, and, once secured, used them for opening the boxes. Letters containing checks and money were freely taken, and all time is ripe.

BOY SAVED BY "X"-RAYS.

Safety Pin Was Located in London Child's Throat.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: "X" rays saved the life of the four-year-old son of Oliver Keays, when the child swallowed a safety pin on Wednesday morning. It was hurried to the hospital and an examination made, which revealed the pin fast in the throat. An incision was made and the object removed.

MADE TWO FLIGHTS.

Canadian Aeronaut Covers Nine-teen Miles.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Mr. D. McCurdy made two flights on Wednesday morning in the aerodrome Silver Dart, aggregating about 19 miles in all. The flights took place over the ice on the Bras d'Or Lakes, along a measured course in a straight line of

A Buffalo physician has offered the skull of Capt. Brant, the great Indian Chieftain, to Brantford. The Brantford authorities had the grave opened some time ago and the skull was there then.

GREAT BRITAIN.

By a treaty with Siam signed on Thursday three new States were added to the British Empire.

Mr. A. J. Balfour has pronounced tariff reform to be the first plank in the Unionist platform.

Mr. Asquith, speaking in London, declared that free trade was

here and Point Lewis has caused the discovery. Two cars loaded with lumber for Nicolet were inspected by a high official, who found them to be sixty thousand pounds over the weight paid for. Other reports of a like nature have been received and a general clean-up of the system will likely take place.

FASTER TIME ON C. P. R.

A Seventy-two-hour Service for Transcontinental Trains.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The dream of the C. P. R. operating officials is about to be realized in a seventy-two-hour service for transcontinental passenger trains. This was reported unofficially on Thursday after the conclusion of a conference between the leading western officers of the company. To do this it will be necessary to maintain a schedule of forty miles per hour. Whether this is possible remains to be seen, but it is certain that the running time will be greatly reduced.

RUSH OF IMMIGRATION.

Settlers From the Western States are Pouring In.

A despatch from North Portal, Sask., says: The big rush of settlers from the United States bound for points in Alberta and Saskatchewan is now on in earnest. On Wednesday twenty carloads of settlers' effects passed through on the Soo line, and on Thursday forty others came in. All the passenger trains are crowded with settlers. Indications point to a very heavy immigration from the western States to the Canadian west.

and the balance will be distributed between Brandon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary, Edmonton, Victoria and Vancouver.

A MOVING FORTRESS.

New Type of Battleship Outdistances the Dreadnought.

A despatch from London says: The Evening News says it understands experiments with the Vickers, Sons and Maxim Co. adaptation of internal combustion en-

Canadian Aeronaut Covers Nineteen Miles.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Mr. D. McCurdy made two flights on Wednesday morning in the aerodrome Silver Dart, aggregating about 19 miles in all. The flights took place over the ice on the Bras d'Or Lakes, along a measured course in a straight line of four miles. Experiments will now be resumed with Dr. Bell's tetrahedral aerodrome Cygnet II, the fifth aerodrome built by the Aerial Experiment Association.

HEALTH OF THE KING

For Some Weeks Has Been of Great Anxiety.

Public attention would be called to it as long as he was able to continue his ordinary manner of life. His condition is somewhat complicated, but it is an affection of the kidneys that chiefly alarms the doctors. It may easily happen that no actual breakdown will occur for some months.

While the authorities are seeking in every possible way to avoid alarm and public discussion of the King's health, they themselves issued an official intimation a few days ago to the effect that it was not satisfactory. It was set forth that his Majesty's visit to Biarritz was not a holiday or pleasure trip, but was dictated solely by health considerations.

GREAT RUSH TO THE WEST

The Authorities at Winnipeg Are Preparing for a Busy Season.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The immigration authorities are preparing for one of the greatest seasons in the history of western settlement. Discussing the prospects on Wednesday, Commissioner Walker said:

"Judging from the thousands of inquiries which we have received at the Winnipeg offices and the reports which we have received from agents in the United States, Great Britain and the continent of Europe, I have no hesitation in saying that the year 1909 will show a very great increase over any preceding year. Of course, in the year 1908 the Government of Canada adopted stringent measures to check immigration. The result of

this action on the part of the Government was that there was a considerable reduction in emigration from Great Britain during the last fiscal year, and from all causes there was a decrease in that year amounting to 15 per cent., as compared with the previous fiscal year. Of this restrictive policy we have already felt the benefit. There were in the city fewer unemployed men than there were in previous years, and much fewer than there would have been had we permitted an extra fit, strong and very poor immigrants to be sent into the country during that year. We have also had during the past winter a very great reduction in the number of needy people coming to Immigration Hall for food."

PROFITABLE MINING

GROUND FLOOR CHANGES. BOTH TOO GOOD TO LOSE.

Quick returns if you are in on a fair basis and early enough. Don't wait until all the preliminary profits are taken. Don't be bagged and shipped; until brokers can play see-saw with the market at your expense; until the prices of shares soar out. Don't wait until someone else has taken all the cream,

in with us now and Share Good Profits

PURCHASE AND DEVELOPMENT

of this Syndicate is \$5,000, one hundred shares at \$50.00 each, four thousand dollars for property and the balance, viz., one thousand dollars (\$1,000) is to be exact, the number of which is M.R. 2178, consisting of about 40 acres, situated at a Nest of the Government Townsite of "GOW GANDA" and is in the diabase alcite veins and one year's assessment work done. The property is now held in member of Parliament who will personally sign all receipts and will direct the

to take ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$1,000) provided for in the Syndicate to be repaid as soon as the snow goes. If the property develops, as we believe it will form a Company and sell Treasury stock to raise money for further development. Each Member of the Syndicate a substantial holding at first cost, and if it makes mainly be a large profit for each holder. If the Syndicate are not satisfied in expending the money they will sell and secure as much as possible. OUR IDEA of this kind is the best possible investment in that Camp to-day. We like the new faith in this property. FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00) invested in this manner on "EMISKAMING," "CROWN RESERVE," "HUDSON BAY," or many properties have made enormous profits, and fortunes have been made in the manner we are "BARTLETT," "MANN," "REEVES-DOBIE" and many other well known "GANDA" are situated South of this Claim on the same kind of formation. How-
culative.

SHARES \$50.00 EACH

MULHOLLAND & CO.,

34 VICTORIA ST., TORONTO, ONT.

WE HANDLE ALL MINING STOCKS ON ALL EXCHANGES.

PROSPECTING AND EXPLORING

We believe in The Saville Prospecting & Exploration Company, Limited, (No Personal Liability). Tom Saville is a widely known, well-liked, thorough-going experienced prospector. When this Company was organized with the low capitalization of \$500,000, par value \$1, of which 300,000 shares are Treasury, Tom Saville accepted 200,000 fully paid shares for three splendid claims described as M.R. 844, Silver Lake District; M.R. 1075, and M.R. 1076, Miller and Gow Ganda Lake Districts. These three claims are located in areas of proven silver richness in the immediate vicinity of well-known claims of demonstrated value. Tom Saville has also signed a contract with the Company to give his exclusive services without salary for one year. He is now prospecting in a new silver district, and all the results of his efforts during the coming year will become assets of this Company. We have secured a small block of shares in this Company, and for a quick sale to provide funds for developing the properties now held, and to support Tom Saville's exploration party, we will offer them at

THIRTY CENTS A SHARE

Write Us for
Further Facts

JUST IN!

OUR NEW SPRING
STOCK OF

TRUNKS and VALISES

We have never had a better
or larger showing in Suit
Cases, Club Bags and Trunks

Let us show you our New Suit Cases made of smooth
Grain Leather, Extra deep Style and all the popular
colors,

Prices \$4.50, 5.00, and 5.50.

ENGLISH CLUB BAGS Ladies' and Gents'
Styles in Black,
Brown and London Russett. Prices range from
\$4.00 to 11.50.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville,
HOUSES, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.
Store closes at 9 o'clock Saturday Evenings during Jan., Feb. and March.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers
the above mentioned grades have been
proven to be the best Flours in the market.
When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and
patronize your home mill, thereby produc-
ing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase
cheaper than the product of the Western
mills, which has to be transported thousands
of miles at great expense, and usually, when
it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or
the mechanic sends to Toronto or to out-
side points for an article he can get at the
home store just as good, but he does not
hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds
of miles away, and sell you an inferior
Flour for more money than you can pur-
chase the home product for, every bag of
which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-
WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the
best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE
COAL. Also in the market for the purchase
of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before pur-
chasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

BREAD and MONEY

Most people like money, but all
the people like good wholesome
sweet Bread

Ask for (CAMBRIDGE'S) Home-
made and Baker's Bread, and you
will be satisfied when once tried
that there is none quite as good.

We sell best grades of Chocolates, such
as Lowney's, Ganong's, etc.
We DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates
We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Mc-
dallons, the purest of confection
We have some fine Oranges in stock
Oysters constantly on hand
Lunches served at all hours, and to
please you is our desire

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

*Phone 96.



Kant Krack
Rubber Collars
Linen Finish
25 CENTS.

Arlington
Rubber Collars
Bright Finish
16 CENTS.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 30

**THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and
TOBACCO STORE.**

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

25 TEACHERS of ripe scholar-
ship, wide teaching and busi-
ness experience in leading Can-
adian and American centres.
Employed by our chain of High Grade
Colleges, have built up a superior, un-
approached curriculum.
Each student is instructed privately
at his own desk. We assist our gradu-
ates to the best positions.
Three courses—Commercial, Stereo-
graphy and Telegraphy.
Mail courses. Enter any day.
Write for particulars.
Peterboro
Business College.
GEO. SPOTTON, Principal, 121f

Don't fail to hear the Old Folks' con-
cert in the Opera House. on Friday,
April 10th, under the auspices of the
Ladies' Aid of the Western Methodist
church.

Every user of "Salada" Tea is ab-
solutely guaranteed tea of the finest
quality, purity and flavor. The com-
pany's well known lead packets can be
purchased at any grocer's.

Part of John L. Sullivan's message
to the sporting world on his fiftieth
birthday was: "I have come to realize
that to live life well, no matter how
long or how short, is a passport to the
great beyond, and our care should not
be to live long as to live well, and
remember in all cases to let liquor
alone."

The Saturday Evening Post reports:
"That in the fiscal year 1908 the pro-
duction of all kinds of distilled spirits
in the United States was only 127,000,
000 gallons, against 168,000,000 gal-

Liquid Veneer.

Make old things look like new. Ex-
cellent for woodwork, pianos, furni-
ture and floors. Samples given on re-
quest.

M. S. MADOLE.

13-b

Removed

Chas Fisher's music store has been
removed to larger and more central
premises, next to Graham & Vandal-
stynes. All the latest music kept in
stock. Particular attention is drawn
to the magnificent stock of wallpapers.
Call and see them.

Books &c.

Don't forget to call on, or write to
Jas. Gordon, while he is still occupying
his store on John Street, near Paisley
House. Lots of excellent literature
for old and young. Now is the time to
read before the busy season com-
mences. Bibles in great variety from
15c up, hymn books, prayer and choir
books, school helps, mottoes &c
Prices low.

Lennox and Addington Historical
Society.

The regular March meeting of the
Historical Society will be held in His-
torical Hall, Library Building, on Fri-
day evening, March 19th, at 8 p. m.
Professor L. E. Horning, of Toronto
University will lecture on "England in
the days of King Alfred." This meet-
ing is open for the public. Entrance
free. Everyone welcome.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Special services will be held in this
Church every night next week at 7.30
p. m. The purpose of the addresses
will be to make plain the way of Sal-
vation. All are earnestly invited to
attend. No collections will be made,
but plates will be at the door in which
offerings may be placed for church ex-
penses. The addresses will be given
by the vicar, Rev. F. T. Dibb.

Notice of Appointment.

I have appointed Mr. W. G. H.
Brown, of Napanee, District Agent
for The Mutual Life Assurance Co., of
Canada for Lennox and Addington,
who will make collections and look
after the interests of the company in
said district.

Mr. Grange will still remain with
the company and do all the new busi-
ness he can for it as usual.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent,
Belleville.

Athletic Event.

In connection with the wrestling
match at the Napanee opera house
next Monday evening, March 22nd,
there will be an exhibition sparring
match between C. Powell and G.
Sweetman, members of the 11th Bat-
talion, Kingston. Tickets for the
event are now on sale at Hawley &
Maybee's shoe store. All the partici-
pants in this athletic event are experts
in their line, and the present indica-
tions are that a full house will witness
the sport. Half tone pictures of the
heavyweight wrestlers will be found on
page five of this issue.

New Motor Boats.

Several of the local yacht enthusiasts
have about completed new boats to be
in commission this season. Mr. Chas.
A. Walters' new boat is thirty feet
long, and four feet beam and will have
a ten horse power Brockville engine.
It should prove a very speedy boat.
Capt. McCullough has completed Mr.
Chinneck's boat and is now ready for
the engine. It is a roomy model,
thirty feet four inches long and four
feet eight inches beam. Messrs. Geo.
Degroff and Wilton Ashley are each
building twenty foot boats. Mr. De-
groff's will be four feet six inches beam
and Mr. Ashley's four feet beam.
These should both prove comfortable
boats.

New Hose Wagon.

The contract for a new hose wagon
in connection with the fire system has
been given to T. M. Graham. Estimate

FIFTEEN

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We sell best grades of Chocolates, such as Lowney's, Ganong's, etc.
WE DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates
 We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Medallions, the purest of confection
 We have some fine Oranges in stock
 Oysters constantly on hand
 Lunchees served at all hours, and to please you is our desire

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Phone 96.

Elephant Brand ready-mixed Paint.
 Laqueret Varnish Stain.
 Floor g'az: Eramel wears on the floor.
 Guaranteed pure Elephant brand White Lead.
 Pure boiled Lincseed Oil, the only kind we sell.

M. S. Madole.

Phone 13.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
 Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

The town council propose to introduce and pass a by-law governing all public buildings.

Mr. J. H. Boyle, superintendent of the Canning factory, and Miss Addie Kimmerly were quietly married in Kingston on Thursday of last week.

A petition to the Ontario Government is being circulated asking the Government to establish a fish hatchery somewhere along the line of the B of Q Ry., to supply game fish fry for restocking the back lakes.

The Boyle milk can, always the best, and better than ever. Only the best material used, and made as good as they can be. Price lower this year. Buy the best from

BOYLE & SON.

At the council meeting on Monday night the rate for the year 1900 was struck at eighteen mills on the dollar. Reeve Kuttan fought the by-law to the last ditch in an endeavor to have the rate struck at sixteen mills.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEXINGTON, MASS. CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

Mr. F. S. Scott has been commissioned by Whelan Bros., Fernie, B. C., to paint them a picture of the G. T. Railway bridge and surroundings. The picture is to be five by eight feet. Some years ago Mr. Scott sold Mr. Whelan a picture of the bridge, which was destroyed in the fire last year, and the new picture is to replace the one destroyed.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, land rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and scufflers, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pullers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

Monday evening in a hockey match at Deseronto the Pictou Junior O. H. A. team defeated the Deseronto boys by a score of 2-2. Those who witnessed the game say it was the fastest game ever played in Deseronto. This is Deseronto's first defeat this year, and at that they have nothing to be ashamed of, as they played a brilliant game, and the Deseronto citizens can still proudly hold up their heads with the undoubted assurance that they have one of the best hockey aggregations in this section.

Small houses greeted the Daniel Ryan Company which occupied the boards at the Brisco opera house on Monday and Tuesday evenings. The reason for the small attendance certainly could not have been because the company was not deserving of better patronage. The two plays "Salome," and "The Bells," were presented in a masterful manner, both as to the acting and the stage settings. Those who witnessed the plays are loud in their praise of the entire company, and particularly so of Mr. Ryan who proved himself an actor of high ability.

to the sporting world on his fiftieth birthday was: "I have come to realize that to live life well, no matter how long or how short, is a passport to the great beyond, and our care should not be to live long as to live well, and remember in all cases to let liquor alone."

The Saturday Evening Post reports: "That in the fiscal year 1900 the production of all kinds of distilled spirits in the United States was only 127,000,000 gallons, against 108,000,000 gallons the year before, the decrease amounting to 25 per cent. Outside of distillers' stockholders the fact that there were forty-odd million gallons less of liquor will be cheerfully regarded."

About sixty of the neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. John Clute, Morven, met on Tuesday night and took them by surprise to assure them of their hearty welcome to their midst. A very pleasant evening was spent in games and music, also plenty of cake, pie, tea and oranges were served. Shortly after twelve Rev. Horton called all to order and after a short speech in which he thanked Mr. and Mrs. Clute for their hospitality and wished them every success in their new home and undertaking, to which Mr. Clute promptly responded. All joined in singing "God be with you till we meet again" and departed.

Raw Linseed Oil

Specially pure raw linseed oil for horses and cattle at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Another Reminder.

Of the Old Folks' concert in the Opera House, Friday, April 16th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Western Methodist church.

Donations of Fruit &c Asked For.

The Ladies of the Napanee Hospital Aid Society, are preparing a box to be sent to the Kingston General Hospital for Easter. As we have not asked for very much for this work this year, and as the hospital is very much in need of help, we feel confident that all will respond to this request. Will the friends who are at all interested in this work, kindly send their donations of fruit, marmalade and maple syrup to Mrs. C. H. Wartman before Thursday, April 8th. Will you also remember to send in old linen as it is greatly needed. Please remember the date.

EASY TO MIX THIS.

What will appear very interesting to many people here is the article taken from a New York daily paper, giving a simple prescription, which is said to be a positive remedy for backache or kidney or bladder derangement, if taken before the stage of Bright's disease.

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Shake well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and again at bedtime.

A well-known druggist here at home, when asked regarding this prescription, stated that the ingredients are all harmless, and can be obtained at a small cost from any good prescription pharmacy, or the mixture would be put up if asked to do so. He further stated that while this prescription is often prescribed in rheumatic afflictions with splendid results, he could see no reason why it would not be a splendid remedy for kidney and urinary troubles and backache, as it has a peculiar action upon the kidney structure, cleansing these most important organs and helping them to sift and filter from the blood the foul acids and waste matter which causes sickness and suffering. Those of our readers who suffer can make no mistake in giving it a trial.

Bazaar—Church of St.

Mary Magdalene.

A bazaar will be held and a New England supper served in the Town Hall, on Tuesday, April 13th, 1900, in aid of Organ Fund. Watch the papers for full particulars and attractions.

Secretary.

thirty feet four inches long and four feet eight inches beam. Messrs. Geo. Degroff and Wilton Ashley are each building twenty foot boats. Mr. Degroff's will be four feet six inches beam and Mr. Ashley's four feet beam. These should both prove comfortable boats.

New Hose Wagon.

The contract for a new hose wagon in connection with the fire system has been given to J. M. Graham. Following are the dimensions: panel box, 9 or 10 feet long, width 3 feet, 3 inches over all, height 10 inches, 14 inches over all; top rail, 1 inch gas pipe; step and tool box behind; Babcock chemical engines along side of seat; elevated seat and toe board, seat on hinges; ladder rack above box; Martin gear; wheels 11 inches; B. standard axles 11 inches; Coach bed springs 12 inch, six and seven leaf; shafts only; capacity 2000 pounds; box to hang between front wheels, suitable place selected for firemen's equipment.

Be sure and hear the Pioneer Pedagogy in the Old Folks Concert in the Opera House, on Friday, April 16th, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of the Western Methodist Church.

The Canadian Cook Book.

By Lucy Bowerman, a former Napanee and graduate of the Toronto General Hospital training school for nurses, is an excellent work of 350 pages, printed on heavy super-calendar paper and bound in oil cloth, is made to stay open on the table where desired and a double index makes the material in the book easily and readily available. No woman can have too much knowledge in the matter of cooking. Each woman who prides herself in her ability as a housekeeper and a homemaker rightly prides herself on her ability to cook and serve the food of the family with a view to the health and happiness of the members of her household. A good cook book, written and compiled from a hygienic and practical standpoint is essential in every home. The price of the book is \$1.25 and the proceeds from the sale of this work are to be devoted to the Toronto Graduate Nurses' Club House.

WAGERVILLE.

On March 7th, James R. Ruttan dropped dead at the home of Lass Cronks. He had taken dinner with the Cronk family. He did not complain, and seem to be in his usual health and ate a hearty dinner. About an hour after dinner while sitting on a chair he suddenly fell over and in two minutes was dead. Dr. Genge was called in and pronounced it heart failure. Deceased was a resident of this place. He leaves a wife and a family of seven children.

Mrs. S. Winch, Milestone, Sask., is the guest of her brother, William McCumber, after an absence of thirty years.

G. A. Smith held his annual cheese meeting in Wagerville factory on March 12th, for the purpose of arranging business for the following year. The reports of 1900, were read and were very satisfactory to the patrons. The average pound of milk for one pound of cheese for the whole six months, was ten and a half pounds, and the average price paid per hundred pounds milk for the season was \$1.60.

Visitors: S. Van and Miss W. McCumber at W. Cronk's; T. Kirkham and Miss Viola Storms, at F. Kirkham's; G. W. Raymond, at T. McCumber's; Mr. and Mrs. W. McCumber at Eli McCumber's; Mr. and Mrs. Wagar at W. A. Wagar's; Harvey Cronk at McLean.

Horses

Get your horse ready for the spring's work by feeding him a package of Milling's Improved Compound Iron Powders. There is no better condition powder. Put up fresh in 2 lb packages for 25 cents. At The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.



Don't Strain Your Eyes.

When letters blur, glasses are required. If troubled with headaches our Glasses will give relief.

Remember the right Glasses will strengthen your eyes, the wrong glasses will weaken them. Our aim is to suit your sight.

H. E. SMITH,
Optician.



SYMINGTON'S

Seeds are as good and cheap as any in Canada. We will buy, trade, or sell.

Pay Highest Price for Raw Furs, and do our utmost to satisfy you at the

SEED STORE,

South Side Dundas St.,

THOS. SYMINGTON.

P. S.—All Seed Accounts due on March 1st, 1900 is subject to be placed for collection without further notice.

NOTICE !

Now we don't want to slander our competitors, nor enter any action against any of them, BUT WE do want the good people of Napanee to come to Kelly's for

The Best and Freshest Groceries in Town.

Try our Potatoes. 15c a peck
 Also strictly fresh Eggs. 24c per doz
 Choice Evaporated Peaches 15c per lb
 Choice Evaporated Peas 2 lbs. 25c
 Scotch Orange Marmalade 15c a can
 Try our Coffee it is good.
 We have bitter Oranges for Marmalade.
 Beautiful (Canadian) Onions 20c per peck at

KELLY'S,
Campbell House Corner.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.*

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EIGHTEEN

Our range of Suits in Blue and Black Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds at

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS

are Exceptional Values.

The Best of Trimmings Built to hold their shape.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

Baby Carriages and Go Carts.

The largest stock ever shown in Napanee. All kinds of wheeled goods for the youngsters at the Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the East End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Massage, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first class. J. N. OSBORNE, Prop

Lecture at Selby.

Rev. W. H. Emsley will deliver his popular lecture at Selby Methodist Church, on the evening of Friday, April 2nd, Subject, "Plodding with Peter through Palestine." Refreshments served. Admission 25c.

Information Wanted by Postmaster.

Can the Postmaster at Napanee ascertain the name of the sender of a letter of value, posted February 18th, 1909, addressed to "Mrs. C. Fidler, 152 Mechanic Street, Toronto." The letter is headed "Dear Emma," and signed, "Mother and Father."

New England Supper and Bazaar.

Under the auspices of the Church woman's Guild, Church of St. Mary Magdalene, a bazaar will be held and New England supper served in the Town Hall, April 13th. Useful, as well as fancy articles will be for sale, candy table also laden with delicious sweets. Next week we will tell you of something else which you will be anxious to know about. Watch the papers. Secretary.

PARISH OF SELBY.

A celebration of the Holy Communion is announced for Sunday, March 28th, at 10.30, in St. John's church, Selby. The Rev. Rural Dean Dibb being celebrant.

STRATHCONA

The Lenten services, with the addresses on the "Temptations of our Lord," are being held in St. Jude's church, Strathcona, on Thursday evening at 7.30.

The Power Stock Co. 3 Nights.

The Power Stock Company will open an engagement of three nights at the Brisco opera house, commencing Mar. 25th, presenting a brand new list

OBITUARIES.

WALTER OGDEN.

Formerly of Cherry Valley, but latterly of Adolphustown, died on Wednesday, at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Thomas Tierney, Adolphustown, aged seventy-five years.

MRS. J. CONGER ALLEN.

An estimable lady and for a long number of years a resident of Napanee, passed away very suddenly on Wednesday evening, at her residence opposite the post office. Deceased had been in her usual health and attending to her household all day and death came suddenly early in the evening, caused by heart disease. Her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Wilson, arrived from New York last evening to arrange for the funeral.

MRS. MARGARET T. RUSSELL.

Beloved wife of Mr. Percy Russell, formerly of Richmond, died on Friday last at her home in Carrington, North Dakota. Deceased was the daughter of Mr. Thos. Russell, of Richmond, and was aged thirty-four years, eight months and thirteen days. The remains were brought to Napanee and the funeral took place on Tuesday to Riverside cemetery vault. Besides her husband, three young children are left.

ALEX. LAFFERTY

Alex Lafferty, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Lafferty, Napanee, died in New York hospital on Wednesday, after a few days illness. Deceased was working on a roof and fell through a skylight sustaining injuries which resulted in his death. The remains will be brought to Napanee for interment. This is the first break in a family of ten children. Deceased was a native of Napanee, a former employee of Mr. M. S. Madole, and well known by most Napanee people. He was unmarried and about 45 years of age.

NELSON WALKER

Nelson Walker, an aged resident of Mill street, passed away on Saturday last, aged 72 years. Deceased was a life long resident of Napanee, and leaves besides his widow, a family of thirteen children, all of whom with the exception of one were home for the funeral. The children are Mrs. A. Murdoff, New York, Mrs. Carpenter, Mrs. Pringle, of Watertown, Mrs. D. Kelly and Misses Mabel and Cloe Walker, Napanee, Messrs. Amos, Robt. Wilson and George Walker, Watertown and Alonzo Walker at home. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon from his late residence. The remains were placed in Riverview cemetery vault.

FLORENCE MING.

Beloved wife of Mr. Milton J. Bates, Chicago, Ill., passed away in that city on Tuesday, after a short illness of peritonitis. Mrs. Bates was the only daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Edward Ming, Napanee, and had been married but a little over a year and a half. Before her marriage she was one of Napanee's most popular young ladies and her sudden demise brings sorrow to the hearts of many friends of the family. Dr. and Mrs. Ming were called to her bedside by a telegram on Monday but arrived a shortly after her death. The remains were brought to Napanee on Thursday and the funeral takes place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from her parent's residence, John Street, to the Western Methodist Church thence to Riverview cemetery. The deep sympathy of the community goes out to the sorrowing parents in their sad bereavement. The floral tributes were many and very beautiful.

GEORGE E. MAYBEE.

The funeral of the late George E. Maybee took place from his late residence on Sunday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. J. R. Conn. The floral tributes were numerous and very beautiful. A very large number of friends and acquaintances gathered to pay their last respects to

Food is
more tasteful,
healthful and nutri-
tious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made
from Royal Grape
Cream of Tartar

Made from
Grapes

Absolutely
PURE

PERSONALS

Mr. W. A. Grange was in Enterprise on Friday last.

Mr. W. S. Herrington was in Whitby on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Tessie O'Reilly spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Hungerford.

Mr. Casson Davey, of Yarker, was in Napanee last Wednesday.

Mr. S. P. Hinch, and son Wilfrid, of Carman, Man., left for home Sunday.

Mrs. Matthew Carroll, of Enterprise, was in town Friday.

Mr. J. L. Boyes made a trip to Toronto this week.

Miss Jean Gibson spent last Sunday with friends in Colebrooke.

Mr. Shell Joyce has sold his farm at Morven to his brother, Wm. Joyce, who will move there the 1st of April.

Mr. Robt. Thompson, Dr. G. C. T. Ward and Miss Allie Thompson, left on Thursday for Boston, Mass.

Mr. John Lowry left on Thursday for New York to bring back the body of the late Alex Lafferty.

Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly was visiting her sister in Brockville this week.

Mrs. Dewdney and Mrs. Douglas, of Toronto, are spending a few days in town.

Mrs. M. Hurst, of Toronto, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Herman Ming.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mitchell left off Tuesday for Preston, Man.

Mrs. Samuel Janes and daughter, Mrs. Chas. Goodsell, left this morning for Fort William.

Mr. W. N. Latimer suffered a stroke of paralysis on Wednesday, and is very ill.

Mrs. Bates, of Chicago, is here to attend the funeral of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. M. J. Bates.

Last week a beautiful memorial window was placed in the Presbyterian Church to the memory of the late Wm. Templeton. The subject is "The Ascension."

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Maybee, Madoc, attended the funeral of the late G. E. Maybee on Sunday.

Mr. Oscar Martin left for Govan, Sask., Monday with a car load of horses.

Mr. W. T. Gibbard left on Thursday on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mr. Harry B. Scott left last Wednesday for Calgary, after spending a couple of months with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Scott, Newburgh Road.

Mr. J. F. Diamond, Tamworth, was in town a few days this week.

Rev. T. F. Dowdell, Sydenham, was in town on Wednesday.

J. Connors, Madoc, who has been

MARRIAGES.

BOYLE—KIMMERLY—At Kingston, on Thursday, March 11th, 1909, by Rev. D. Macgillivray, J. H. Boyle, to Miss Addie Kimmerly, both of Napanee.

THOMPSON—LOGGIE—At Toronto, St. Augustine Rectory, on Jan. 30th, 1909, Geo. Thompson, Westmont, to Miss Lillian Loggie, Napanee.

DEATHS.

ALLEN—At Napanee, on Wednesday, March 17th, 1909, Mrs. Conger Allen.

BATES—At Chicago, on Tuesday, March 16th, 1909, Florence Ming, beloved wife of Mr. Milton Bates, of Chicago, aged 23 years, 10 months.

LAFFERTY—At New York, on Wednesday, March 17th, 1909, Alex Lafferty, aged 45 years.

MAYBEE—At Montreal, on Thursday, March 11th, 1909, George E. Maybee, aged 63 years.

OGDEN—At Adolphustown, on Wednesday, March 17th, 1909, Walter Ogden, aged 75 years.

RUSSELL—At Carrington, N. D., on Friday, March 12th, 1909, Margaret T. Russell, beloved wife of Mr. Percy Russell, aged 34 years, 8 months, 13 days.

WALKER—At Napanee, on Saturday, March 13th, 1909, Nelson Walker, aged 72 years.

Alabastine and Muresco.

Wallace's Drug Store has the special agency in Napanee for alabastine and muresco. Ask for color card—40c for large package.

DENBIGH.

Chas. P. Stein had the misfortune, while drawing logs in W. J. S. Lane's camp to get one of his legs and ankles badly jammed and will not be able to work yet for some time.

Mr. Gustav Adam also met with a serious loss, in losing one of his valuable young horses.

Miss Ida Warlick enjoyed a week visiting with friends in Raglan. Rev. Chas. Goodrich, of Odessa, a former resident and Councillor in this Municipality, spent a few days visiting old friends and former neighbors in the vicinity.

Rev. Mr. Irvine, of Flinton, who some nine or ten years ago faithfully attended to the spiritual needs of the scattered adherents to the church of England, also favored his old friends here with a call, and held a service in Slate Falls Settlement.

Mr. Wm. Warlick sold his team of horses and some of his other cattle. He got rather discouraged with farming in this part of the country, and intends to move with his family to Berlin, Ont., and to try town life for a while at least.

Reinhard Fritsch, who went to Sas-

Lord, are being held in St. Paul's church, Strathcona, on Thursday evening at 7.30.

The Power Stock Co. 3 Nights.

The Power Stock Company will open an engagement of three nights at the Brisco opera house, commencing Mar. 25th, presenting a brand new list of plays of a variety to suit everybody. The opening bill will be the screaming farce comedy "A Runaway Match" containing nothing but rich and whole-some comedy. Popular prices 15c, 25c and 35c.

MUST MOVE.

Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.

V. KOUBER,
Napanee.

The funeral of the late George E. Maybee took place from his late residence on Sunday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. J. R. Conn. The floral tributes were numerous and very beautiful. A very large number of friends and acquaintances gathered to pay their last respects to the dead and about sixty of the local Oddfellows attended the funeral, as deceased's sons are all Oddfellows.

GEORGE E. MAYBEE.

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WILLIAM C. ASSELSTINE.

The death of Wm. C. Asselstine in his 89th year, removes the youngest and last surviving member of a U. E. Loyalist family. His father, Isaac Asselstine, for loyalty to the British Crown was given a grant of land in the township of King, not very far from Toronto; this he sold and purchased land from the Crown at the head of Hay Bay in the township of South Fredericksburgh. Although of Dutch parentage and using the Dutch language and Dutch Bible in the family during the early part of their residence in this country, like many more of the same nationality he left his home in the "land of the free" to enjoy the security and liberty that is always found where the British flag is unfurled. The original purchase was added to till the family owned a valuable estate. This property has remained in the family for more than a century, and is now occupied by the fourth generation of the same name. The family of five sons and two daughters all settled and prospered in this country. Several of them located near Moscow and Wm. C. set his stakes down in the corner of Camden, at what is called Asselstine's Hill. There he spent many years of activity, making for himself a comfortable and hospitable home, and accumulating a nice property. When the burden of years forced him to resign his active business life, he retired to the town of Napanee to enjoy the fruits of his toil, where he was carefully cared for by his daughter, Della. His family are all worthy and respected members of society, Whitney on the homestead; Oscar at Marlbank; Wm. in Manitoba; Mrs. Weese at Centreville; Mrs. Clark in Picton and Della in Napanee. Honest, industrious, contented, and for many years a member of the Methodist church, he passed away peacefully and without any fears.

Agency for Kow Kure and Bag Balm at Wallace's Drug Store.

MORVEN.

Quite a number from here attended the sale at Gideon Garrison's, North Fredericksburgh, of farm implements. Charles Smith, son of E. M. Smith, has come to Boston.

Mrs. R. Lucas, Selby, is visiting at her brother's and sister's, Mr. and Mrs. Hall.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. John Clute gave them a surprise party on Tuesday night.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Mr. W. T. Gibbard left on Thursday on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mr. Harry B. Scott left last Wednesday for Calgary, after spending a couple of months with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Scott, Newburgh Road.

Mr. J. F. Diamond, Tamworth, was in town a few days this week.

Rev. T. F. Dowdell, Sydenham, was in town on Wednesday.

J. Connors, Marlbank, who has been in Kingston for some time, has been engaged as brakeman on the K and P. railway.

Rev. Purdy, of Selby, was a caller at our office on Tuesday.

Mr. E. R. Checkley, Yarker, was in Napanee on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Maybee, Kingston, were in town for a few days to attend the funeral of his father.

Mr. J. C. Long left on Monday for Grimsby to look on the country with a view to removing thence.

Mr. Charles Baker left on Sunday for Bath for a couple of week's visit at the homestead.

Horse Clipping Machines

For a small investment you can double your money in short time. Buy a Stewart machine from

BOYLE & SON,

England, also favored his old friends here with a call, and held a service in Slate Falls Settlement.

Mr. Wm. Warlick sold his team of horses and some of his other cattle. He got rather discouraged with farming in this part of the country, and intends to move with his family to Berlin, Ont., and to try town life for a while at least.

Reinhard Fritsch, who went to Saskatchewan a couple of years ago has returned to Denbigh with the intention to remain. He bought out his brother Otto's share in the family homestead here. Otto left yesterday for Webb, Sask., where he intends to reside and to improve a homestead he has acquired there.

Rev. J. Reble has been away over a week, holding services in Raglan, Quadville, Palmer Rapids and Maynooth, and getting acquainted with his Parishioners there.

Quite a number of our farmers who do not expect that the splendid sleighing we are yet having will last much longer, are away to Renfrew or Eganville after their season's supplies.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

LAMPS

The finest assortment of hanging, wall, stand and electric lamps we have ever had: at prices to suit all purchasers. Did you see our "special" \$1.00 fancy glass lamp, complete? The prettiest flint glass lamp chimney for 25 cents you have ever seen, at the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

"QUALITY"



SPRING O' COATS.

Call and see this extensive range we are showing in Silk Faced and Tweed O'Coats for spring. Also, the many designs in Cravenette Raincoats.

Graham & Vanaalstyne.



RUPTURE

Established 1866. Nearly Half a Century in Toronto, Ont

J. Y. EGAN, Specialist, Office -- WEST KING ST., P.O. BOX 201, TORONTO.

THE MOST RELIABLE and Successful Authority—Greatest success in the treatment of Hernia (Rupture) Varicocele (False Rupture) of all known agencies in modern times. He who makes a specialty of one department must certainly be more experienced and capable than those having "many irons in the fire." Don't put off your case, believing it to be simple—Remember neglect often proves fatal. Have your case attended to now, and thus avoid danger. Stop wasting time and money elsewhere, but come to one whose life-long study has taught him what to do. Do not despond or be deterred from seeking further advice, or because of repeated failures consider your case incurable. Because others failed in your case you have become discouraged. This is the very time you should consult me, as my reputation has been made in curing hopeless (so-called) cases. Come and have a talk with me.

LADIES suffering from any form of Rupture should not hesitate having their case attended to at once. Everything strictly professional. Write Toronto office for fuller particulars.

MOTHERS—Look to your children—have them cured, while young. Don't allow them to grow up handicapped in the race of life, with rupture. Reliability my guarantee.

MY CHARGES are within reach of all, the poor man as well as the rich. Terms can be satisfactorily arranged, no reason why you should not consult me at once, during this visit.

VARICOCELE FALSE RUPTURE

MEN OF ALL AGES SUFFER from this affliction. There is no affliction that so completely unfits man for the duties of life as Varicocele. The tendency of these conditions is to grow worse and more complicated—leading to nervous debility, wasting, lumbago, exhaustion, etc. Do you intend to allow this affliction to impair your vitality? It is doing so now and if not checked will result in the above conditions. No matter how serious your case may be, time afflicted, or the failure experienced in trying to be cured by medicine—free trials, or Electric belts—my Blotone system will cure. No temporary benefit, but a PERMANENT one. NO OPERATION necessary. No detention from business.

SPECIALIST WILL VISIT:

Belleville, Mar. 23-24. Picton, Mar. 25

NAPANEE, Paisley House, Friday Afternoon & Eve'g., 1 Day Only **MARCH 26**

Kingston, British American Hotel, March 27th.